Endless Horrors Of North Korea Are Pushing U.S. Into Policy Shift

By Kevin Sullivan and Mary Jordan

SEOUL - It is the latest keyhole view into North rea: emaciated, barefoot orphans sucking fish ses in a squalid outdoor market, women picking lice from each other's hair; men wading into a river to fish out the bodies of friends who had starved to death or been shot by border guards.

These scenes, a rare unfiltered view of life inside a starving country, were secretly filmed several months ago by a young defector who returned to his homeland with a high-tech camera hidden under his ragged }lothes.

Although the film is only a fleeting glimpse into the misery of a few hundred North Koreans, U.S. and South Korean officials have sifted through it looking for meaning. So little good information exists about North Korea that even a few minutes of shaky videotape are a valuable tool in the effort to figure out this improbably resilient and well-armed Stalinist fortress in East Asia.

Such fragments are among the evidence contribnting to one of the most important reassessments of U.S. policy toward North Korea since the end of the Korean War. Within the month, William Perry, the former U.S. defense secretary, is scheduled to deliver recommendations to President Bill Clinton for a new, more comprehensive approach toward the isolated, impoverished and often hostile state.

According to interviews with dozens of North Korea specialists in Tokyo, Seoul and Washington in the past month, the collage of images Mr. Perry has to consider paints a disturbing picture: that of a gangster state that produces and traffics in illegal drugs and counterfeit money, that sells missiles to Syria and Pakistan and threatens to make nuclear weapons while

tting millions of people starve.

The Clinton administration's response to the mene of North Korea is now a matter of intense debate. ashington has made Pyongyang a major recipient of manitarian aid, sending hundreds of millions of tons of food aid. It also continues to send multimilliondollar shipments of fuel oil as part of a 1994 agreement in which North Korea agreed to shut down its nuclearweapons program -- even though virtually no one believes it has stopped working on making nuclear

Many members of Congress, Republicans and Democrats, want the United States to deal with the North Korean leader, Kinp Jong II, the way it has with President Saddans Entered of Link with such and immistakable consequences for actions such as Pyotigyang's refusal to allow impressions of subjected imclear-weapons development sites.

But U.S. officials argue that engaging, rather than isolating, Pyongyang is still the wisest course. President Kim Dae Jung of South Korea is lobbying hard for Washington to follow his "sunshine policy" of trying to draw out North Korea.

Kim Dae Jung and Mr. Clinton agree that pushing a dungry and belligerent North Korea too hard could lead to unthinkably bloody consequences. They also say that North Korea has shown some positive response to courting by Washington and Seoul, agreeing to peace talks, allowing more foreign investment and sending some officials overseas to learn about in-

See KOREA, Page 11



DEVASTATING FIRE - Residents of a New Delhi shantytown searching Sunday for possessions in the remains of their homes. At least 26 people were killed and thousands made homeless when a four-hour fire engulfed the makeshift dwellings. Page 6.

Bankers Upbeat on Latin America's Future

By Alan Friedman

PARIS - Latin America will sink into recession is year, but the region is likely to stage a recovery in 2000 that could bring a faster return to growth than in the troubled countries of Asia, according to senior international financial officials.

"This will be a bad year in Latin America in terms of growth, but there are good reasons to expect a sustained recovery by the year 2000," said Enrique Iglesias, president of the Inter-American Development Bank.

Mr. Iglesias, whose forecast of 1999 growth in Latin America of between zero and 1 percent is

speaking on the eve of the annual meetings of the 46-member development bank, which begin Monday in the presence of some 5,000 delegates.

SPECIAL REPORT Latin America Market Review, Pages 8-9

Among the reasons cited by economists for a gloomy 1999 is the deep recession facing Brazil, the biggest Latin American economy, which has increased interest rates to 45 percent as part of a revised \$41.5 billion reform plan agreed last Monday with the International Monetary Fund. The

more optimistic than private-sector forecasts, was IMF expects that as Brazil seeks to slash public spending and contain inflation, its economy will shrink 4 percent this year, triggering recession in Argentina, its neighbor and key trading partner.

Elsewhere in Latin America, the effects of the Brazil crisis, the decline of Asia as an export market, record low commodity prices and a sharp drop in foreign investments and capital flows will make 1999 the worst year in nearly a decade.

Most economists expect the low level of oil prices to cause the Venezuelan economy to contract by about 2 percent because oil accounts for more than two-thirds of exports.

See OUTLOOK, Page 17

Indonesia Moves to Clean Up Banking Industry

By Atika Shubert

JAKARTA — The Indonesian government shut down 38 banks over the weekend in an effort to clean out the country's debt-ridden financial

The announcement came after a two-week delay in action had prompted fears that behind-the-scenes deal-making would sabotage the needed banking reforms.

Accompanied by officials of the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund, Indonesia's finance minister, Bambang Subianto, unveiled a

far-reaching plan that also calls for the gov- government was giving time to politically conernment to inject new capital into nine ailing nected banks to pump up their capitalization and banks and take over seven more in an effort to rehabilitate several of the country's larger financial institutions.

Hubert Neiss, the IMF's Asia-Pacific director, noted that the plan had "politically sensitive implications," but gave it his full endorsement.

"The government should be commended for the extensive work done and for taking the difficult decisions of closures, recapitalization and government takeovers based on objective and transparent criteria," Mr. Neiss said.

The delay, which stirred criticism that the

thereby be saved from liquidation, also sparked rumors that fewer than 20 banks would be

But the World Bank, which recently assessed the country's economic reforms as "slow and halting," applauded the bank closings as "taking the necessary difficult decisions."

Three of the banks that were closed are owned by relatives of former president Suharto, who stepped down last May during mass rioting and student

See INDONESIA, Page 17

EU Commission's Future At Stake in Fraud Inquiry

By Barry James International Herald Tribune

BRUSSELS - Twenty unelected officials who each earn as much as the president of the United States face an encomfortable day Monday with the publication of a report from an invesrigation into corruption, waste, cronyism and repotism at the European Commission, which officials fear could be damaging.

A negative report by an independent committee could lead to pressure from the 626-member European Parliament for the resignation of some or all of the government-appointed commissioners, which would be unprecedented in the history of the European Union. The investigation was established after the Parliament failed in January to remove the commissioners. the commissioners on charges of cor-

ruption and mismanagement.

Eight commissioners appeared before the investigating committee. The nose me investigating committee. The most vulnerable appears to be the former French prime minister Edith Cresson, who is in charge of research, education, youth and training.

Officials said she might be held re-

sponsible for hiring an outside agency that allegedly squandered millions of dollars earmarked for a youth training program, although there is no suggestion that she benefited personally from this.

According to members of Parliament,

Newsstand Prices Bahrain _____1.000 BD Malta_ Pinland 12:00 FM Clater 10:00 CR Gibrellar 5:0.85 Rep. tretand R E1:10 Greet Britain UK £1:00 Saudi Arabia 10 SR DE 5.50 S. Africa. R18 incl VAT Jordan 1250 JO (LAE 10.00 Dr. Kenya K SH 160 U.S. ME (ELT.) \$120 Kuweit 700 Fis Zmbebwa Zm.\$40.00 she also arranged a commission contract for a dentist from the French town where she formerly served as mayor -

he wrote a report on AIDS, not his specialty—and for his son.

Mrs. Cresson's response to the allegations was: "Should we only work with people we have never met?"

The five members of the committee, all of them high-level auditors, met Sunday evening to add the final touches to their report, which will be handed to the commission and the European Parliament late Monday. So far there have

been no leaks of its contents. The president of the commission, Jacques Santer, convened an extraordinary meeting of the body for Monday evening. He promised that the members would take heed of the inquiry's find-ings, whether they concerned individual commissioners or the entire body.

Mr. Santer has said he expects commissioners to accept the political consequences of a negative finding by the investigating committee - an oblique way of declaring that they should resign if found guilty. This was a retreat from his earlier position that the commission stood or fell as a single college.

See EU, Page 5

AGENDA **Gunmen in Dublin Wound 6 at Game** DUBLIN (Reuters) — Two gun-men on a motorbike rode onto an Irish soccer field sunday, wounding six of them, the police said. The gummen shot five players and a spectator before fleeing the field at Cloudalkin, an area of Dublin. All six

were taken to the hospital.

are not life-threatening."

"The injuries are not serious," a spokesman for the police said. "They

The police said they knew of no

They said that they believed that

motive for the attack and had no sus-

just one weapon had been used, a shotgun, and that both people on the motorbike were men. The assailants

The soccer match was an adult contest, a police spokesman said. "It wasn't a big match or anything," the

spokesman said. "It was a small dis-

trict league or something like that, only 100 or 200 spectators."

were wearing motorcycle helmets.



MOURNING IN ISTANBUL - A relative of one of the 13 people killed in a store firebombing being comforted Sunday outside a morgue in Istanbul's Goztepe district. A group vowing revenge for the capture of the Kurdish rebel Abdullah Ocalan took responsibility. Page 5.

Mahathir Scores Victory in Key Election

a decisive victory in the Sabah state election over the weekend, bolstering the federal government's position and

The governing coalition of Prime fueling speculation that Mr. Mahathir Minister Mahathir bin Mohamad scored a decisive victory in the Sabah state election over the weekend, bolstering how difficult it will be to end Mr. Mahathir's 18-year rule. Page 6.

As NATO Nears 50, Russia Sees Little Cause for Joy

Page 17.

Page 10.

Page 4, 12.

By Michael R. Gordon New York Times Service

MOSCOW — If the diplomats of NATO get their way, the 50th birthday party of the alliance in Washington next month will be replete with post-Cold War symbolism, featuring top Russian officials in its large cast to demonstrate just how well the old enemies now

There is just one small problem — Russia has not yet decided whether it wants to participate.

The Kremlin, playing as hard-to-get as ever, says it might dispatch a senior representative to the celebration, but only if a rupture is avoided over the Kosovo crisis and only if limits are put on the number

of alliance troops that can be rushed during a crisis to Poland, the Czech Republic or Hungary, the three former members of the Soviet bloc that joined the

North Atlantic Treaty Organization on Friday.

Almost two years after NATO and Russia sealed a much-advertised cooperation agreement, the two sides

Germany now surrounded by allies. Page 4.

are still fighting old battles over the enlargement of the

Despite the obvious weaknesses of the Russian military machine, the factors of its nuclear muscle and the superpower mentality of its foreign-policy elite

seem destined to ensure that those battles will grow no less rancorous with time.

Seeking to reassure a Russia still unhappy about NATO's enlargement, the alliance has confidentially proposed to limit troop deployments to bolster Poland, the Czech Republic or Hungary in an emergency. The two divisions that could be dispatched to each of these nations, under the Western plan, would be equivalent to a light army corps with about 460 tanks.

The Russians want to limit such deployments to a

division or even less.

"The Russian strategy, however, is to undermine NATO effectiveness," said Sergei Karaganov of the swer will be given in Paris."

See NATO, Page 11

To Right on **Economy** Government Pledges To Seek Deeper Cuts In Corporate Taxes

Signals Turn

Schroeder

By John Schmid

FRANKFURT — The government of Chancellor Gerhard Schroeder, wasting little time after the surprise resignation last week of the left-leaning finance minister, Oskar Lafontaine, signaled a conservative shift over the

"Things will obviously be different Bodo Hombach, Mr. Schroeder's chief of staff, said on German television Sunday. "We have to move in a different direction.'

Sounding a more industry-friendly tone, Economics Minister Werner Mueller promised to seek deeper reductions in the nation's high corporate tax burden than Mr. Lafontaine wanted.

"It would be a signal for the industry for an upturn and lead to more invest-Mr. Mueller told the weekly magazine Focus in an edition to appear Monday.

The newspaper Welt am Sonntag separately reported that the Social Democratic-led government had discarded demands by its coalition partners, the antinuclear Greens party, to shut down three or four of Germany's 19 nuclear-power stations during its four-year term as a first step toward complete withdrawal from nuclear power.

Mr. Schroeder's allies in the socalled economic-modernizer wing of his center-left party used a blitz of weekend media interviews to change the tone of industrial policy after a firestorm of protest over Mr. Lafontaine's tax and wage programs helped precipitate the minister's sudden departure Thursday.

But responsibility for steering Bonn's troubled government falls squarely on Mr. Schroeder after the loss of Mr. Lafontaine, who took the brunt of the criticism for what critics have called policy chaos for much of the time since the Social Democrats won the German election in September.

Mr. Lafontaine was the architect of the government's tax plan, which would shift new burdens onto industry. Critics said Mr. Lafontaine had failed to understand that Germany's export-dependent economy would suffer in the age of globalization if business took on a greater tax and wage burden. During his short tenure, however, Mr. Lafontaine was able to dominate issues with his twofold authority as chairman of the Social Democratic Party and finance

After three days of self-imposed isolation, Mr. Lafontaine fired back at his critics Sunday. Blaming his abrupt departure on disarray in the administration, he denied that he had resigned because of "the direction of policy."

Instead, he said as he emerged from his home in Saarbruecken and read a statement to reporters camped out in the

See GERMANY, Page 17

Kosovo Talks **Set to Resume In Hard Mood**

By Craig R. Whitney
New York Times Service

PARIS — When peace talks on Kosovo resume here Monday, not only the fate of the province's 2 million people but also the credibility of European diplomacy and the NATO military alliance will hang in the balance, Euro-pean and American officials say. France and Britain, which are leading the talks, plan to give Serbian and ethnic

Albanian negotiators only two to three days to accept the international peace plan for autonomy in Kosovo, worked out last month, or to face the consequences, according to allied offi-

But the allied resolve hangs on final acceptance of the plan by ethnic Al-banian military commanders who have been battling with government forces for independence of the southern Serbian province, where 90 percent of the population is ethnic Albanian.

The proposed accord offers Kosovo autonomy for the next three years but leaves its fate after that uncertain.

The head of the Yugoslav delegation, Deputy Prime Minister Ratko Markovic, vowed in Paris that his country would never yield Kosovo except under force.]

A key Kosovo Liberation Army negotiator, Hashim Thaci, said before leaving for France, "The definitive an-

See KOSOVO, Page 11

By John F. Burns

RAN, Algeria --- A weak winter sun was rising over the Bay of Algiers as passengers in Algiers began boarding Train 1001 for Oran, 470 kilometers to the west along a route through a region in the Atlas Mountains made dangerous by years of attacks by Islamic rebels.

Just before departure, security men checking baggage for bombs cleared a path for 30 paramilitary policemen marching past with an armory of rifles and machine guns. As the men took up positions in the train's 11 cars, their commander took two foreigners aside for what amounted to a battlefront briefing.

"Don't leave your seats without one of my troops," he said, "and don't enter the first three carriages -- they are empty in case we hit a bomb. Our government has allowed you to travel because the dangers are much reduced. But it is not for nothing that Algerians call this the Train of Death."

In the 1990s, life in Algeria has been dis-

figured by massacres of entire villages, bomb-ings in restaurants and cafés, and killings of artists, theater directors, journalists, scholars and others judged to have offended Islamic mores. No road has been safe from roadblocks set up by the rebels, who have stopped cars, then shot the occupants or cut their throats.

But few experiences have been as unnerving as riding Train 1001. On its seven-hour run on the 285 miles from Algiers to Oran, the country's second-largest city, it has been attacked at least 25 times, usually with land mines.

Dozens of passengers have been killed, and scores more wounded. In the mid-1990s the government's inability to halt the attacks became a symbol of widening chaos.

But now, with government troops prevailing in the conflict. Train 1001 has become a new kind of symbol, of an Algeria working its way back from the brink.

After years of running half-empty, the train is full again and runs safely for months at a time. Reflecting their new confidence, the military authorities who are Algeria's real rulers have

begun allowing visiting journalists to make the trip. In the years before the Islamic insurgency began in 1992, the train was a tourist draw. It linked two Mediterranean cities, Algiers and Oran, that are redolent in their whitewashed palaces and villas of the French colonial past. And it served as a panorama of Algerian history, running through towns that were Carthaginian, Roman, Spanish and Turkish in the 2,500 years before France became the ruling power in 1832.

But even with the threat much reduced, few passengers today seem disposed to ponder the mosaic of Algeria's past. As the train headed into the Mitidja region, where the route rises into the Atlas range and runs through areas where Islamic rebels remain active, most of the travelers fell silent, leaving the

By Marilyn Berger

who broke into show business as a saxophone-playing high school dropout and

went on to write "Born Yesterday."

direct "The Diary of Anne Frank" and

become the co-writer of two classic

movies, died Saturday at his home in

In a life filled with work -- "I become

physically ill if I don't work for three

days," he once said - Mr. Kanin wrote

or directed 32 plays, acted in 8, worked on 29 films and wrote more than a dozen

books of liction and nonfiction, as well as

hundreds of short stories and articles that

For most of his life, Mr. Kanin and his

Kanin and Miss Gordon wrote five

were translated into many languages.

Manhattan after a lengthy illness.

NEW YORK -- Garson Kanin, 86,



An Algerian paramilitary police officer patrolling the aisles of Train 1001. Islamic rebels have attacked the train at least 25 times.

conductor, Dahman Fenni, to catch the mood. 'We Muslims believe in destiny," he said. "So whether we die in our beds or on this train, it's all the

Mr. Fenni, 45, a former amateur boxer, chuckled as if he did not quite believe his own words. "Well," he said, "I come se it's the to admit that those of us who make this journey for a living may be testing God's patience just a little."

In a landscape of deep valleys and rushing rivers, among orange and lemon groves and vineyards planted by the French, evidence of past attacks lay strewn beside the track. Among the twisted wreckage of rail cars blasted by bombs, the rebels have left

graffiti celebrating their attacks. "The government is led by infidels," said one.

Garson Kanin, Writer and Director, Dies Breath Tests Planned

"The GIA was here!" said another, using the French acronym for the Armed Islamic Group, the most violent of the rebel groups. Another said simply, "In the name of Allah."

Not surprisingly in a country where the government has a history of intolerance toward its critics.

its critics, few of the passengers seemed eager to talk to strangers about the conflict, especially when the questions invited opinions about the

A presidential election called for April 15 will give Algeria's 16 million voters a chance to choose between a candidate backed by the generals and a range of opposition candidates, but few people are ready to say openly whom

they intend to support.
"Are you crazy?" said Nasser Benfatma.

27. Do you want me to go to jail?' An architecture graduate who despaired of getting a professional position in the severely depressed economy, Mr. Benfatma took up what Algerians call trabendo, small-time trading in the marketplaces of Algiers and Oran. On

this trip, he carried a suitcase full of suede jackets bought on a trip to Istanbul.

Like many young Algerians — 70 percent of the 28 million people are under 30 — he said his first choice would be to emigrate. 'Look, what interests me is America," he

said. "Can you get me a visa? If not, let's talk about Disneyland, or Coca-Cola, or blue jeans. That will cheer me up.

F THERE is a wariness about open political discussion, there was little reserve in condemning the rebels. Mr. Fenni, the con-ductor, said the rebels had exhausted their

support among Algerians with their violence.
"I am all for democracy," he said. "All good men are. But these Islamists, what are they offering us? They attack people in their homes, they burn down schools, they blow up trains, they cut people's throats. That's not democracy, and it certainly isn't Islam."

Many of the passengers were drawn from Algeria's poor, the class that provided the strongest support for the Islamic Salvation Front, a hard-line Islamic group, when it scored a landslide in the first round of voting in the 1991 national election.

After the generals canceled the election, the armed wing of the Islamic Salvation Front began the war. In 1997 the group negotiated a cease-fire with the government, but a splinter group, the Armed Islamic Group, has continued its attack, though at a diminished level.

Abdelkader Nedjoum, a 68-year-old traveler, said market-oriented economic reforms by the government in the last decade had stripped him of his job as a laborer on a collective farm. Like many of Algeria's have-nots, he takes no side in the war.

What can I know of those people?" he said, referring to the generals and the rebels. "I am an illiterate man. All I know is, I support anybody who gives me a daily ration of bread."

In 'Air Rage' Fight

LONDON - Passengers suspec-

ted of having had one drink too

many will receive a breath test be-

fore they board planes under plans

to tackle "air rage," The Sunday

thought to have overindulged was

one of the ideas discussed by Bri-

tain's Civil Aviation Authority,

which is working with the govern-

ment on ways to bandle unruly air

Although airline personnel already can deny boarding to any-

one they think is drunk, they say

they often do not have time to make

that determination, and sometimes a

passenger's state of intoxication can

opening up the field of erotic folklore to

scholarly study in the 1960s and '70s,

died Feb. 23 at a hospital near his home

Mr. Legman is best known as the

author of a two-volume psychoanalytic

in Opio, France. He was 81.

It said compulsory tests for people

Telegraph reported.

be well hidden.

Chinese Spying Fallout: It's Political, Above All

By Tim Weiner New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — A spy worms his way into a delicate niche of U.S. military intelligence. He steals its secrets and sells them to another government. His treachery inflicts the gravest damage to U.S. national security.

Another spy sets out to puriou a foreign government's trade secrets. The foreign government smells a rat, sets a trap that snares the spy, her boss, his deputy and two colleagues and sends

them all packing.
In the first case, the spy was Jonathan
Pollard, working for Israel. In the second case, the spies were working for the CIA, and their target was France.

Both cases caused political thunder-storms. But like most storms, they passed without permanently altering the landscape. The United States and Israel remain close, and Washington and Paris are amiable after a fashion, a couple reconciled after an infidelity.

Now assume, as one well might, that China — no ally — has been caught spying on the United States.

A Chinese-American has been fired from the Los Alamos nuclear laboratory in ANALYSIS

New Mexico, suspected of swiping bomb blue-prints, though he has not been charged. Beijing stands accused of suborning Chinese-Americans for treason, using its embassies as dens of espionage, filching a recipe for miniaturizing nakes.

And the White House is being flayed by Republicans in Congress - or runn for president -- who say President Bill Clinton's administration turned a blind eye to Chinese military and intelligence threats, deep-sixed the Los Alamos case and sold out national security concerns to a mercantile foreign policy driven by campaign-contributing corporations and

sharly Chinese middlemen.

The political charges are as powerful as tabloid headlines: Atom spies! Nuclear scandal!

What effect will this have on U.S. politics? Potentially plenty, since a presidential campaign is looming and exciting foreign policy issues are scarce.

And what effect will this have on U.S. diplomacy, with a summit meeting com-

ing between the world's most powerful nation and its most populous one? "Practically zero," said Donald Gregg, a former CIA station chief and

deputy national security adviser to President George Bush.

James Lilley, a former CIA station chief and ambassador in Beijing, said:

"Espionage is largely separate from the mainstream of foreign policy. You compartment it, you keep demagoguery out of it, you investigate, you nail the spy and you punish him, and you move on." Former Secretary of State Henry Kis- of Mosul," the spokesman said.

to understand that major countries are going to be spying on us. I'm assuming that we are spying on China. That should not in itself affect diplomatic relations."

In other words, grow up, America. The world these days is driven by money, not ideology. And national interests, not angels and devils, are what motivate intelligence strategies and in-

ternational relations in general. So, these old hands say, the Los Alamos case is likely to gradually decay into the background of the continuous, contentious chatter between the United States and the Middle Kingdom - if

diplomacy's logic prevails. At the same time it could become a lightning rod. "On top of human rights, trade, the Chinese aiming missiles against Taiwan, Chinese views of future warfare - put that into a presidential campaign, and you have a problem," Mr. Lilley said. Mr. Kissinger said,

"You cannot open a newspaper without reading an attack on China. It's a nostalgia for confrontation.' For those in search of enemies, China

makes a decent target. Its spy services, its army and its state industries all show "exceptional interest" in buying or stealing U.S. technology to modernize study of sexual and scatological humor, its backward military, the Pentagon "Rationale of the Dirty Joke," and as an says. China spies on the United States New York Timer Service industrious anthologist of limericks.
Gershon Legman, a self-taught scholar of dirty jokes and bawdy limericks and ballads who played a pivotal role in Ohio University in 1963.

Industrious anthologist of limericks.
He also said he coined the slogan weapons are capable, at least in theory, of mining Los Angeles and Seattle into smoking, radiating ruins. smoking, radiating ruins.

WEATHER

But how real is that threat? China's. nuclear arsenal is not much more potent than America's was when Mao Zedongtook charge 50 years ago, and U.S. deterrent power is overwhelming. And if the Chinese did steal the trick of miniatmizing nuclear weapons, there is no evidence yet that they have figured out how to deploy that force in a way that. alters the strategic balance.

Still, a smaller, smarter Chinese bomb could undercut U.S. interests in Asia. When China rattles its shorter-range missiles, Taiwan and Japan listen.

Now a clamor is rising for tighter security at the U.S. laboratories, where Chinese espionage presents a unique problem. It exclusively uses ethnic Chinese operatives, in large numbers, each supposed to gather a tiny piece of a puzzle. "You are looking at an individual" collecting one small part one time, and you don't have the quality of case that our' country will take to prosecute as far as espionage," said one senior FBI official: — which may explain why there have been no arrests in the Los Alamos case.

■ Berger Defends U.S. Response

Brian Knowlton of the International-Herald Tribune reported: Samuel (Sandy) Berger, the national security adviser, said he had no intention

of resigning over the issue of Chinesespying at Los Alamos, despite calls by some members of Congress. On NBC's "Meet the Press" on Sunday, Mr. Berger defended the early re-

sponse to reports of a possible spy at Los-Alamos, saying, "I think that we acted appropriately. I think we acted swiftly." He said he was "sure" Mr. Clinton, would raise the issue when he met with. Prime Minister Zhu Rongji of China in-Washington next month.

U.S. Jets Strike **Again at Sites** In North Iraq

ANKARA - U.S. aircraft attacked Iraqi air defenses in the no-flight zone over northern Iraq on Sunday, according to a spokesman at the Incirlik base in southern Turkey from which the jets-

He said the planes dropped an undisclosed number of bombs after "aircraft observed Iraqi anti-aircraft artillery; fire and detected Iraqi radar posing a threat to coalition aircraft."

"F-15E Strike Eagles dropped GBU-12 laser-guided bombs on several antiaircraft artillery sites northwest and west-

er said: "We should be adult enough In Baghdad, Iraq said Sunday that Western warplanes had attacked military and civilian facilities in the north; and south of the country. A militaryspokesman, quoted by the official Iraqi. News Agency, did not report any cas-

Such strikes have been common since Iraq decided in December to oppose U.S. and British jets patrolling the no-flightzones in the northern and southern regions of the country.

The jets flying out of the Incirlik airbase patrol a mountainous Kurdish-held enclave and a swath of Baghdad-controlled territory around the city of Mo-

On Friday, jets from Incirlik also. struck anti-aircraft artillery sites after: detecting Iraq radar tracking the air-

Iraq does not recognize the Westernenforced no-flight zones set up in 1991 after the Gulf War to try to protect the Kurdish area in the north and Shitte Muslims in the south from attack by-

■ Iraq Executes 8 for Killings

Eight Iraqi men were executed Sat-urday for killing two senior Shiite Muslim clerics last year and attacking another. The Associated Press reported Sunday from Baghdad, quoting Al Jumhuriya, the state run Iraqi daily. The men were hanged Saturday, the

paper said. It did not say when or where the trial was held.

::!ms together, including "Adam's Rib" (1949) and "Pat and Mike" (1952), both directed by George Cukor. Mr. Kanin directed the Broadway musical "Funny Girl." starring Barbra

of which started Spencer Tracy and Katharine Hepburn. Mr. Kanın, a compact, restless man of almost ascetic thinness who neverthe-🙉 loved good food, was born in

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ochester, New York, on Nov. 24, 1912. He moved with his family to Detroit and finally to New York.

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In 1935, he heard there was an open-

borrowed money from a friend, the actor Sam Levene, to have his hair dyed and showed up for the audition.

graphy that an actor turned up who was just right" for the part. "He was so bright and so imaginative that I took to him immediately," he wrote. "His name was Garson Kanin.

The playwright Thornton Wilder became another mentor. "He certainly was the one who told me that I should write," Mr. Kanin said. "That had never oc-curred to me. He finally told me he thought I was ready to write a play.

After serving in the army in World War II, Mr. Kanin in 1946 wrote the play "Born Yesterday," which won a Pulitzer prize. He directed Judy Holliday first wife, the actress Ruth Gordon, were in a funny and touching portrayal of the a team. They were feisty, argumentative not-so-dumb blonde mistress of a tycollaborators as playwrights and a strikingly close couple for 43 years. She died coon. In three years on Broadway, she never played to an empty seat.

Miss Holliday won an Oscar for her performance in the 1950 movie version,

Streisand, which became a hit in 1964. In his later years, he concentrated on books and articles. "Remembering Mr. Maugham" (1966), a memoir of a long friendship with the writer Somerset Maugham; "Tracy and Hepburn"

(1971), another reminiscence, and

ing in a George Abbott play, "Ladies' "Hollywood" (1974), with its funny Money," for an actor with red hair. He and loving portrait of Samuel Goldwyn. "Hollywood" (1974), with its funny were all products of his habit of writing down what he heard. In 1990, when he was 76, Mr. Kanin

Mr. Abbott wrote in his autobio- married the actress Marian Seldes, a longtime friend and colleague Wolf Ulrich von Hassell, 85;

German Diplomat Fought Hitler New York Times Service Wolf Ulrich von Hassell, 85, a former

West German ambassador to the United Nations who helped the German resistance to Hitler during World War II and oversaw his country's postwar transition to full membership in international organizations, died at his home in Southampton, New York, on March 3. His family attributed his death to complications from emphysema.

Mr. von Hassell's father, Ulrich von Hassell, was executed by the Nazis in 1944 for his involvement in a plot to overthrow Hitler. During Mr. von Hassell's tenure as ambassador and deputy head of mission to the United Nations, from 1971 to 1978, the Federal Republic of Germany regained its status as a full member rather than observer.

Gershon Legman, 81; Scholar Of Limericks and Dirty Jokes

TRAVEL UPDATE

India-Pakistan Bus Service Is Set NEW DELHI (AP) - Tickets for the first bus service between India and Pakistan in 50 years have gone on sale and received an enthusiastic response.

The first buses filled with ordinary Indians and Pakistanis will leave Tuesday, with one going from New Delhi to Labore, Pakistan, and the other leaving Labore for New Delhi. The bus service will run four times a week.

Pilgrims Flowing to Saudi Arabia

RIYADH (Reuters) - Almost half a million Muslims have arrived in Saudi Arabia for the annual hajj or pilgrimage to Mecca, and safety measures were in place to try to prevent tragedies such as those that have marred the ritual in past years. A blaze in 1997 killed 343 people, and an estimated 119 died in a stampede last year.

The pilgrimage reaches its climax this year on March 26, with the climb to Mount Arafat, site of the Prophet Mohammad's last sermon 14 centuries ago.

This Week's Holidays

Banking and government offices may be closed or services curtailed in the following countries and their dependencies this week because of national and religious holidays: MONDAY: Belarus, Hungary, Liberia.

WEDNESDAY: Northern Ireland. THURSDAY: Indonesia, Kuwait, FRIDAY: Costa Rica, Malta, Spain, Venezuela SATURDAY: Azerbaijan, Iran, Japan, Tunisia. SUNDAY: Azerbaijan, Iran, Kazakhsian, Kyrgyzsian, Me outh Africa, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Uzbek

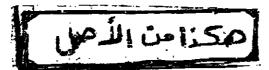
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THE AMERICAS

Dole and Bush: Famous Names, but There's a Flip Side

By Richard L. Berke New York Times Service

2 Fall

DES MOINES, Iowa — Announcing her presidential exploratory committee here last week, Elizabeth Dole invoked the last Republican hero, Ronald Reagan. Three days earlier, presenting his own committee in Austin, Texas, Governor George Bush mentioned he first Republican hero, Abraham Lincoln.

Neither made even a reference to two of the biggest names in Republican politics today, who also happen to be their most prominer supporters: former Senator Bob Dole and former President George Bush, respectively. Both were conspicuously absent from the

The closest Mr. Dole came to appearing with his wife was in one of seven blown-up photographs that served as the backdrop. Mr. Reagan got equal billing: There was a photograph of him and Mrs. Dole.

A Bush or a Dole has appeared on every Republican presidential ticket since 1976. But by distancing themselves from their family members, the latest Bush and Dole candidates demonstrate the complications — the drawbacks as well as advantages - of belonging to political dynasties.

Despite their individual accomplishments, Mrs. Dole and Mr. Bush would not be such hot tickets - they are swamping the Republican field in early polls — were it not for their pedigrees. Behind the scenes, they have been

eagerly tapping into their families' extended financial and political networks.

Asked the obligatory questions by reporters about his father, Mr. Bush repeated his wellpracticed reply after his announcement last week: "I inherited half his friends and all his enemies. I'm working on the other half of his friends - and trying to peel off a few of his

For all the voters who regard the Bush and Dole names as famous, there are others who view them as infamous. So the two newest national contenders are forced to make a purely political calculation: How closely do they want to be identified with losers? Who can forget that Mr. Dole, the former Senate Republican leader, suffered a humiliating defeat to President Bill Clinton in 1996? Or that former President Bush was ousted from office by Mr. Clinton in 1992?

"The trick is very straightforward, to try to get all the benefits of the famous name and none of the negatives," said Nelson Warfield, Mr. Dole's press secretary in the 1996 campaign.

losing campaign leaves bad memories, so too much 'deja Dole' can hurt her."

Both candidates are sensitive to the suggestion that they are riding on familial coattails. Mr. Bush, who earned \$14 million from a minority investment in the Texas Rangers baseball team, is a widely popular governor in his own right, Mrs. Dole served in five administrations, twice in the cabinet.

Americans "are a robustly anti-dynastic culture," said Tony Dolan, Mr. Reagan's former chief speech writer, who recently met with the elder Bush in Texas. "George W. has to make clear that he doesn't think he has a right to inheritance."

Mrs. Dole's newly hired pollster, Linda DiVall, distinguished her candidate from another spouse of a famous politician, Hillary Rodham Clinton, who is toying with running for the U.S. Senate from New York. "She is not running because she is the

spouse or out of any sense of entitlement - or what we see with Hillary Clinton," Ms.

In personality, the candidates cannot be accused of being spinoffs of their more celebrated - in some cases, scomed - kin. Mrs.

The spotlight would not be nearly as bright for Blizzbeth if her last name were Doyle. But any a regimented perfectionist. Her husband, a veteran politician, is known for his looser,

seat-of-the-pants approach.

Bristling at contrasts to his father, Mr. Bush cited his distinct upbringing and achievements. "I went to Sam Houston Elementary School in Midland, Texas," he said last week. "And he went to Greenwich Country Day in Connecticut," Mr. Bush said. "He was never a governor, and, therefore, it's hard to get an

apples-to-apples comparison.'
The faiture of Mrs. Dole and Mr. Bush to define themselves politically has left Republicans searching for hints. That Richard Darman, President Bush's budget director, has been nowhere to be seen in Governor Bush's organization has sent a signal that the governor has a more conservative economic philosophy. Many conservatives blame Mr. Darman for talking the president into the politically fatal tax increase in 1990.

From the opposite perspective, many con-servatives groused last week about Mrs. Dole's hiring of Ms. DiVall because she has worked for Planned Parenthood and the National Education Association, which are seen as liberal organizations. Ms. DiVall says she has also had many conservatives on her client roster.

An Executive Psychiatrist?

WASHINGTON — In the aftermath of the Monica Lewinsky scandal, people are wondering what can be done to prevent such a mess from ever occurring again. For one thing, lawmakers are poised to eliminate, or at least eviscerate, the Office of the Independent Counsel.

But how about an Office of the Independent Counselor

stead? Some suggest that to address the problem of White House residents who can't control their darker impulses, the country needs a psychiatrist or psychologist on call for chief executives, their families and top aides. The point was underscored by George Stephano-poulos's revelation in a memoir last week that he received psychiatric help and mood-elevating medication to treat

anxiety and depression while he was Mr. Clinton's spokesman. "Mental and emotional health treatment is the last political taboo," Mr. Stephanopoulos said.

Mr. Stephanopoulos wouldn't say whether he would lobby for an presidential psychiatrist. The White House also declined to comment on the notion — even though

the Clinton administration has championed greater access to mental-health care for all Americans.

Fred Greenstein, a former president of the International Society for the Study of Political Psychology, considers the presidency too important to be deprived of immediate psychological support. "Would you rather have someone who is untreated with his finger on the button or someone who had some place to vent?" Mr. Greenstein asked. Robert Gilbert, author of "The Mortal Presidency:

Illness and Anguish in the White House," seconds the idea. Mr. Gilbert says the White House medical office, now staffed by five doctors, could include a psychiatrist. "As attitudes toward mental dysfunction change, presidents might find mental health specialists in the White House increasingly useful," he writes. "They would be able to receive treatment for psychological distress in a routine way, and the country might be spared an emo-tionally disabled or impaired chief executive." (NYT)

Welfare Deal May See Changes

WASHINGTON — Three years ago, Congress made a deal with the states: The governors would assume full responsibility for administering welfare, and the federal government would provide \$16.4 billion a year to pay for it. But now the Senate is proposing to renege on the deal, and the governors are furious.

Senate appropriators want to use \$350 million of the welfare block grants to offset the cost of providing disaster relief aid to Central America. Republican Governor Tommy Thompson of Wisconsin, a leader in state welfare-reform efforts, said the Senate had "unilaterally betrayed a promise that the House and Senate leadership made personally to me from day one."

The issue is caught up in the first major budget showdown of the year between the Republican Congress and the Clinton administration, and Republicans have not even been able to agree among themselves. Rather than tampering with the welfare funds, House appropriators favor cutting other programs to offset the cost of the emergency relief legislation. The House Ways and Means Committee Chairman, Bill Archer, Republican of Texas, called the Senate approach "breaking a trust."

Senate Appropriations Committee aides argue that the committee is not cutting but only "deferring" states' abilities to spend unused 1997 and 1998 funds until 2002. But welfare directors insist that the deferral is a cut and



•U.S. prisons and jails held a record 1.8 million inmates last year, meaning one out of every 150 Americans was behind bars, the Justice Department reported Sunday. The national jail population was 41 percent white, 41 percent African American, 16 percent Hispanic and 2 percent others. Men accounted for 89 percent of the total. (Reuters)

 A woman who allowed a male stripper to perform at her 15-year-old daughter's Halloween party in Pleasanton, California, has been sentenced to three years of probation. Carye McGrath, 39, was also was ordered to apologize in writing to the parents of other partygoers, undergo psycholog-cal counseling, perform 240 bours of community service and pay a \$350 fine.

 A bomb exploded outside an abortion clinic in Asheville, North Carolina, causing no injuries and little damage because it did not fully detonate. The bomb went off about a half hour



6 CHILDREN DIE IN FIRE — A firefighter in St. Louis, Missouri, calling for help at a second-story window as he battled a blaze. Six children were (AP) killed, the authorities said. Arson is suspected.

No Airport Bomb but a Scare

FBI Investigates Ex-Transportation Official in Ohio

By Glenn Kessler Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - A former Transportation Department inspector general is under investigation for allegedly trying to check higgage that contained what appeared to be a disassembled fake bomb, people familiar with the situation said.

The discovery of the bag Friday night at the Columbus, Ohio, airport led to the evacuation of hundreds of people from a concourse and the closure of one of two runways for four hours, the police said.

The former inspector general, Mary Schiavo, warns of lax aviation safety in a bestselling book, "Flying Blind, Flying Safe," which she wrote after she left the federal government in 1996. She also appears frequently on television to comment on air safety. In January, on an ABC news program, Ms. Schiavo said she had checked "fake bomb equipment" at the same airport, but 'didn't get it on planes.'

Richard Morgan, director of public safety at Port Columbus International airport, said we are doing a criminal investigation now" involving the FBI and the Federal Aviation Administration. Ms. Schiavo is "one of the names mentioned as being involved," Mr. Morgan said, adding that investigators would interview her. No charges have been filed.

Ms. Schiavo was at the airport at the time of the discovery with a film crew from a local TV station, Mr. Morgan said.

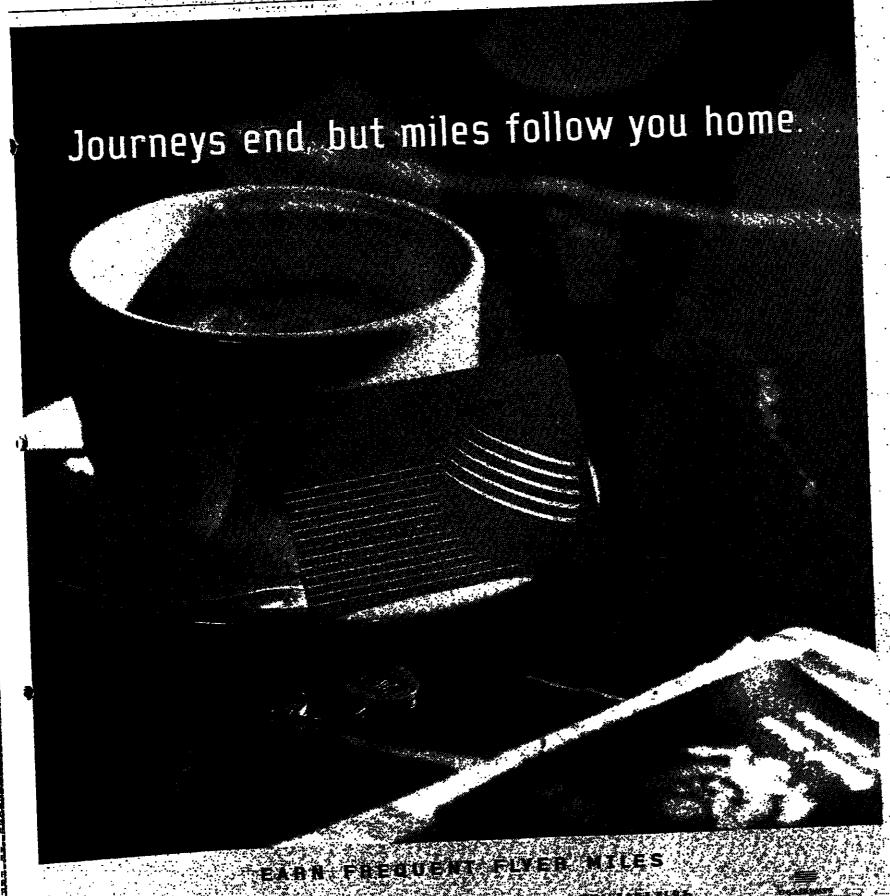
Paul Takomoto, a spokesman for the Federal Aviation Administration said: "We are aware of an alleged security incident at Port Columbus airport and the FAA is looking into it." He declined to comment further.

Frank Scafidi, an FBI spokesman in Washington, confirmed the FBI was investigating the incident but declined to comment on Ms. Schiavo. He said officials were examining what, if any, laws may have been broken. While it is illegal to threaten to bomb a plane or airport, "absent a threat, there may not be a violation," he said.

Ms. Schiavo, whose frequent criticism of the aviation agency has annoyed many U.S. officials, did not return several calls Saturday.

Officials said the bag in question was checked on an America West flight departing for Washington. At about 5 P.M., America West gate agents notified airport police to say they had a bag that, when passed through an Xray machine, appeared to contain an explosive device. A passenger had checked the bag for the flight but had not boarded the plane.

Increasingly, airlines conduct such "positive bag matches" to make sure passengers who check bags board planes. But with 2.3 million checked bags a year on domestic flights, it is difficult to do so on every flight.



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With NATO Expansion, Germany Finds Itself, for Once, Surrounded by Allies

By Roger Cohen

BERLIN — Throughout its modern history, Germany has wrestled with the tranma of being "das Land der Mitte" - "the country in the middle." From Bismarck to former Chancellor Helmut Kohl, leaders sought to anchor and secure the state in its uneasy geographical position between East and West.

With Poland, the Czech Republic and Hungary in NATO, that long, sometimes disastrous struggle appears to have come to an end. For the first time since Germany was unified in 1871, it finds itself surrounded by allies. Long exposed, Germany is abruptly cocooned.

'Since World War II, we have always strived to be surrounded by friends rather than foes or cold foes," said Michael Steiner, chief diplomatic adviser to never concede because the often brutal

Chancellor Gerhard Schroeder. "So, for expulsion had the Allies' blessing. us this is a hugely positive develop-

The benefits have been immediate for the often strained relations between Germany and the Czech Republic. Mr. Schroeder used the occasion of the visit this month by the Czech prime minister, Milos Zeman, to announce that Germany would never seek compensation on behalf of the more than 2 million Sudeten Germans driven out of what was Czechoslovakia at the end of World War

time that the 1945 laws that led to that envy us." The only answer for Ger-expulsion were defunct, although he many, Bismarck maintained, lay in a stopped short of questioning the legit-imacy of the decrees, a central demand of the powerful Sudeten German lobby but something that the Czechs would

Shared NATO membership was a decisive element in this act of German-Czech reconciliation. It clearly opened

equals and no longer had reason to feel threatened by a neighboring power that way, membership in the same alliance timately led to German unification in has eased old suspicions.

For Bismarck, who understood that balance of power in Europe, it was clear Mr. Zeman, in turn, said for the first that other European powers "hate and web of intricate alliances, including one with Russia, that would stave off the specter of isolation.

For Hitler, the answer to "the German question" lay in the use of crushing

historical unity of German living

And for postwar leaders, traumatized the way for the Czechs to feel at last that by the cataclysm of the Third Reich and they were dealing with the Germans as confronted by the Cold War, Germany had to balance a firm anchoring in the West with the slow eastward-looking has often appeared overbearing. In this seduction called "Ostpolitik" that ul-

So today, things look simpler for his unification of Germany had upset the Europe's largest power. At the price of giving up lands that were long German (those parts of Prussia and Silesia that now lie in Poland), Germany has gained something long elusive — stable bor-

> For the first time, it has nine neighbors that all have the appearance of being friends, even if the new post-Communist
>
> Mr. Schroeder's governments allies are still struggling to overcome not do this in two ways: by bringing the three

ghosts of German occupation in World Atlantic Treaty Organization into the

Indeed, Germany's dominant place at the heart of Europe has perhaps never been so secure. Yet, despite a sense that a long postwar struggle has been fruitfully concluded, the German mood is scarcely one of elation as the country prepares to move its capital eastward to Berlin from Bonn, placing its political center close to its new constellation of allies.

'We are at last surrounded by friends," said Karl Kaiser, a leading foreign-policy expert, "but we are not surrounded by stability. How can there be stability when Russia is in a state of decomposition? An overriding goal of a united Germany will therefore remain to

Mr. Schroeder's government wants to

William Hague leads

dominated Britain for

most of this century

but now finds itself

its worst defeat in

at sea since suffering

165 years in national

elections almost two

years ago.

a party that has

force to "restore the thousand-year-old only decades of Marxist rule, but the countries that have now joined the North European Union as soon as possible and by ensuring that NATO's nascent but troubled partnership with Russia sur-

"The fact that Russia is not in NATO does not mean that it is an outsider," Mr. Steiner said, "Germany's absolute priority is to work with it as a partner, or well. will all pay a heavy price.

Germany's twin eastward-looking policy goals are rooted in solid economic. as well as strategic, considerations.

Outside the European Union, Poland and the Czeth Republic provide Germany with ever stiffer competition, tempting German factories to move there and make use of much cheaper labor. German banks, meanwhile, have heavy exposure to Russia.

But both policies face difficulties. Germany has argued that in order to admit Poland, Hungary and the Czech Republic, to the EU, wide-ranging reform of the Union's budget must first be completed.

These reforms are centered on changing a European agricultural policy that accounts for 60 percent of BU spending and would become hopelessly expensive with the admission of the three new

Although an outline accord has been reached, the beneficiaries of the existing policy, particularly France, remain wary, and have not been averse to playing on historical fears of a dominant Germany to paint Mr. Schroeder's cami paign for reform as menacing. The fact that Germany would benefit financially from the reform has fueled this attack. which has amounted to an epidemic of

With Russia there are also problems. Now that the long-pacifist Greens are in the government, Mr. Schroeder and Foreign Minister Joschka Fischer, who leads the Greens, have tried to allay any. American concerns about Germany's commitment to NATO, and strongly backed the possible use of force in Kosovo. This has angered Russia.

Germany, in turn, finds it more difficult than any other European power to cope with the current political vacuum in Russia, to which it is more acutely exposed than European nations farther west.

Now Germany has a new buffer to Russia — Poland — which Germans, as all other NATO allies, are committed to defend. That alone illustrates its shift from a land in the middle of an unstable Europe to the largest European power in key members of the party and served to the middle of the alliance.

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British Tory Strives to 'Matter'

By Warren Hoge

LONDON - Baroness Jay was scheduled to appear on a Sunday morning talk show, and the big issue of the day was the Labour government's proposed reform of the House of Lords and the opposition Conservatives' objections to it.

"I heard that Hague was doing the David Frost show right before me," she I'd be prepared.

Following instructions, the aide from No.10 Downing Street called her just before she entered the television studio. "You don't need to know," he said. "He said zero, nothing. He doesn't matter."

Not mattering is the principal problem these days for William Hague, 37, now nearly two years in the job of heading up the depleted and dispirited Conservative

He is less than consequential not just to people like Baroness Jay, a member of the Labour party, but more crucially to his own constituents, members of the party that has dominated Britain for most of this century but now finds itself at a continuing loss since suffering its worst defeat in 165 years in national elections he has traveled the country on a camin May 1997. he has traveled the country on a campaign he called "Listening to Britain." opportunistic debater since his days as ury, headlines the following morning president of the Oxford Union, he has

minent stirrings of recovery, poll numbers are even lower than the already dismal levels then, when, with Prime Minister John Major leading the party, the Conservatives attracted only 31 per-

cent of the vote. Mr. Hague's supporters have continu-ally counseled the skeptics to wait until the government of Prime Minister Tony Blair blunders to see the Tory resurgence, David Frost show right better had I but Mr. Blair has contounced mose mercounted that January night, "and I rang Number 10 and said they needed to orists by standing tall in the public's estimation longer into his term than any prime minister in British history.

Just before Christmas, personal rivalries produced fends in the cabinet and four set ourselves free, time to appreciate the of Mr. Blair's principals, including Peter Mandelson, his closest confidant, were forced to resign. It was the kind of disarray that had brought Mr. Major's government into disrepute, and it seemed that tors as public-service workers, teachers the much-awaited stumble had touched down on the Conservative doorstep. But ideas, thus leaving unanswered persist-Mr. Hague failed to spring into action, and

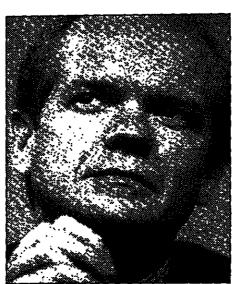
Mr. Blair emerged unbruised.

Despite repeated predictions of im- and he has tried to combat the success of Mr. Blair's loosely defined "Third Way" with his own equally vague "British Way."

On Saturday he ventured yet another approach, saying the party should own up to past mistakes and get in touch with everyday people by practicing something he called "kitchen table conservatism." But his invocation of an "urban, ambitious, sporty, multiethnic, self-confident and international" Britain sounded reminiscent of a country that Mr. Blair began appealing to five years ago.

Speaking at a party gathering in Reading, Mr. Hague said: "It is time to really extent of our election defeat and show that we are free to develop new ideas. But other than saying that the party and nurses, he did not spell out any new ent questions about whether he has any.

He faces a dilemma in attacking New Since taking on the imposing title of Labour. Does he fault them for being 'Leader of the Opposition' in June, Old Labour in disguise or accuse them of



had noted success against Mr. Blair only in the weekly question time encounters in the House of Commons. But even that has not produced dividends for him or the party in a country where presidentialstyle leadership is leaving Parliament

itself less and less relevant. Though Mr. Hague was able to point up significant failings and posturings in 1997, Mr. Hague has doggedly tried to reshape his party's fortunes and his image. He has put on jeans and a baseball former and gone to ethnic culture festivals, varies in arguing the latter. A canny and the triangle of accuse mean of the government's budget presentation to the government's budget presentation to Parliament last week and come up with good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to reshape his party's fortunes and his image. There is little government's budget presentation to the government's budget presentation to present in the government's budget presentation to present in the government's budget presentation to present in the government's budget presentation to present along the government's budget presentation to convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing to present a convincing evidence to support the good sound-bite barbs about "stealth transportation to present a convincing to present a con

There will be tests of Conservative oter appeal this spring with elections to local councils, the new Scottish and Welsh legislatures and the European Parliament. The one issue where Mr. Hague has succeeded in drawing a line between his party and the government is Britain's relationship with Europe, where he has insisted on absolute opposition to any thought of Britain's adopting the euro for at least eight years. While it has given the Conservatives a rare chance to challenge the government, it has alienated some

remind voters its divisive past.

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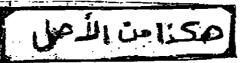
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EUROPE

Istanbul Police **Seek Militants** In Store Blaze That Killed 13

ISTANBUL - The police Sunday were investigating claims that a department store was torched to revenge the capture of the Kurdish leader Abduliah

The blaze Saturday, which fire officials said was clearly arson, left 13 people dead.

A wave of violence, including suicide bombers and street clashes, has swept through the country in the weeks since the capture of Mr. Ocalan in early February. The department store fire was the deadliest incident since.

Mr. Ocalan's group, the Kurdistan Workers Party, or PKK, has generally avoided attacks on civilian targets in western Turkey. But other militant Kurdish factions seeking to fill the vacuum left by the arrest of Mr. Ocalan have

vowed to continue the armed struggle. The Revenge Hawks of Apo, a pre-viously unknown group, took respon-sibility for the store fire. Apo is the rickname for Mr. Ocalan.

A spokeswoman for the Workers Party denied any involvement. "The PKK has not claimed responsibility," said the spokeswoman, Mizgin Sen. "If they had done it they would have owned

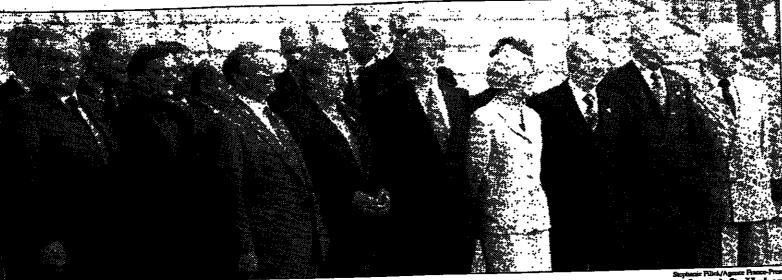
More police cars were deployed throughout Ankara and more plainclothes policemen were assigned to Istanbul shopping malls after the fire. - People taking public transportation were warned not to take parcels from

strangers and to report any unusual in-A bomb explosion followed the fatal fire late Saturday, destroying two cars in Istanbul, while in the western city of Bursa assailants throwing firebombs

wrecked an empty bus.
"The Hell of Terrorism," the daily Milliyet said in a headline over a photograph of three youngsters stranded on the smoke-filled roof of the five-story store before they were rescued.

. "I'm scared every time my children leave the house," said Fatma Guhnnsur, whose daughter was home mourning a friend killed in the fire.

Witnesses said three men hurled a firebomb into the crowded shopping center in the Goztepe section of Istanbul and then fled on foot. Goztepe lies on the Asian side of the Bosporus waterway, which commission, compulsorily retire him." divides the city. It is far from areas frequented by tourists but is often crowded



European Union foreign ministers at their meeting Sunday at the Reinhartshausen castle in Germany. In the front row, from left: Hubert Vedrine of France, Wolfgang Schuessel of Austria, Robin Cook of Britain, Tarja Halonen of Finland, Joschka Fischer of Germany, Anna Lindh of Sweden, Lamberto Dini of Italy, Jacques Santer, president of the European Commission, and Jacques Poos of Luxembourg.

Foreign Ministers Fall Short of EU Budget Accord

ELTVILLE, Germany — European Union foreign ministers made progress Sunday toward a compromise on reforms of EU finances but full agreement is still some way off, Foreign Minister schka Fischer of Germany said.

After serving as host of the two-day meeting at Reinhartshausen castle near Wiesbaden, Mr. Fischer said: "We have taken a decisive step forward but he added that further detailed work is needed before EU members reach a budget deal that can be signed, as is hoped, at a summit meeting in Berlin on March 24 and 25.

Mr. Fischer said the 15 ministers had concluded subsidies, which account for about half the EU's not need the money as badly as it once did.

aimed at reining in expenditure before former Communist states in Eastern Europe are allowed to

He said that Chancellor Gerhard Schroeder, whose government holds the rotating EU presidency, would aim to narrow differences during a tour of European capitals this week. Germany, as the Union's biggest paymaster, wants to cap spending before extending EU subsidies to its less wealthy eastern neighbors.

Foreign Secretary Robin Cook of Britain again resisted suggestions that London cede its annual rebate from the EU. The rebate dates back to the that a compromise reached last week on farm mid-1980s. Britain's partners argue London does

budget, was a solid basis for an overall accord Israel Rejects Definition of Jerusalem

Israel embarked on an international campaign Sunday for recognition of its sovereignty over Jerusalem in response to a European reference to the city as a separate entity not under Israeli control, The Associated Press reported from Jerusalem.

A letter from Ambassador Theodor Wallau of Germany to Foreign Minister Ariel Sharon of Israel began a diplomatic dispute last week. Mr. Wallau was writing in Germany's capacity as current chair-

man of the European Union. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu's cabinet denounced Mr. Wallau's letter Sunday, calling the

definition "factually and legally false."

(Reuters, AP)

EU: Commissioners Await Report That Threatens Their Authority – and Their Jobs

Continued from Page 1

Pat Cox, leader of the European Liberal Democrats group in Parliament, said: "The political ground now has shifted. Where there is evidence of wrongdoing or serious mismanagement, the commissioner or commissioners responsible shall have

If any commissioner is faulted by the inquiry and refuses to step down, Mr. Santer could appeal to the European Court of Justice for the offender's removal under Article 160 of the Treaty of Rome, the EU's founding document. It states: "If any member of the commission no longer fulfills the conditions required for the performance of his duties or if he has been guilty of serious misconduct, the Court of Justice may, on application by the council or the

The European Parliament, whose powers were extended by the Treaty of Amsterdam, has seized (AP, Reuters, NYT) on the corruption allegations as a means of raising

its profile ahead of European elections in June. in Belgium and Luxembourg.

Scoring points off the commission, which does not Mr. Santer also recently introduced codes of Scoring points off the commission, which does not enjoy a great deal of public understanding, is seen

as an easy vote-getter. As a result, the commission, which drafts laws for the EU and is the custodian of its treaties, has seldom been so seriously challenged or undermined. Unused to dealing with public opinion, its defense has been weak and ineffective.

Mr. Santer, a courtly politician from Luxembourg who claims to have done a lot to make the commission more efficient and less corrupt, feels personally wounded by the attacks, according to those who know him. One aide compared him to Louis XVI, who lost

his head because of the excesses of Louis XIV. Most of the charges of corruption or mismangement attributed to the commission refer to cases that occurred years ago, many of which were in-

conduct for commissioners and members of the

Commissioners now must declare their financial interests and must not use their influence to get commission jobs for acquaintances.

Mr. Santer took a risk by throwing open commission files to the investigating committee and by releasing staff from their oath of confidentiality. A close aide said he wanted to remove once and for all the stigma of suspicion hanging over the com-

The European Court of Auditors has repeatedly uncovered wide-scale mismanagement and corruption in the European Union. But the fact that most of the waste and fraud occurs at the national level, where EU funds are spent, is unlikely to help the commission if the investigation goes against it. vestigated by an internal anti-fraud unit set up by Having scented blood in January, Parliament will Mr. Santer and handed over to judicial authorities be satisfied with nothing less than resignations.

BRIEFLY

Italy's President Willing To Leave His Post Early

ROME — The president of Italy has offered to finish his term several weeks earlier than scheduled in May to ease a logjam of electoral commitments facing Italians this spring.

President Oscar Luigi Scalfaro made the offer to politicians Saturday night during a

visit in the north. Mr. Scalfaro, whose seven-year term is due to end May 25, said overlapping campaigns for

several Italian and European elections had prompted him to make the offer. Prime Minister Massimo D'Alema and most opposition parties welcomed Mr. Scalfaro's gesture.

Italian Judges Are Wary Of Freeing Agca to Turks

ROME - Italian magistrates have expressed doubts about whether clemency should be granted to Mehmet Ali Agca, the Turk serving a life sentence for wounding Pope John Paul II in 1981.

Italian newspapers quoted the magistrates as noting that Mr. Agea had gone back and forth on his version of the St. Peter's Square assassination attempt - alternating from his claiming he had acted alone to claiming that there were plotters behind him.

"The fact is that the truth still hasn't been ascertained," Judge Antonio Marini, who in the 1980s prosecuted Mr. Agca, told the Milan daily Corriere della Sera.

Mr. Agca, who has been spirimally par-doned by the Pope, has asked for clemency and for the opportunity to return to Turkey, where be faces prison for murder.

Bombs Explode in Spain After Seizure of Basques

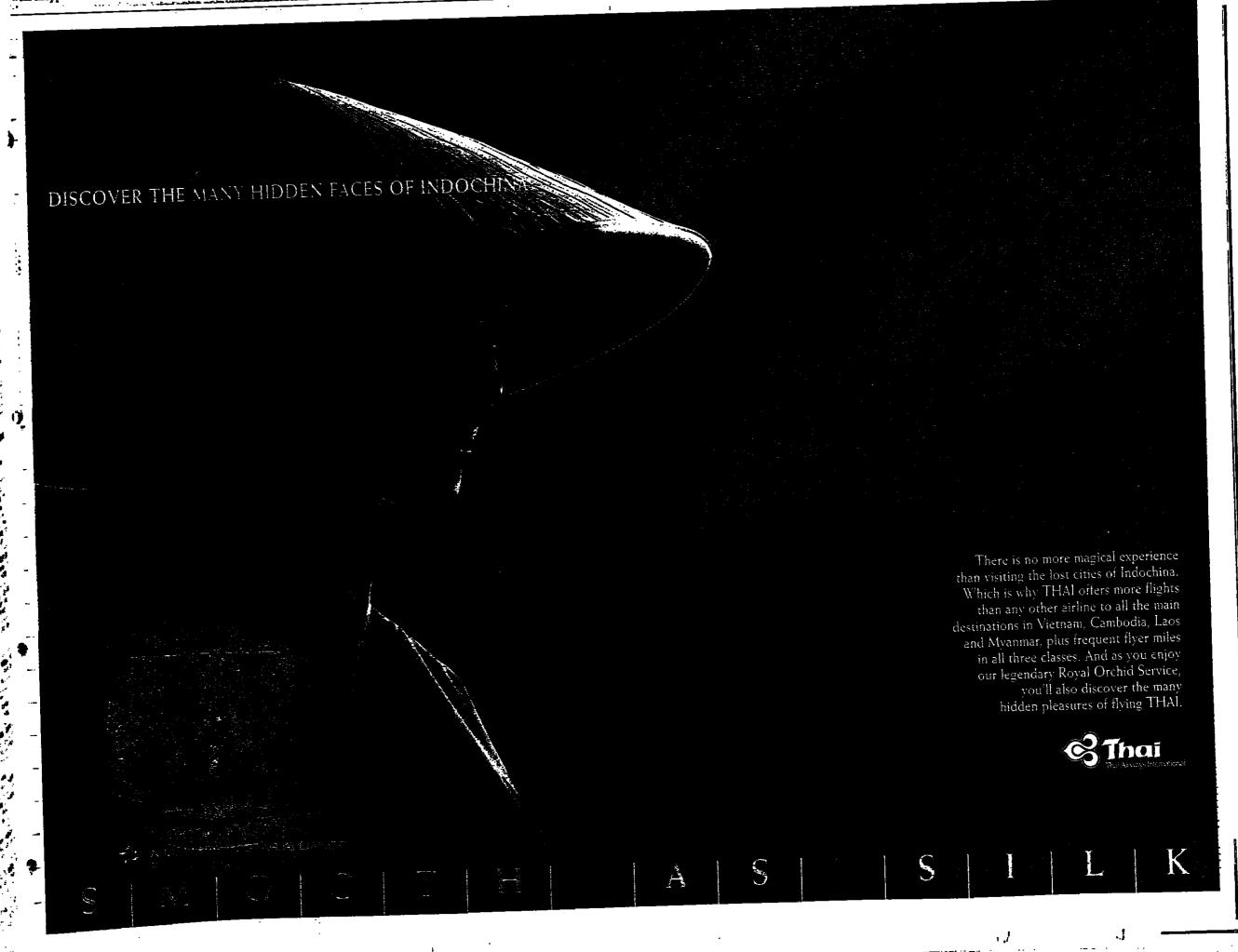
BILBAO, Spain - Bombs exploded overnight in the Basque region in northern Spain after a wave of arrests of suspected ETA guerrillas, the state radio said Sunday.

A homemade bomb exploded at the home of the family of a Socialist party candidate for mayor of Bilbao, the police said. There was only limited damage, and no injuries were reported. The house was empty at the time.

Two hooded youths threw gasoline bombs at a car dealership in Bilbao. The building was damaged and some cars burned. (Reuters)

Balloon Aims for Mexico

GENEVA — A Swiss-British pair bidding to become the first to fly around the world nonstop in a hot-air balloon crossed the international date line Sunday and headed to-(Reuters) ward Mexico.



ASLA/PACIFIC

Army Raids **And Arrests** Follow Latest **Ambon Riots**

AMBON, Indonesia — The mil-Tiary clamped down Sunday after fighting among Christians and Muslims that has killed more than 200 people in less than two months on the island of Ambon.

While troops were conducting raids, arrests and searches on the island, an unidentified security official was indicted for formenting sectarian rioting and faces trial this week, the military police chief of Ambon, Major Djuhendi, said.

Military authorities have questioned more than a dozen security ôfficials in response to claims by Muslim leaders that security forces have sided with Christians in the viölence that has been raging since

The streets of Ambon, which had begun to return to life Saturday morning with shops and markets reopening and traffic resuming, were again deserted by noon Sunday after the discovery of new corpses from the

rioting.
A Roman Catholic priest said parishioners had told him two bodies were found in a ditch Saturday in the predominantly Muslim area of Galunggung. The police said only one body had been found.

Soldiers conducted body and luggage searches on passengers coming and going on inter-island ferries and sands of people fearing more blood-sands of people fearing more blood-shed have already fled Ambon. About ning anti-Christian attacks.



Refugees struggling Sunday to board a ship in Ambon as thousands continued to flee sectarian violence.

a dozen men were arrested when they were found to be carrying knives and

other weapons. In a flare-up in the violence in the past week, troops have shot and killed at least a dozen people while trying to break up Muslim and Christian mobs that were fighting each other with spears, knives and gasoline bombs.

On Saturday, police arrested 37 Muslims, found to be holding a stash ships at the island's main port. Thou-

The same day, Christians burned two houses belonging to Muslims, and the slashed body of a Christian man was found dumped near the of-fices of a moderate Muslim political

party opposed to the violence.

The Ambon Christian community quietly celebrated Mass on Sunday in churches guarded by the troops de-ployed since the military authorities took over from the police Thursday to try to restore order. A platoon of mar-ines had also been deployed at the main Al-Fatah mosque.

Military officials said government offices and schools would open Monday as usual. Thousands of state employees and school students have been staying at home because of the

In Vatican City, Pope John Paul II appealed Sunday for an end to the fighting on Ambon, saying in his weekly address that the strife there had overturned the traditionally harmonious coexistence between Christians and Muslims in Indonesia.

(AP, AFP, Reuters)

Mahathir Savors Victory In Key Malaysian Election

By Thomas Fuller International Herald Tribune

KOTA KINABALU, Malaysia — The ruling coalition of Prime Minister Mahathir bin Mohamad scored a decisive victory in a state election here over the weekend, bolstering the federal government's position and fueling speculation that Mr. Mahathir could call na-

tional elections soon.

The prime minister's party came away with a perfect slate, winning all 24 seats it contested for the Sabah state legislature. With the seven seats won by his coalition partners, Mr. Mahafhir secured firm control over the state, tional elections soon. one of Malaysia's largest. 'Tm ecstatic,' he said after the polls closed Saturday. 'We had

a clear victory."

The elections were the first major test for the government since the dismissal of Anwar Ibrahim as deputy prime minister in September and subsequent unrest.

Opposition leaders said the results from Sebole showed how difficult it will be to end

Sabah showed how difficult it will be to end Mr. Mahathir's 18-year rule.

"I was surprised by the margin of victory."
Lim Kit Siang, head of the opposition Democratic Action Party, told Reuters. "This is a very sobering result for all who are trying to

bring about change in the next election."

Mr. Mahathir said Sunday that he was now confident his coalition would "secure the majority support of the people" when national elections are held. They must be called

before April 2000. He also said that voters in Sabah had proved foreign leaders and the Western media wrong by keeping his coalition in power, the official Bernama news agency quoted him as saying,

according to Reuters.

Noting that some foreigners had said that he and his government no longer enjoyed popular support, the prime minister said: "Actually, they want me to be removed and replaced by someone who will bow to them, who will sell the country. That is why they initiated efforts to topple the government. They can always try but it is the Malaysians who decide the fate of the nation, not foreign leaders or the Western media.'

Strong support from Sabah in those elections

would buttress the government's control of Parliament; Sabah and neighboring Sarawak, the two Malaysian states of Borneo, account for a quarter of the seats in Parliament.

Party leaders who led the campaign in Sabah were clearly relieved to hear the results late Saturday after weeks of intense campaigning that saw Mr. Mahathir come to Sabah three times in the past month.

"Everybody focused on this election, formed on the mond of the mond of the condition.

cused on the mood of the people and the capabilities of the Barisan Nasional," Siti Zaharah Sulaiman, a cabinet member who helped lead the campaign, said of the ruling coalition. "It just goes to show that even under the most trying circumstances we can win."

At the top on the list of "trying circumstances" is the economy which shrank by 6 percent last year—although Sabah was protected from severe hardships by its timber and

oil industries.

If anything, Mr. Mahathir's handling of the

economy — including moves to impose limits on the amount of money Malaysians can take abroad — seem to have helped the prime his allies in the state. "They are very happy with the performance of the prime minister," said Herman Luping, a retired Sabab politician. "They look at Mahathir as their economic savior."

Clearly not all voters agreed. The election was split largely along racial and religious lines, with Muslim-dominated districts voting for Mr. Mahathir and those with large num-bers of Kadazandusuns — Sabah's largest

Joseph Pairin Kitingan, a Kadazan cultural leader, won 17 of the 48 seats. Mr. Pairin and others complained that redrawn electoral boundaries had benefited Mr. Mahathir's

blackmailing voters by telling them that they would receive no federal assistance if they voted for the opposition. Mr. Pairin also said he was considering lodging a police report on

ne was considering notations.

alleged voting irregularities.

The results Saturday leave the Kadazan in dusuns massively underrepresented in the state government. Although they make up 54 percent of the state's population, the new ruling coalition is less than 10 percent

What remains to be seen is whether Mr.
Mahathir can translate the support he received Kadazandusun. in Sabah into a convincing electoral victory on the peninsula, where the prime minister has faced the strongest criticism since Mr. An-war's dismissal, beating and trial on charges

of sodomy and abuse of power. The prime minister's allies say the Sabah victory shows that the party machinery is ready for the challenge even if the issues on the peninsula are very different.

the coalition's campaign was orchestrated by Abdullah Ahmad Badawi, who took over Mr. Anwar's job as deputy prime minister in January. The stakes were high for Mr. Abdullah, a veteran politician who is now in line to succeed Mr. Mahathir. Sabah was seen as his proving ground.

Inferno Kills At Least 26 In New Delhi

NEW DELHI — At least 26 people were killed and thousands were made homeless Sunday when a huge blaze engulfed a sprawling shantytown in the Indian capital, the police said.

The United News of India news agency said a third of at least 50,000 makeshift dwellings in the shantytown were devastated by the fire.

A spokesman for the fire department said 26 bodies had been recovered so far from the gutted Indira Puram shantytown. "We fear the toll will cross 30 because some more bodies have not yet been recovered," he said as flames flickered six hours after the inferno erupted.

The police said a spark from a stove started the fire. Five children and four women were among the bodies brought out from a smoldering mosque where some residents took shelter after the fire broke out Sunday afternoon, the police said. About 50 other people were hospitalized, with seven of them in critical condition.

A strong breeze from the nearby Yamuna River fanned the flames, which within minutes destroyed hundreds of shanties behind a national memorial in the city's northeastern section.
"There were 60 or 70 people in a

mosque here when the fire encircled our colony," a resident, Mohammed Sultan, said. "We badly need water or the entire colony will be reduced to ashes." Angered by what they said was a delay

fire trucks, residents threw stones at some of the vehicles, damaging at least three of them, the fire department spokesman said. Police in riot gear moved into the area

to help rescue trapped people and bring out the dead. Witnesses said the residents also clashed with the police and were beaten back with sticks and rifle butts. The shantytown was made up of a large

population of illegal Bangladeshi imruigrants, the police said. Children sifted through their homes,

some of them still burning, for their meager belongings.



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China Detains 3 Party Members

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BEUING - The police in the eastern city of Hangzhou detained at least three meanbers of a banned pro-democracy party and prevented others from meeting on Sunday, a Hong Kong-based human

BRIEFLY

rights group reported.

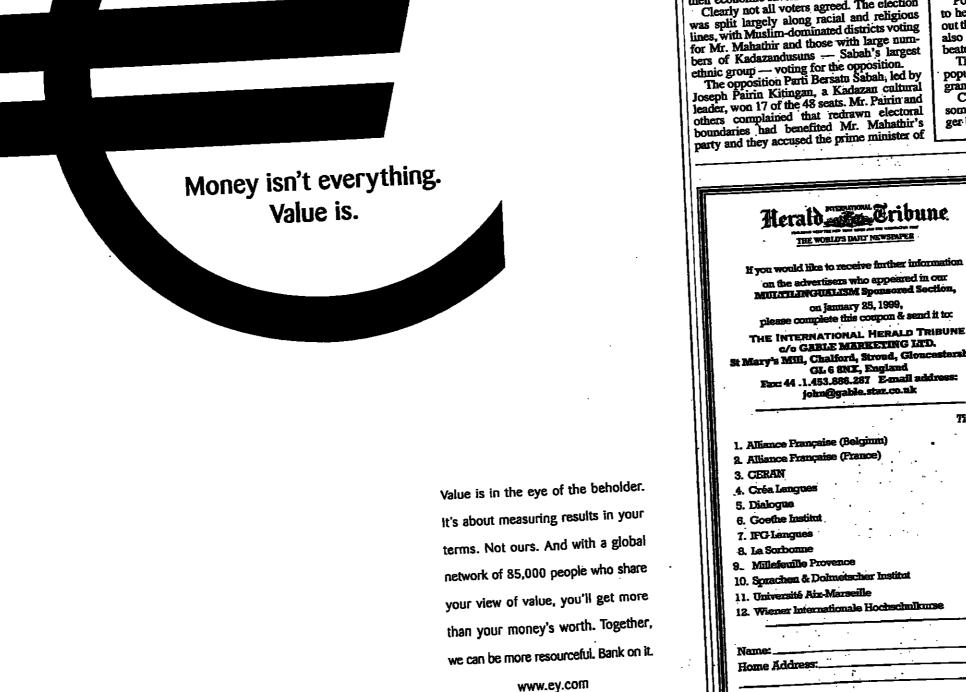
Besides Wang Rongqing,
Zhu Yufu and Zhu Zhengming, other members of the China Democracy Party, the focus of a recent crackdown, could not be located by colleagues and may also have been arrested, the Information Center of Human Rights and Democratic Movement in

Hanoi Attacks U.S. Criticism

HANOI — Vietnam has rejected U.S. criticism of a prominent dissident's arrest, characterizing Washington's call for his immediate release "brazen interference" in its internal affairs.

Vietnam has not publicly commented directly on wide: spread reports that Nguyen Thanh Giang, 63, an internationally known geologist who has written a number of articles on alleged Communist Party corruption, was arrested near his home March 4.

But a statement Saturday appeared to confirm the arrest. "Any Vietnamese who breaks the law will be tried in accordance with Vietnamese law." the Foreign Ministry spokeswoman Phan Thuy Thanh said.



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HEALTH/SCIENCE

To Save Lives

By Warren E. Leary

ASHINGTON — It is a common, but still hornifying image. A traffic accident, a shooting, a fall or a And the victim lies dead in a pool of blood, life drained away by severe hemorrhaging that could not be stopped in time.

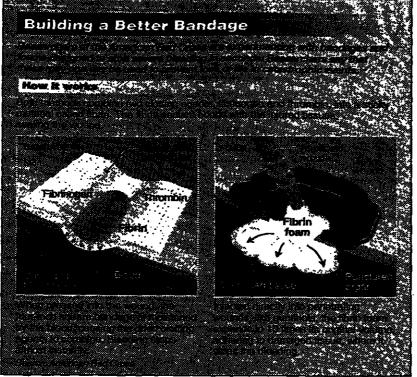
Blood loss through injuries claims tens of thousands of lives each year, but researchers are working to change that by developing a new type of bandage that clots blood instantly. Scientists with the American Red Cross have teamed with U.S. Army researchers to produce bandages and other dressings that they say can seal a severe, bleeding wound in seconds with a tough, artificial scab.

After about eight years of research in the laboratory and with animals, the researchers say the sealants are almost ready for human trials. If the dressings prove effective and safe in the real world, scientists say, they could radically change emergency treatment for civilians and soldiers, saving thousands of lives now routinely lost. They foresee that these dressings will be carried not only in ambulances, but also in police cars, fire trucks and other emergency vehicles that arrive first on trauma scene

"Fifty thousand people in the United States bleed to death per year, 30,000 in hospitals and 20,000 in the streets," said William Drohan, director of the plasma development branch of the Red Cross's Jerome H. Holland Laboratory for the Biomedical Sciences in Rockville, Maryland. "We think we can make a difference in this with something very simple, something so practical it could be available and used almost anywhere."

The military interest in an improved field bandage is also obvious, Mr. Drohan said. Of the soldiers who die on the battlefield, 50 percent bleed to death, he said, and having soldiers carry clotting bandages as part of their gear could be added to death, he plasma products, and the technology did not exist to purify contaminated blood.

Technical advances in blood work, said, and having soldiers carry clotting bandages as part of their gear could increase their chances of survival.



stitute, said that if the new bandages proved effective, they could have a big impact upon emergency care. Doctors may see fewer patients who have gone into shock from blood loss, but may also see an increase in severely injured people who otherwise would have died before reaching the hospital, she said.

The idea is to take two human blood plasma proteins, fibrinogen and thrombin - key components in stopping bleeding - and concentrating them at the site of the wound to speed the natural clotting process. While the concept is not new, finding a practical and safe way of doing it has challenged scientists for decades.

HE army worked on blood-clot-ting bandages during World War II, but abandoned the effort for two reasons. It could not find an efficient way to mass-produce the clotting proteins from plasma, the clear liquid part of whole blood where they are the bandage were about a year away. found. More important, army doctors Negotiations are under way to find a found that diseases like hepatitis could be manufacturing partner to make the band-transmitted through infected plasma and ages for the tests. If successful, the band-

AIDS and by the discovery of new ways of isolating fibrinogen and thrombin from each other until they are needed, have opened up new approaches to mak-

ing clotting dressings, scientists say.
With support from the army, the Red
Cross has developed methods, for which it is seeking patent rights, to bring clot-ting ingredients together in several

forms to make easy-to-use sealants for different types of wounds.

Most of the effort has gone into a bandage, embedded with clotting proteins, that is pressed into a wound and held in place for a couple of minutes. The researchers have also developed a self-expanding sealant foam that can be propelled from a container into deep wounds or the body cavity to contact internal bleeding sites. And, the team is investigating a dry spray that would be squirted on a large, open wound or a burned area. The researchers said human trials of

ages could receive Food and Drug Administration approval as a medical device in three to five years, they esbrought on in part by recent efforts to timated. Human tests of the fibrin seal-Barbara Alving, a blood expert with cleanse blood products that might be ant foam are at least another two or three the National Heart, Lung and Blood Incontaminated with the virus that causes years away, they added.

Vigilance Against Cancer

Firsthand Proof of the Importance of Breast Biopsies

By Jane E. Brody

EW YORK — Ten years ago I wrote a column that might have been called "the myth of the negative mammogram,' in which I discussed the fact that 10 percent to 15 percent of breast cancers do not show up on a mammogram and cautioned women that any suspicious area in the breast should be biopsied even when the mammogram was negative.

Last month, I became living proof of the value of that advice. I'd been having annual mammograms for about 13 years with no evidence of anything wrong. Likewise at my exam this year, my ra-diologist for the last eight years, Doreen Liebeskind, delivered the news that my X-rays looked fine. But this time I feared something was the matter.

The matter was an area of thickening in my left breast that we'd been watching for years. My mammograms were consistently negative and sonograms had shown nothing more than fibrous tissue, a normal aberration common in many women. But from time to time the area hurt and it had been especially painful two weeks earlier.

I had begun to wonder how I would know if something went away. Even if I suspected all was not well, would I fail to act after being reassured for seven years

that there was nothing to worry about?

Then Dr. Liebeskind did a manual exam and said, "It feels a little different from last year, a little more nodular. Let's get another sonogram." When she compared my sonogram to the one taken last year, she said, "There's something new there now, and I think we should do a needle biopsy and see what it is." Guided by ultrasound, a thin hollow needle was inserted into the suspicious area and cells were sucked out for microscopic analysis.

It was all so swift and matter-of-fact that I wasn't even scared when Dr. to Grace Yang, cytopathologist at New York University Medical Center. Several

Dr. Yang was also matter-of-fact.
"This is cancer," she said, tempering her grim report with, "But you're very lucky. It's grow!" lucky. It's small, one centimeter, and very early and of low nuclear grade, meaning it's not an aggressive cancer." Surgery a week later and a complete microscopic analysis of the tumor and lymph nodes into which my breast rains confirmed her diagnosis.

I was very lucky, if someone with cancer could ever be considered lucky. My chances are better than 95 percent that the surgery — a lumpectomy and sentinel node biopsy — and subsequent five weeks of radiation (five days a week) will be a permanent cure.

In a lumpectomy, the surgeon removes the tumor and a small amount of surrounding tissue, and the sentinel node

Many radiologists recommend a first mammogram be done at age $3\bar{0}$ or 35.

biopsy removes only those underarm nodes into which the breast drains. And just to be sure, since my tumor cells, like those of most breast cancers, respond to estrogen, I'll be taking the anti-estrogen drug tamoxifen for the next five years.

Just last year, a major study showed that tamoxifen reduced the risk of breast cancer recurrence and the chances of developing cancer in the opposite breast by about 45 percent.

My experience should in no way discourage any woman from having regular mammograms. My advice is also the recommendation of the American Cancer Society and the National Cancer In-Liebeskind said she saw something in the stitute: an annual mammogram starting cells that wasn't quite normal. She at age 40. Mammography is an excellent handed over the slides of my breast cells surveillance tool that can detect 85 percent of breast cancers. It can pick up tumors when they are too tiny to be felt, years ago, Dr. Yang developed a rapid before they have spread beyond the area for a year with periodic mammograms stain technique that enabled her to make where they arose, when the potential for before her doctor decided to do a biopsy, a diagnosis within 10 minutes — no three cure is greatest. Early detection through which revealed a cancer.

days of agonized waiting for biopsy results. I don't know why her technique is not used everywhere by now.

mammography is one of the main reasons for the declining death rate from breast cancer. The other factors are the widespread use of radiation therapy for five or six weeks following a lumpectomy and postoperative chemotherapy, which, depending on the cellular nature of the tumor, is now often given even when there is no evidence that cancer has spread beyond the breast if the tumor is larger than mine or there are indications

that it is more aggressive.

Mammograms are lifesaving, and I will continue to have them annually. But as with the recently removed tumor, I will not rely on them 100 percent. If something feels wrong, I will make sure to have it examined by ultrasound and

biopsied if there is a suspicious lesion.
Dr. Liebeskind told me in 1988:
"Every lump should be biopsied unless it disappears on its own in a month or two or it is shown to be a benign fluidfilled cyst that collapses and does not recur when the fluid is removed."

A mammogram alone cannot distinguish between an innocent cyst and a cancer. If ultrasound is available, it can show if the cyst is filled with fluid, and guided by ultrasound, a needle can be used to suck out the fluid. Despite the value of mammography, a negative mammogram does not rule out cancer. Mammograms are most likely to miss cancers in women under 50 who have dense breast tissue. Breast size, however, is not a factor.

Although annual mammography is not recommended before age 40 (except, perhaps, for women with a strong family history of early breast cancer or who carry genes that place them at high risk of cancer), many radiologists recommend that a baseline mammogram be done at age 30 or 35, when everything is likely to be normal. That way future deviations from normal will be easier to spot.

Too many women with worrisome lumps are falsely reassured by doctors when their mammograms are negative. Some are advised to return in three or six months for another look, but others are not examined again for another year. One of my friends who had a mammogram-negative lump was followed

LANGUAGE Antarctica's Cauldron of Evolution

bergs, the Antarctic seas hardly seem the sort of place to look for an growing as scientists working there dis-extreme cold. The original notothen colds overabundance of life. But in these frigid—cover—evidence—for what a waters at the bottom of the earth, scientists are uncovering what appears to be an evolutionary explosion that has gen
including crostaceans and another kind of an evolutionary explosion that has gen
including crostaceans and another kind of the isolation makes the area "an ideal place to study evolution," said Guido di erated an impressive array of cold fish.

bottom-feeding fish swam these icy waters almost alone. Since then, new re
of the two new notothenioids dis
icefish. "Those who are in stay in and
the term of the two new notothenioids dis
those who are out stay out." search suggests, these fish diverged, or covered, one was found living in a radiated, into a number of evolutionary lines, each exploiting one or another of fish swim among sponges that can grow notothenioids, rather than some other the cold sea's surprising variety of en-

shape, from small, schooling, herring- are lethargic, dumpy-looking bottom arctic ice. like fish to 250 pound-sharklike feeders similar to a catfish, and fish that "It's a creatures. So far the number of Antarctic notothenioids as these fish are known, is dock do. There are large, streamlined at 94 species and counting, with the last predators that have evolved a variety of two species discovered just a few months ago. (Anyone who has eaten Chilean sea bass can claim to have sunk their teeth into a notothenioid, the bass being one of few non-Antarctic members of the group.)

So diverse are these fish that biologists have compared their evolutionary distion to that of the cichlid fishes of Lake Victoria a group of hundreds of closely related but highly diverse fish that have evolved to exploit every nook their blood plasma. and cranny of the lake, and Darwin's

perimentation, that it had long been assumed to be.

'It's an incredible rate," said Joe who canger the new species. Making in the Ross Sea off a research vessel from the National Science Foundation's polar fleet, Mr. Eastman said he also caught fish-friendly habitats like sponge beds to the Antarctic to fish for the sharklike Dissostichus mawsoni, the bass's huge, slowly growing and extremely tasty fleet, Mr. Eastman said he also caught

two new species of another group of fish as well, bringing the total to four new species in just 10 trawls. "All this makes "The other required element for a good

live a bit closer to the surface, as hadsharklike features, including a skeleton

made of cartilage instead of bone. an importa There are fish that can only be found case here." living beneath the solid ice in a jumble of what look like ice chips from a hotel ice dispenser, and icefish, so-called because of their ghostly white appearance. To keep their blood from becoming too viscous in the cold, icefish adapted by

Researchers theorize that Antarctica's finches, the similarly renowned, diverse birds of the Galapagos Islands.

For evolutionary biologists, the pace of discovery suggests that Antarctica is far from the barren wasteland, devoid of noteworthy diversity or evolutionary experimentation. The first required element for an evolutionary radiation is a complex habitaty ready to be filled with a new suite of species.

EW YORK — Miserably cold, us think we don't have quite the undark for three months of the
derstanding of the Antarctic fish fauna
year and crowded with icethat we once thought we had," he said. Researchers say interest in the area is term of currents around Antarctica and its ar to be that swam the frigid Antarctic waters Committee on Antarctic Research will Prisco, a biochemist at the National Re-Millions of years ago, thick-bodied, bold its first conference on the evol- search Council in Naples who studies

Researchers speculate that an imporsponge bed on the ocean bottom, where tant reason the Antarctic seas are full of vironmental niches.

The result is a menagerie of cold-hardy descendants that vary in size and relatives unique to the Antarctic. There fish from turning into blocks of Antarctic and relatives unique to the Antarctic and r

"It's a key innovation." said Mr. Eastman of Ohio University. "Without it, they're dead. A lot of times it's hard to devise a test to prove that something you think is a key innovation actually confers an important advantage. That's not the

RTHUR DeVRIES, a marine biologist at the University of Illinois at Champaign-Urbana who has studied these proteins for decades, said that over the eons their use has become very fine-tuned. Fish living nearest to the icy surface have about twice as much antifreeze in their blood and more copies of the antifreeze genes in their genome than those that live in relatively warmer, deeper wa-

Now, researchers say, these fish, which have managed to blossom in the frozen remoteness of the Antarctic may The once empty Antarctic seas be about to come into all too frequent provided just that, said Andrew Clarke, a contact with humanity. The Chilean sea marine ecologist at the British Antarctic bass is reaching numbers low enough to Eastman, an anatomist at Ohio University's College of Osteopathic Medicine, in Cambridge. "You've got a habitat as said fishing boats are coming all the way who caught the new species. Trawling in varied as anywhere else," he said, "Un- to the Antarctic to fish for the sharklike By Martin Gottfried. 338 pages.

Taking the Litmus Test for Gambling

matter from lichens that stays blue involved — like picking a horse.

when dipped in an alkaline solution and turns pink when dipped in an acid 1931," Fahrenkopf, a native Nevadan, solution. (Or is it the other way continues, "most of the games in solution in the would be not while the way was trying to pray, but when he was trying in praying in about some actification of the games in salvation in the would be not white the wastering to pray but when he was trying to pray, but when he was trying to pray but when he around?)

mai overwhems ail others. To get an illustrative usage of this, I just used my mouse to highlight the phrase and punched the dictionary symbol on my Microsoft QuickShelf. Here's what came up: "The word 'hopefully' has become the litmus test to determine whether one is a language snob or a language slob — William Safire."

The testing questions from CRAV ranged from "Would you support a removal of the words 'under God' from the Pledge of Allegiance?" to "Do you believe gun control reduces crime?" Presumably, a "yes" answer to either would turn the paper a hot shade of pink. But the tester that struck me as insightful -- a subtler guide to moralpolitical orientation - was "Do you

volved skill: table games, like cards That scientific meaning of litmus and dice. From the start, it's been the gambling roll upon the scene, its earlitest has been extended to "a criterion Nevada Gaming Commission. But a est slang sense was "cheating at gamthat overwhelms all others." To get an change has come about in the last 10 or ing." In 1726, "the Gambling Fra-15 years because the big games are games of chance — that is, slot machines. Now, that's gambling."

It's all gambling, says Tom Grey, executive director of the National Coalition Against Legalized Gambling. "The use of the word gaming is our litmus test. When legislators use it, that (Cribbing from yourself is unsettling; shows us they're in the pocket of the what if I made a mistake?)

casino operators, and they've bought the party line or PR guy's package. The word gaming puts 'foo-foo dust,' as we used to say in the army, on a business that bilks the poor and traps the unwary with 'something for nothing.' That's how you make the wrong disappear. The use of the word gaming is an attempt to make a serious business seem like fun.''

Both sides agree: Gambling has a normally call games of chance gambling or gaming?"

Frank Fahrenkopf is president of the American Gaming Association. As the

By William Safire

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The Committee to Restore American Values, reports Richard L. Berke in The New York Times, has been asking pressidential candidates to take a kind of skill is involved and games of chance of idential candidates to take a kind of skill is involved and games of chance. activity was frowned upon as immoral: litmus test. Every Bronx High School For example, playing poker is gaming Hamlet, thinking about killing King of Science graduate knows that litmus because it takes personal skill. Claudius, thought the best time to conis a paper covered with the coloring Gambling is where there is no skill sign him to bell would be not while he

Not until the 18th century did ternity" was said to be a term used by those "with a just Derision of their own Vileness."

GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE in 1747 updated the earlier term: gamesters, commonly called gamblers, players, women of the town." The lexicographer Samuel Johnson wrote that gambler was "a cant word, I suppose, for game or gamester" and defined it as "a knave whose practice it is to invite the unwary to game and cheat them." It was, as the Oxford English Dictionary later concluded,

'essentially a term of reproach."

No wonder the casino operators and lottery advocates scrupulously avoid the word, while the moralists, joined by liberals who see it as regressive tax-ation, try to jam the pejorative word down the burgeoning industry's throat. CRAV is right: The word is a surefire litmus test.

Keep Your Anger In: It Might Be Good Advice

By Erica Goode New York Times Service

TEW YORK -- "You know what I do when I'm EW YORK — "You know what I do when I'm angry? I hit a pillow. Try that," snggests the psychiatrist, played by Billy Crystal, to his New York gangster client (Robert De Niro) in the Warner Brothers movie "Analyze This." But it is bad advice, according to new research by social psychologists. Though pop psychology books and articles perpetuate the notion that "getting your anger out" is cathartic and can help dissipate hostility, the researchers have found just the poposite. Verning anger on inanimate objects — numerical help dissipate hostility, the researchers have found just the opposite: Venting anger on inanimate objects — punching a pillow or bitting a punching bag, for example — increases rather than decreases aggressive behavior.

Even more dissurbing, the researchers found, books and articles that recommend "catharsis" as a good method of

dealing with anger actually may foster aggression by giving people permission to relax their self-control.

who hit a punching bag were later more aggressive in blasting their rivals in a competitive task with loud, unpleasant noises than subjects who did not hit a punching bag. But aggression also increased when the subjects, who

were all undergraduates enrolled in introductory psychology courses, first read a bogus article describing research purportedly showing that hitting an inanimate object was "an effective way of venting anger."

In one study, participants who read the article were more eager to hit the punching bag than subjects who read a different article debunking the benefits of catharsis. In a subsequent study, participants who read the pro-catharsis article and then hit the punching bag were more aggressive toward partners in the competitive task.

Brad Bushman, an associate professor of psychology at Iowa State University and the lead author of the studies, said he suspected that the subjects, led to believe catharsis articles that it could be supposed that the surjects aggression by giving dealing with anger actually may foster aggression by giving worked, kept trying to relieve anger, even after it became clear that the punching bag was not doing the job. "They in the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies, which appear in the March issue of The In the studies are the studies and the studies are the studies and the studies are the studies are the studies and the studies are t

BOOKS

BALANCING ACT The Authorized Biography of Angela Lansbury

\$25. Little, Brown. Reviewed by Sara Sklaroff

TMAGINE the frustrations of Angela Lansbury. What must it have been like in 1962, filming "All Fall Down"? You are an accomplished actress with two Oscar nominations under your belt (and another on the way), and yet you are forced to cool your beels while Warren Doctor was less accomplished the set to expense. Beatty runs laps around the set to appear

when it came time to shoot she was 'appalled at how there was nothing in his face. It was completely empty." Harsh words from an actress who prides herself words from an actress who prides herself on being extremely professional and on having a gift for the work, but she quickly

By her early 20s, Lansbury realized having a gift for the work, but she quickly sutures the gash: "Warren's intelligence has seen him through. It has allowed him

to have an incredible career." cording to Martin Gottfried's authorized of the Union," but a series of dombiography, "Balancing Act." It means incering mother roles followed, most no-having a career of extraordinary duration tably in "The Manchurian Candidate,"

often being considered a secondary, character actor; it means being addicted to work but craving the pleasant toil of homekeeping. It also means desperately wanting to be nice, even when you are when the chance came in 1963 to work

extremely effective at being nasty. Often, too, it has meant acting old herm project: "Anyone Can Whistle." beyond her years. By the time she left She found herself for once acting young-England for America in 1940, at age 14, er than her age, training hard to keep up with her actor-mother and younger twin brothers, Lansbury had already been designated the family's second adult (when she was 9, and her father died). So she didn't hesitate when her mother, out culture of theater, the experience of beon an acting tour in Vancouver, wired ing on-stage, what all the concentrated back to New York: "Pack up the flat, send the boys back to school, and come out of breath for the upcoming take.

"We all stood around and waited,"

Lansbury recalled, "and tried not to look embarrassed for him." Despite Beatty's elaborate, Method-inspired preparations, for "The Picture of Dorian Gray," but the property of the Company of the property of the pr

when Lansbury arrived at MGM she was Cukor, who cast her in her first pro-

that her precociousness was costing her throughout that the family life Lansbury something, though perhaps she saw it cherishes is in trouble, it is not until close only in terms of her work. Katharine to the end of the book that Gottfried Such is life as Angela Lansbury, ac- Hepburn helped her land a role in "State reveals what was really at stake.

roles. She also dreamed of performing in Broadway musicals, which appealed to her Cockney music-hall roots.

Lansbury sped back to the East Coast

on a new Arthur Laurents-Stephen Sondwith the kids in the chorus. This is where Gottfried's narrative really picks up velocity, too. A veteran drama critic, Gottfried is at his best describing the

attention of a packed house feels like.
"Anyone Can Whistle" was an infamous flop but a cult classic, and it would lead to two roles of a lifetime. The musical version of "Mame" made Lansbury a leading lady for the first time and, combined with her role as the gruesome taken instead to meet with George Nellie Lovett in "Sweeney Todd," it

also made her a Broadway institution. "Balancing Act" celebrates these victories well, but it offers fewer intimacies of substance. Although there are hints

Sara Sklaroff, an assistant managing editor of U.S. News & World Report, - 55 years and counting — but all too despite her desire for younger, nicer wrote this for The Washington Post.

Latin America Market Review

Haunted by 'Lost Decade,' Reformists Push Ahead.

By Daniel Yergin

mies of the region, Latin America is been the case in the past. gripped by a downturn that is still

TIS "second thoughts" time again in Latin America. After more than a decade of reform that has modernized and transformed the economically and politically—to weather the storm and get back on a growth track than would have so of the region. Latin America is been the case in the past.

TIS "second thoughts" time again the region is in much threatens the rest of the Continent.

Latin America's prospects are being made worse by the collapse in the price of commodities—beginning with oil and copper—that remain a leading

The trigger for the downturn was the spreading and that portends at least a financial contagion that began in Asia, countries. This has hit Venezuela parwhich led investors to dramatically re-

source of export earnings for many ticularly hard. The region is also now

together. In response, local banks have far, and a new frontier needed to be slashed their domestic lending, which is drawn between the overweening state hitting businesses across the region and the private sector. This amounted to

ernment are asking what has gone omy combined with protectionism, had wrong. After all, in response to the debt been the typical formula. But the debt crisis that turned the 1980s into Latin

by Brazil, the overall regional economy calibrate risk and pull back their incould decline by 1.5 percent to as much as 3 percent. Yet, the very extent of fiscal problem into a painful crisis that the problem into a decisive break with tradition. State trade and investment. Once again, both business and gov- ownership of large sectors of the econbeen the typical formula. But the debt

A massive process of second though led to a sharp change of direction—toward fiscal discipline, privatization, deregulation, and an opening up toward

All this added up to a far-reaching shift in thinking. "I would never have imag-

Continued on Page 9

No Steam For Stock Markets

Only Mexico Harbors Hope for Near Term

By Anthony Faiola

UENOS AIRES - During much of the 1990s, Latin America's financial centers were home to some of the world's fastest growing stock markets. But in 1999, as the region weathers the aftermath of the currency crisis in Brazil, those same markets appear to have run out of steam, stock analysts say.

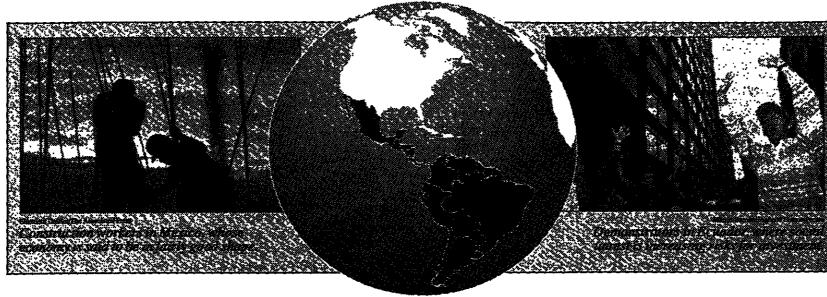
In Sao Paulo, epicenter of the Brazilian crisis and home to the largest stock healthy economy in the United States. exchange in Latin America, the market has rebounded substantially since nosediving in early January right before the devaluation of the Brazilian currency,

stock growth there for most of 1999. Things do not look much better for second largest, in Buenos Aires, where gering a deep recession, which is spread-experts are also predicting flat to de-ing to other economies in the region.

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clining performance for the rest of 1999. In the region as a whole, however, there stock market in Mexico, which has fewer ties to Brazil and is more driven by the

Without doubt, the biggest reason for the cooling of South America's stock markets remains "the Samba effect" from Brazil's financial turmoil. In Januthe real. But the Bovespa, the key index ary, Brazil was forced to devalue its on the Sao Panlo Stock Exchange, remains well below its high of July 1997, and analysts predict that the worsening recession in Brazil will keep a lid on recession in Brazil will keep a lid on recession in Brazil will keep a lid on the Brazil has been forced to triggered a huge wave of capital flight. Since then, Brazil has been forced to keep interest rates as high as 39 percent most other major South American stock to steady the currency. Together, de-exchanges, including the continent's valuation and high interest rates are trig-

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In the region as a whole, however, there could be one notable exception: the as the fallout from the Mexican peso crisis in 1994, corporate earnings throughout South America will still be stung from higher borrowing costs and weak consumer demand. "The effect of the recession will keep earnings down," said Constantin Jansco, an economist with MCM Consultants in Sao Paulo, "and I would not expect to see any major stock rallies, or levels that are substantially higher than they are now."

Other factors are hurring Latin American companies, too. Particularly in Chile and Venezuela, weak prices for regional commodities such as copper and oil are taking the wind out of the sails for many stocks that were hot sellers this time last year. And though political sta-bility remains a key selling point for

most of Latin America, social unrest has default on its foreign debt, potentially again been heating up in Paraguay, fueling some late-year gains in the again been heating up in Paraguay, Ecuador and Venezuela, increasing investment risks in those nations.

But most eyes right now are on Brazil, the region's largest economy - nearly twice the size of Mexico's. Following the real's devaluation, the key index on the Sao Paulo Stock Exchange has gained around 40 percent as the weaker currency suddenly made Brazilian stocks a bargain in dollar terms.

But those big gains are not considered likely to be mirrored in the months ahead. "There was some initial buying because the stocks were suddenly so cheap, but that has quieted now," Mr. Jansco said. He added that industries likely to be hurt the worse were automakers and electronics companies. which are expected to feel the sting from weak consumer demand. But Mr. Jansco and that is going to hurt company said companies that rely heavily on exports, "said Matias Silvani, an econports, including some agricultural busi- omist with Citibank in Buenos Aires. ports, including some agricultural businesses, may fare better. Indeed, the demore price competitive with those in Asia, which went through devaluations

Brazil is facing a series of tests in the coming weeks that will help to determine how quickly it may emerge from its crisis and whether investors eventually change their minds about Brazil. Brazilian authorities are still renegotiating the terms of its \$41 billion loan package headed by the International Monetary Fund and the United States. As part of those negotiations, Brazil is expected to announce further cost-cutting measures soon aimed at slashing its bloated budget deficit now more than 8 percent of GDP.

If proposed and later approved, those measures will help reassure investors that President Fernando Henrique Cardoso is serious about his promise not to

Bovespa, analysts say.
In Argentina, Latin America's third largest economy after Brazil and Mexico, analysts are generally bearish on the immediate growth prospects for the Buenos Aires Stock Exchange. From a high of more than 800 in November 1997, the key Merval index is now at about 410down about 9 percent since the Jan. 13 number of other places. devaluation of the real in Brazil.

N the aftermath of Brazil's devaluation, prices of Argentine products have soared to uncompetitive levels in Brazil, cutting into corporate earnings in export-dominated industries such as auto manufacturing. "Even though I don't see a devaluation risk in Argentina, there are close links to Brazil,

aggressive Argentine companies such as the oil giant YPF SA, which has undertaken a fast-paced global expansion to tap markets abroad — something that will help it cope with low oil prices.

In Mexico, however, the picture is brighter. Analysts agree that Mexico, part of the NAFTA trading bloc with the United States and Canada, has little exposure to the Samba effect.

Economic analysts predict that the Mexican economy may slow only slightly in 1999. Already, Mexican interest rates, which had soared to as high as 47 percent, are down below 30 percent and should continue falling, experts say.

ANTHONY FAIOLA is The Washington Post's South America correspondent based in Buenos Aires.

Little Fear By Direct Investors

Flows From Abroad Appear to Be Stable

By Conrad de Aenlle

ONDON -- While money has been fleeing Latin America's stock and bond markets, direct investment by corporations has shown more resiliency.

Take Telefonica SA, one of the region's largest sources of foreign capital. After pumping more than \$10 billion over the last decade into companies in several countries in which it has significant interests, the Spanish phone company plans to spend \$1.8 billion this year in Brazil to add nearly 3 million fixed lines and mobile connections in three states — and has earmarked additional money for a

There may be some "fine-tuning" of its investment plans, a Telefonica spokesman said, "but there is such a backlog of demand for telephone services in Latin America."

"Even though there's a crisis," he said, "when people have the opportunity to get a phone line installed, they're not going to pass it up."

Flows of direct investment are far more

stable because companies make plans based on long-term assessments of a mar-ker's business potential, rather than short-Still, Mr. Silvani said there might be term considerations tied to economic waves on a stormy sea, direct investment is like the still waters that run deep.

"Direct investment is different from portfolio investment," an investment banker specializing in Latin America for Salomon Smith Barney explained "When you have these crises, it's not \ necessarily that tomorrow you see a change in flows. The crisis has had an impact on real economic growth and interest rates, but a lot of European companies are taking a longer-term view. A one-year cyclical downturn is not going

to affect investment in the long run. He was alluding to another key difference between the two types of investment. Americans dominate Latin American stock and bond trading, but not direct investment. In fact European companies have begun to pour more money into Central and South

> America than their American counterparts. In the 1980s, between 30 and 40 percent of American foreign investment went to Latin America. In 1997, the most recent year for which the

Organization for Economic

Cooperation and Develop-

ment had compiled figures. was only 19 percent.

During the same time many European countries devoted an increasing portion of their investment to Latin America, notably Spain, Portugal and Sweden, for which the region accounted for more than 40 percent of total for-

eign investment. Telecommunications, connerstone of the privatization programs of many govemments in Latin America. consumes much of the European money sent there. In addition to Telefonica, big investors include Telecom Italia SA, Portugal Telecom and the Swedish firm L.M. Ericsson AB.

Other industries that receive heavy investment include energy, electricity, automobiles and financial services. As with relecommunications, Spanish companies have been among the most active investors in Latin American banks and utilities, a reflection of cultural, linguistic and historical ties.

A curiosity of the emerging-market crisis is that direct investment in Latin America shot up 43.5 percent in 1997, according to the OECD, mainly because investors curtailed programs in Asia, the first region hit by currency devaluations and economic contraction. Now that Asia is recovering, or at least stabil-izing, and Latin America has become the focus of greatest ncem, Latin America could

Continued on Page 9

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LATIN AMERICA MARKET REVIEW / A SPECIAL REPORT

View Free-Trade Fever Grips an Ever Ambitious Continent

By Aline Sullivan

ANTIAGO - The hullabaloo surrounding the European Union's move to a single currency has obscured the strengthening of a similarly effective trade bloc in Latin America

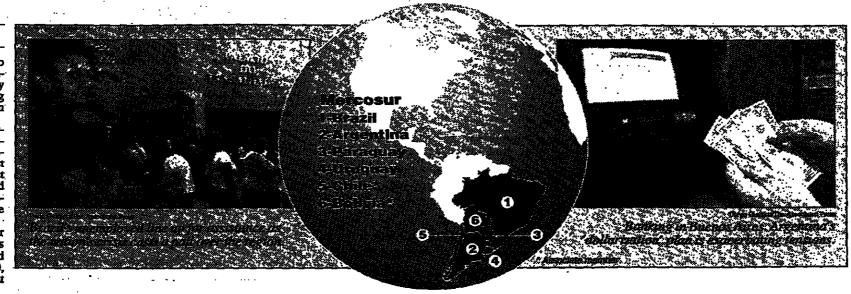
Mercosur, which groups Brazil, Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay and the associate members Chile and Bohivia, recorded \$20 billion in internal trade last year, making it the world's third largest trade bloc after the European Union and the North America Free Trade Agreement. Moreover, it is potentially the fastest growing.

Agreement on combining Mercosur with the Andean Pact, which includes Venezuela, Colombia, Peru, Bolivia and Ecuador, is widely expected by Sept. 30, paving the way for a free-trade zone that would span South America by 2000.

The next step is even more ambitious. Mercosur members are in talks to create ness newspapers are reporting that Ara Free Trade Agreement of the Amergentine exports to Brazil plunged 40 a Free Trade Agreement of the Americas, or FTAA, a single market of 800 million people from Patagonia to

ports from Brazil, made dramatically cheaper in recent months by the devaluation of the Brazilian peso, will de-

They have good reason. Local busi- its huge neighbor.



over the entire Mercosur region. Arinstead posted a trade surplus for the Argentina is trying to distance itself
gentina in particular is worried that exsame three weeks this year. Argentina's from its Latin American neighbors. fierce determination to maintain the value of its own currency, to the point of proposing a plan to adopt the U.S. dollar, has only exacerbated its differences with

plan Argentina vetted two years ago to percent in the first three weeks of Feb-ruary compared with the corresponding gaucho, appears to be an idea ahead of its Alaska. In theory, the FTAA could be operating by 2005. Right now, however, the going is tough.

Brazil's financial crisis has cast a pall gentina's only significant trade surplus, a trade surplus is trying to distance itself

> "Mercosur is in a great deal of trouble right now," said Jaime Loayza O'Connor, head of financial operations at tries' relations. As Mercosur has not yet selves with trade agreements in a part of the world where trade is drying up. Any ing disputes, its future depends on the

The move to "dollarization," like the and Argentina can settle their differ-

It has been done before. Argentina and Brazil have at many points in the past 400 years regarded each other as potential enemies. Increased economic ties, starting in the 1970s and culmi-

1991, ushered in a more peaceful era. a return to old hostilities. But the economic crisis is severely testing the coun- for other countries to concern them-

personal relationship between the leaders of its two biggest members, Presidents Fernando Henrique Cardoso of Brazil and Carlos Saul Menem of Ar-

There is a lot at stake. Brazil's economic crisis is already complicating nating in the creation of Mercosur in talks between Mercosur and the European Union and United States as well as No one is suggesting the possibility of with its Andean neighbors. Some economists note that there is little incentive

astate international confidence in the

Talks between the two presidents got off to a rocky start in Uruguay last month because of a widespread perception in Argentina that Brazil failed to comply fully with Mercosur rules and advise its partners of major economic policy changes before the devaluation. Brazilians were similarly piqued by what many perceived as meddling. At the height of the crisis, President Menem suggested that Brazil emulate his economic success by adopting a one-for-one dollar

peg, known as a currency board. Relations have dramatically improved since then. Brazil agreed to scrap low-cost financing on consumer goods (but not on capital goods) while Argentina has confirmed that it will not impose quotas on Brazilian imports, despite the best efforts of some business

The leaders of both countries have epeatedly and loudly pledged to maintain and advance Mercosur.

Indications are that Brazil and Argentina will resolve their differences. Government officials have acknowledged in recent weeks that the battering they received in the world economic markets had made them more aware of the value of free trade. Sooner or later, they say, these hard times will pass and Mercosur and its members will be the stronger.

ALINE SULLIVAN is a free-lance jour-

High Expectations for Gas and Power Market Growth

By William Durbin

opportunities for energy investors in light of the current economic troubles?

In recent years, investors have poured money into privatized oil, gas, and elec-Yet, there are three strong forces that tric power assets. And they are putting will very likely overcome reticence to billions of dollars into projects that will create a new cross-border "gas and power" business that, in turn, will become the foundation for an integrated, regional energy economy.

But now the region is experiencing yet another round of economic volatility. The devaluation of the Brazilian real has

Are the skeptics right this time? This is a privatize its electricity sector.

dose of prudence right now. They need to carefully assess markets and risks. will very likely overcome reticence to has experienced two major currency devaluations in five years.

• Demand. Perhaps most important is structure investment requirements. that power demand has grown by neatly

history of economic and political crises. Intion and improve competitiveness. • Infrastructure needs. The rapid decritical question in light of Brazil's ef- mand growth has highlighted the need to "ILL Latin America contin- forts to get its privatization program attract billions of dollars per year to ue to provide significant back on track and as Mexico prepares to rapidly expand generation, transmission, and distribution infrastructure for To be sure, investors need an extra the power sector, and reserve devel-

opment, processing plants, pipelines and

distribution systems for the gas sector.

• Market transformations. Latin America still supports the establishment make energy investments in a region that of market-oriented systems to attract private investment capital to meet grow- and commercial power demand avering energy demand and energy infra-

Though these are positive elements to 5 percent per year from 1990 through attract investors, the specter of losing 1997, and is expected to continue. For attract investors, the specter of losing natural gas, the power sector is expected value of an investment to devaluation is a served only to fuel skepticism about the to increase demand as developers seek strong disincentive. Of course, some of promise of the region, one that has a long low-cost fuels to help reduce air politic devaluation effect can be offset by kets in Latin America with significant gas contracts that may be necessary to fi-sociates.

efficiency gains, reducing losses, and consumption, several markets are expecundergoing privatization to protect themselves from devaluation, potentially lowering revenues for governments.

Is the current economic volatility serving to sharply reduce demand? Surprisingly, not yet.

Mexico's power demand has, for instance, averaged nearly 6 percnet during the last three years; Brazilian residential aged 7.8 percent growth during 1998; and even Argentine power demand averaged over 6 percent per year during the last three years. This growth highlights the need for governments to continue to attract private investment capital.

growing the customer base. But in- ted to grow rapidly: Brazil, Mexico, vestors may bid sharply lower for assets Colombia, Central America, Chile, Peru and Ecuador. One reason is the turn to less capital intensive and more environmentally sensitive gas-fired capacity. But there are challenges for natural gas.

Many of the known gas reserves in Latin America are distant from end use markets. For instance, the lack of developed gas reserves in southern Brazil is requiring the development of multibillion dollar pipelines from Argentina and Bolivia to develop domestic demand.

As natural gas breaks into new markets or expands into existing ones, it finds itself in the position of "the last fuel to market," competing with other 'established' fuels. As a result, buyers

nance the big pipeline project.

Investor interest is most focused by far on the nascent gas market of Brazil, where investments are required in every part of the natural gas business. Large-scale pipelines are being proposed throughout the southern cone as gas producers race to gain access to this promising market.

Though the regional recession is affecting energy demand, the effects are uneven. Together with ongoing structural changes, many energy investors find it difficult not to invest in the region. But the perceived level of risk is reducing available capital. The important question today is, "When will the money return?"

WILLIAM DURBIN is director and head of the Latin America Energy Service at Cambridge Energy Research As-

Nobody Yearns for 'Lost Decade'

Continued from Page 8

Development Bank. "For 40 years following the Great Depression and the amount to only \$7 billion. second world war, we looked to govthe goods. We asked too much of government, for too long. We had to make a choice. Now, we have taken the sharp mm back to the market economy."

necessity. When Carlos Saul Menem came in as president of Argentina, inflation was running at 20,000 percent a year, the economy was contracting, and food nots were taking place in the street.

Stabilization has brought efficiency and dynamism to Latin American business.

ness, as well as a great inflow of foreign investment - though a flow that few figured could change direction so rapidly and with such fury.

which appeared poised to live up to its great potential. But Brazil's great vulnerability was — and continues to be its fiscal deficit, which has led to the huge sifying its exports away from oil, on public sector debt. The contagion turned a bright searchlight on the debt, which amounts to close to 50 percent of GDP. And both Brazilians and international investors and lenders, fearful of devaluation, started heading for the door.

The consequences of Brazil's fiscal deficit are economic. But the reasons for Brazil's inability to deal with it are political: the weakness of the party system, the weakness of the presidency versus the congress, the weakness of the federal government versus the states. The result

is an inadequate capacity to restrain to register lower but still positive growth spending in the face of political stalepension pay-out in 1999 is projected to be Fausto Alzati summed it up, "We pray \$42 billion, while contributions will for Alan Greenspan every day."

With interest rates at 45 percent, ernment to take on the task of reviving our Brazil is certainly in for a tough time. economies. We asked the state to deliver "There are two clear paths ahead for "There are two clear paths ahead for Brazil," observed Mignel Bachrach, a World Bank and the Inter-American De-velopment Bank. "One is to slide back altogether and simply use the dollar for into entrenched high inflation, which will result in lower growth, greater in-Federal Reserve the de facto central

> from now, you would see an economy growing strongly on a sustainable basis."

The public finances in Mexico, the Still, the region was not prepared for the lacerating effects of the current global contagion. At the center is Brazil, the price of oil. Although oil was progrowth. But Mexico is also getting a big

boost from geography.

"Poor Mexico," President Porfirio
Diaz is supposed to have said a century
ago. "So far from God, and so close to
the United States."

What was a curse is now a blessing, for Mexico is also benefiting from NAF-TA and from its integration with the U.S. economic machine. Mexico is expected Associates.

Still Plenty of Direct Investment

ined this much change," said Enrique a particularly dramatic case study. The formance. As the Mexican economist Iglesias, president of the Inter-American pension pay-out in 1999 is projected to be

Those prayers seem to be spreading, as some people's second thoughts turn to "dollarization" as the antidote to contagion. Some countries, such as Peru and Argentina, are already part-way there. partner in Pareto Latin American Part- But Mr. Menem is now campaigning for ners and a former economist at both the Argentina to go beyond its currency

> of capital outflow, without deterring investors, who do want the option of taking their money out when they want to.

The downturn adds to the urgency for the critical issues of equity and social safety nets. Latin America still faces viding 40 percent of government revenues before the price collapsed, Mexico from the move toward the market and that sufficient investments are made in health great challenges in assuring that the and human capital. Yet, what is remarkwhich it had been so dependent at the time of the 1980s debt crisis. Domestic thoughts is that hardly anyone is talking thoughts is that hardly anyone is talking consumption has been one spur to about backing away from market reform itself. That demonstrates how much progress has been made since Latin America pulled itself out of the lost decade.

> DANIEL YERGIN is co-author with Joseph Stanislaw of "The Commanding Heights: the Battle Between Government and Marketplace." He is chair-man of Cambridge Energy Research

INVITATION TO THE INTERNATIONAL PUBLIC NOMINATION AND BIDDING ROUND FOR **EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF HYDROCARBONS** 1999

MINISTRY OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT VICEMINISTRY OF ENERGY AND HYDROCARBONS

As established in The Hydrocarbons Law No 1689 of April 30, 1996, the Viceministry of Energy and Hydrocarbons (VMEH) invites all interested companies to participate in the International Public Nomination and Bidding Round for Available Areas for Exploration and Development of Hydrocarbons.

This third annual International Public Nomination Round, to be held from May 15th to 25th, aims to attract the nomination of areas for exploration in Bolivia by national and foreign companies. It is estimated that approximately 611,000 Km2 of Bolivian territory (55.6%) has a hydrocarbons potential; of that total, only 138,507.8 Km² are currently held under contract and 472,492.2 Km² have been defined as potentially productive areas.

The International Public Bidding Round, is to be held next August 15th, will derive in the signing of joint venture contracts for exploration and development in the areas previously nominated. Contracts will have a duration of forty years. Any interested company, whether it has nominated areas or not can participate in the bidding process.

Schedule:

March 1st - August 15: Data Room opened for consultation (YPFB) May 15 - 25: Nomination of areas (VMEH) June 1st: Definition of the sole rating

criteria for nominated areas (VMEH)

August 15: Data Room closes. Reception and opening of bids and awarding of contracts

October 15: Signing of joint venture contracts (VMEH)

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YPFB

That is especially true in more ecotrade batriers could do long-term dam-That is especially true in make carnomically sensitive industries like carmaking. With recession looming, he in the region," a report by analysts at
said, "a car company wanting to go into
said, "a car company wanting to go into
said, a car company wanting to go into
said, a car company wanting to go into
said, the same barriers could do long-term damin the region," a report by analysts at
ING Barings argues. "One of the main
reasons why direct investors have been
attracted to the Southern Coop has been

is not going to build a plant. Even if it wanted to build the plant, it might have the prospect of easy access to the event the event the prospect of easy access to the event t trouble securing the money for it.

foreign investment.
"The fact is that people will hold back

"Ranks that have been active in Latin *Banks that have been of having to by the Salomon banker is already reticent CONRAD DE AENLLE writes about to invest in a Restillant plant. America race use provisions for bad loans," said to invest in a Brazilian plant, it would be business and investment from London.

Continued from Page 8

Hung Tran, chief economist at the Dutch bank Rabobank. "It's harder to borrow.

Banks and to be very conservative in terms of granting fresh credits. That probably deters deals being made."

Another potential descent originates.

Another potential descent originates.

"The fact is that people will hold back initially to find out what the environment will look like," said the Salomon Smith Barney banker, who declined to be identified. "Immediately the amount of transactions you see happening slows that".

Another potential deterrent originates in bellicose talk in countries such as Argentina, where sentiment exists for erecting impediments to cheap Brazilian imports, posing a threat to the Mercosur common market.

So if the hypothetical carmaker cited

last two years, prices are attractive, but with the uncertainty and unsettling financial-market situation, everyone is proceeding cautiously. The problem in Latin America is that the whole story has

yet to unfold."

compelling reasons to come into the re-

gion than to stay out, if not right away.

"In terms of companies that need to expand their distribution or look at pro-

duction in South America with a longterm horizon, it's appropriate for them to look at opportunities in several countries in Latin America," he said. "After falls in exchange rates and asset prices in the

EDITORIALS/OPINION

published with the new york times and the wash

The Drug War Has Failed

Prohibition, the much trumpeted "war on drugs," begun in America more than a decade ago, has hugely misfired.
"We have a failed social policy and it has to be re-evaluated," says Barry R. McCaffrey, the four-star general in

charge of national drug control policy. The boomerang effect of the failed policy was richly detailed in recent articles by Timothy Egan of The New York Times. School systems deteriorate while tax dollars build new prisons. Municipal police forces have grown so militarized that drug warrants are served in armored personnel carriers. Young mothers are imprisoned for years for simple drug possession. Young black males in Cali-fornia are now five times as likely to go to prison as to a state university.

The drug war was created in reaction to a wave of urban violence triggered by crack cocaine that ignited fears that

Almost 70 years after the failure of crack addiction might spread widely. Surveys now show that the use of crack, not changed in 10 years. Nor has the

drugs lies in treatment. Unfortunately, as new prisons have gone up, treatment programs within them have declined. In their obsession to control drug use by making war on it, federal and state legislators have turned the world's greatest democracy into its largest prison system, where young adults are warehoused and the opportunity to treat them is wasted.

As General McCaffrey says, can't incarcerate our way out of this problem." But Americans can, he argues, focus punishment on drug dealers, not drug users, while beginning to -THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Milosevic Isolated

sume in France this Monday, Slobodan Milosevic, the Serbian leader, may find himself isolated in his opposition to peace. The U.S. House of Representatives voted on Thursday to support sending peacekeeping troops to enforce a settlement in Kosovo, removing any doubt about American participation. On Friday the commanders of the ethnic Albanian guerrillas wisely agreed to accept the peace plan proposed by Washington, its European allies and Russia. Mr. Milosevic's refusal to allow international peacekeepers into Kosovo could be the only remaining obstacle. It is crucial that the countries supervising the peace talks remain united, and that NATO sustain its resolve to use force, if necessary, to

The ethnic Albanians initially were expected to embrace the agreement, which may prevent the death of thousands of civilians. But they left France with the promise only that they would sign after two weeks of conferring in Kosovo. They now are apparently pre-pared to do so, thus allowing NATO to unite on the threat of force against Mr. Milosevic.

Richard Holbrooke, the U.S. diplomat, has returned empty-handed from yet another visit to Belgrade, this by about 600,000 people annually, has general level of illegal drug use.

The best hope for controlling illicit

treat the hundreds of thousands of people in prison with drug problems.

time trying to persuade Mr. Milosevic to allow 28,000 NATO peacekeeping troops into Kosovo, 4,000 of them When negotiations on Kosovo re-American. Few expected Mr. Holbrooke to succeed, as Mr. Milosevic senses that NATO countries are unenthusiastic about using air strikes. He expects that he can divide the West and win concessions, among them the assurance that he cannot be prosecuted by the war crimes tribunal. The nations supervising the talks should not let him dictate the terms of settlement for a conflict that he began by persecuting Kosovo's people. The Clinton administration feared that the congressional debate on Kosovo could undermine the peace talks. But Congress had every right to

debate this important issue, and the speeches for the most part proved get Mr. Milosevic to sign a deal. thoughtful and serious. The vote was close but admirably bipartisan, as 44 Republicans supported the resolution. The House seemed swayed by the need to stop the killings, prevent the bloodshed from spreading throughout the Balkans and strengthen NATO as it stands up to Mr. Milosevic. Those arguments should remind the Western nations running the talks of the many good reasons to remain united in pur-

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

America Was Wrong

Bill Clinton, in Central America, even though they later on were genstirred up a modest storm back home by "apologizing" for the American historical past, in this instance for a rare one. The United States did not American support of military rule in simply support military rule, condon-Guatemala in the Cold War years. In words came fairly in the context of a deserved salute to Guatemalans for showing the courage to confront their bloody past. It was appropriate for Mr. Clinton to add that "support for military forces or intelligence units which engaged in widespread repression of the kind described in the new Guatemalan truth commission report was wrong, and the United States must not repeat that mistake." He went on to list some of the contributions that the United States has made to the welfare

of Central America. Some Americans find it distasteful to be reminded of American Cold War excesses, lest anyone fall into the spirit of moral equivalence and equate the original offenses of the Communist powers with the subsequent Western responses to them. Too many Americans have already convinced themselves that there was no real difference between Soviets and Americans except that the latter somehow won. There is an unbecoming wallowing-in-guilt quality to some of this commentary.

In fact, there was an immense difference between Soviets and Americans, starting with the fact that the Soviets typically acted to constrict freedom, choice and truth and the Americans to broaden these things. There was a global struggle, and the overall American participation requires not apology but a dignified satisfaction. That does not mean that every American act was well chosen to fit this basic condition, or that sponsors and perpetrators of those acts bear no responsibility for them. It does mean that it is right for American leaders and others at the least to make full disclosure and to acknowledge the deeds that at one time were thought necessary

erally disavowed Guatemala is, if not a special case, ing and even sometimes collaborating

energized, it could not control. It also interrupted by a coup a line of political development that might -- it's a judg-ment call -- have steered Guatemala away from a civil war that was already being fiercely waged. A double in-

Acknowledging his country's Cold War role as Mr. Clinton did in Guaternala clears the air and lets Americans better align the practice of American foreign policy with American ideals.

-THE WASHINGTON POST.

Other Comment Late but Welcome

For the first time since anyone can remember, a U.S. president has done the right thing in Central America.

On the last stop of his Central American tour, Bill Clinton told a Guatemala City gathering that U.S. support for security forces that engaged in massacres, executions, torture and "disappearing" was wrong. Brave people tried to tell the U.S. Congress their harrowing stories, but bold-faced denials were the only response. Now, at last, the United States is admitting crimes

and blunders. It is late but welcome. Mr. Clinton's words startled and pleased nervous Latino politicians presiding over shaky new democracies. They never expected to see Uncle Sam with his hat in hand. They had lived with the Cold War contradiction of the United States preaching democracy while working hand in hand with notorious dictators whose policy was to exterminate any resistance.

— Mary McGrory, commenting in The Washington Post.

KATHARINE GRAHAM, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER

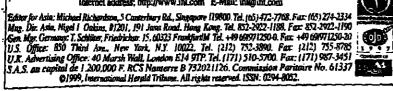
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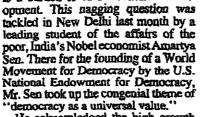
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WASHINGTON — The political blessings of democracy are mani-

fest, but that leaves many poor coun-

tries still worrying whether democracy is a burden to their economic devel-

He acknowledged the high growth delivered in Singapore by the author-itarian approach identified with former Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew. But a view of "all the comparative studies together" suggests that there may be no relation between economic growth and democracy in either direction. Still, none of the policies proven

helpful to development -- openness to competition, use of international markets and so on - is inconsistent with greater democracy. "Overwhelming evidence" indicates that what generates growth is a friendlier economic climate, not a harsher political system. Democracy has further economic

BRUSSELS — The economic case for pursuing the process of trade liberalization is

an overwhelming one. But it is

North America, there are wide-

the combination of liberaliz-

ation and globalization.

veloping and developed?

achieve the objective consec-

rated by the Rio conference and

international discussion

By Stephen S. Rosenfeld

uses. Mr. Sen noted "the remarkable fact" that in the terrible history of famines in the world, no substantial famine has ever occurred in any independent and democratic country with a relatively free press.

Immense famines have afflicted countries with dictatorial or alien regimes. Dictatorial: the Soviet Union in the 1930s, China from 1958 to 1961 (30 million dead) and the two current cases of North Korea and Sudan. Alien: Britisb-ruled Ireland and India

Meanwhile, even the poorest democratic countries have avoided threatened famine. The difference is that the democratic places have a re-sponsive government able to intervene to alleviate hunger. India had famines under British rule right up to inde-pendence. With the establishment of a multiparty democracy and a free press, they disappeared. What Mr. Sen calls the "protective power of democracy" has spared many countries a "penalty of undemocratic governance.

The pattern extends to Asia's current travails. Mr. Sen believes that financial

Yes, People Around the World Need Democracy

once the crisis degenerated into recession, "the protective power of democracy" was simply not available to ensure spreading the burden of a cruel counomic contraction.

Such a protective power is of particular importance for the poor, potential famine victims, the destitute thrown off the economic ladder in a financial earthquake. "People in economic need also need a political voice.'

With evident pride, he notes that in the mid-1970s the Indian electorate -"one of the poorest of the world" affirmed its democratic disposition by voting out a government that had proclaimed emergency rule and abridged

the people's rights.
As for cultural differences, a common claim is that Asians traditionally value discipline over political freedom. Mr. Sen finds that hard to accept. He is in a position, as few of us are, to range over the texts of diverse Asian cultures and to contend with assorted practitioners and scholars in the field.

His conclusion: "The monolithic in-

crisis in South Korea, Thailand and Indonesia is closely linked to lack of transparency, lack of public participation in reviewing financial arrangements. And once the crisis department of the crisis department of the crisis department of the crisis department. pretation comes from politicians, not scholars. "To dismiss the plausibility of democracy as a universal value on the ground of the presence of some Asian writings on discipline and order would be similar to rejecting the plausibility of democracy ... on the basis of

the writings of Aquinas or Plato."

The many merits of democracy, Mr.
Sen concludes, "are not regional" in character. "Nor is the advocacy of discipline or order in contrast with freedom and democracy. Heterogeneity of values seems to characterize most, perhaps all, major cultures. The cultural argument does not foreclose, nor indeed deeply constrain, the choices we

can make today."

It was a felicitous stroke for the National Endowment for Democracy to recruit Amartya Sen as the herald of its attempt to put achieved and aspiring democrats in closer touch with one another. The Internet makes the mechanics of it easy. The wisdom of the man illuminates the core idea: Demo-

cracy is universal.

The Washington Post.

Sustainability: Making Globalization Social and Green

By Leon Brittan

The writer is the EU commissioner for external trade.

impossible to ignore the fact that, both in Europe and in Seminar on Environment and Trade that will be held at the World Trade Organization in spread fears of the social and Geneva this week, back-toback with similar high-level environmental consequences of discussions on development

So how can I justify my long-standing call that the WTO Together, these seminars will provide a first opportunity launch a millennium round by in the history of postwar trade the end of this year, a call now liberalization for all the key backed by Japan and most replayers from the 130-plus members of the WTO to ensure cently by President Bill Clinton, as well as by a growing that the WTO keeps trade libband of other countries, deeralization on track: both increasing the scope of the world's trade and ensuring that I believe that globalization is good for the planet and that growth is essential if we are to the result is better environmen-

The sustainability objective is not yet widely understood. Some developing countries, and

tal protection worldwide. some nongovernmental organiNobody believes, of course, subsequent output from which
zations, fear that we are trying to that a WTO round can fix all will enable us to fine-tune our

since Rio - the objective of sustainable development. By sustainable development I mean sustained noninflationary growth, coupled with social frameworks that each society recognizes as fair, and with a framework both national and

today's growth is not at the expense of future generations.
"Sustainable development"

applied. It is extraordinarily difficult to define in domestic policy a simple formula to ensure that economic growth will indeed advance both social welfare and environmental protection. And such a formula can be developed only case by case by each country, so that the contribution the international community can make to sustainable development worldwide, while

real, is not determining. Nonetheless, the European Union takes sustainable development very seriously, and has inscribed the key environmental protection objectives in its revised Treaty of Amsterdam, due to enter into force this year. It is in the same spirit that

"greenwash" an ecologically unsound model of globalization. Businesses fear that we are going to allow eco-protectionists to hobble the WTO talks. These

fears are groundless and need to be laid to rest. To achieve mutual confidence, we need to ensure that trade and environment officials are all involved in setting the WTO agenda. We need to ensure that the sustainability of WIO endeavors is not only guaranteed by our negotiating processes but also explained to our constituencies.

The WTO is good for the planet and needs to be entrusted with a big new round of negotiations. That is the challenge for the remainder of this year.

do I believe, personally, that government fiat is the sufficient or indeed the most effective answer to many of these challenges. We are not trying to turn the WTO into an aspirin for all the world's troubles. But I do believe that the right mix of trade liberalization, aid to develop regulatory capacity

today's problems in all areas, from child labor to deforest-

ation and global warming. Nor

in WTO member countries and flanking policies in fields such as the environment can produce not only rapid liberalization and growth but also a sustained improvement in environmental policies worldwide.

I have commissioned for Europe a sustainability impact assessment, the first results of which will be available by the time we launch the negotiations at the end this year, and the subsequent output from which

negotiating objectives as wei go forward

Spstainability assessments: really are pioneering work. The academic tools are in their infancy, and our first challenge in Europe will be to establish an good model for our work. But this is not the sort of activity that can wait until a perfect took exists. In close consultation with: all interested parties, we need to:

make a start on this now. Here I am confident that ther idea's time has come, even if it: takes others a few years too realize this. By negotiating fore sustainability in the WTO and demonstrating to our stakeholders at home that this is what we are achieving, the process of: globalization can be resold to arr at present skeptical public opin-3 ion, so that once more we generate a stable consensus in favorī of open, friendly and rule-based.

international relations. International Herald Tribune.

A New Britain Is on the Move Toward Big Choices

ONDON - The renewed international, of environmental ONDON — The renewed norms which ensure that L force of ideas in British politics is striking for a visitor escaping briefly from Washington's mean-spirited wrangling. This is a society in movement toward big choices. For this vis-itor, Mr. Blair is winning his campaign to energize the national political discourse and to

> choices with uncommon confidence and clarity. The New Labour prime minister, approaching the end of his second year in power, benefits from a steady, productive economy that recession-stuck Germany and unemployment-

> channel it toward making those

plagued France can only envy. Brits lord in their prosperity over the "Continentals" who until recently were vannting their good fortune. Gone is most of the dread and doubt about Britain's future that surfaced so spectacularly in the bitter, selfdestructive debates over joining statement laying out how Bri-I have called for the High-Level Europe that ravaged the Conser-

By Jim Hoagland vative Party under John Major. when (not if) Labour wins an ... When the national budget

jority in Parliament, is delib- referendum on the euro. controversy of Little England vs. Big Europe out of the realm of ideology into the realm of ideas. The debate now is a much more rational summing up by each side of the benefits and losses for British finance, trade and workers than it was two

years ago.

Mr. Blair's commitment to bringing Britain into European monetary union and to adopting its single currency, the euro, is now carved in wet cement. He could still get out of dropping the pound sterling if the euro

proves to be a disaster. But to do so would now be a messy, embarrassing reversal Mr. Blair personally delivered his government's recent policy tain will join economic Europe

ernment has launched modern Britain's most serious political devolution program, without knowing fully what the con-sequences will be.

Mr. Blair has promised to give significant powers to regional Parliaments in Scotland. Wales and Northern Ireland. Would English nationalism become a force in politics again, here and in international affairs, if the legislatures then weaken or drop ties to the United Kingdom? I semi-innocently asked that question in one group conversation and a bonfire of ar-

ticulation erupted about the wisdom of even finding out. The passion that Americans have poured into discussing the appropriateness of a certain

kind of sex in the Oval Office

gets spent here on innovative.

political programs. Mr. Blair, with a solid ma- other election and a second-term was introduced last week. dis-. cussion of its details com-OUTS O television time and a 12-page section in one newspaper. Even anti-Labour commentators congratulated Chancellor Gordon Brown for his Third Way mix of

modest tax cuts, targeted ecomild income redistribution. "This government is gaining. credibility in trying to reconcile the enterprise culture that Margaret Thatcher instilled with the traditional concept of fairness,". a British official says. "Our polities used to be about one party. coming in and nationalizing ev-: erything in sight, and then the other coming in and denation-alizing it all. The Third Way is a way to avoid having that and

other wasteful arguments dom-: inate our national will." Professor Lawrence Freedman of King's College, London, observes that "government" today does not have the money it would take to reverse the Thatcher legacy" of privatizing British industry. "Blair's in-stincts in any event are with the country's middle-class, middleage professionals, who trust; him. He has a moral core, even if.

he is not always sincere." Despite the rhetorical and personal affinities, there is no resemblance between the solid administration and imaginative governing program that Mr. Blair is running and the shell that the post-Monica Clinton pres-

idency is rapidly becoming. The Washington Post.

Bosnian Serbs Can Help to Guarantee the Peace

SARAJEVO — On March 5, I fired a president, the leader of the Bosnian Serbs. It was with regret, and as a last resort, that on behalf of the international community I ordered the removal of Nikola Poplasen.

This, together with the decision on the same day not to award the disputed town of Broke to the Serbs but to turn it into a neutral district, inevitably sparked a degree of turbulence Republika Srpska. Slobodan Milosevic sought

to capitalize on all this by accusing me of acting outside my mandate. He fooled nobody. The destiny of the Bosnian Serbs is no longer controlled by

Belgrade. Nor would the great majority of the Serbs who live in Republika Srpska wish it to be. After the Brcko decision. Republika Srpska wish it to be.
After the Brcko decision,
Serbian hard-liners organized two demonstrations in Brcko.

The peace process.

Mr. Poplasen, a hard-liner of the old school, responded by refusing to sign legislation le-Belgrade claimed that the gally passed by a majority vote-second of these involved an of the National Assembly. angry mob 2,000 strong. In reality, neither demonstration numbered more than 200 citizens, and both were orderly.

opinion, and I welcome it. There are signs that matters are returning to normal in Republika Srpska. The National Assembly and the public are beginning to understand why I tifled by his subsequent call for

That is not a revolt but a le-

was forced to act as I did. President Poplasen had been warned; we spoke to him many times, publicly and in private. But from the moment of his obstruct implementation of the related) decision on Brcko. The opinion every consideration must always remain cosmopol-

By Carlos Westendorp

The writer is high representative of the international community for civil implementation of the Bosnian peace process.

inate a viable candidate for prime minister. For the last six months, therefore, the National Assembly has been forced to function without one. It has been evident for many months that only one member of the National Assembly can

serious was his refusal to nom-

command a workable majority, and that is Milorad Dodik, the prime minister of the last administration, who has been acting as caretaker. His government has shown a willingness to comply with the demands of

The final straw came when he sought to remove Mr. Dodik on the say-so of a handful of fellow hard-liners. That was nothing short of an attempted gitimate expression of public coup d'état. It was in no one's interest that Mr. Poplasen remain, which was why I had to invoke my powers under Dayton to remove him. That decision has been further jus-

violent civil disobedience. The National Assembly initially responded with a vote of confidence in President Poplasen. That response, I believe, election last September he per- was in part based on the widely sistently abused his position to misunderstood (and wholly un- of course give the commission's absurd. Art, to be at its highest,

Dayton peace agreement. Most vote took place at an emergency session called on March 7. when delegates had barely had time to read the details of this complex decision. The vote came, in other words, not from the head but from the heart.

My office is engaged in an information campaign to explain the complexities of the Brcko neutral district. We are reassuring Bosnian Serbs that the ter-ritory of Republika Srpska remains contiguous, that nothing has changed overnight, and that they have nothing to fear. That message is getting through. The Breko decision was

made by an independent arbitrator, the distinguished American jurist Roberts Owen. My office had no influence over its timing or its content. That said, I am convinced that the decision is a just one, favoring neither one side nor the other. The only victors are the citizens of Brcko itself, for whom the decision means an end to three years of uncertainty and opens the door to foreign investment, prosperity and growth.

I understand that Bosnian Serbs may have objections to details of the establishment of the district. That is why I have already met with a specially formed National Assembly commission, and will do so again over the next two months, in order to hear them out. I will

when the time comes to set up the new Brcko District Assembly. I am greatly encouraged by the speed with which this commission has come forward.

There are forces at work, both in Bosnia and in the wider region, that would like to see the failure of the Dayton project. Reasoned debate and constructive dialogue - that is the way to ensure that these forces do not prevail.

International Herald Tribune

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1899: Betting Morals LONDON - The "Daily Telegraph," in a leader on the de-cision of the House of Com-mons on racecourse betting, says: 'Its stoppage or the au-nihilation of the great national sport would not tend in the

slightest degree to elevate the moral tone of the individual. On the contrary, his attention would be diverted to more reckless and dangerous channels which it would be impossible for any act of Parliament to close."

PARIS - [The Herald says in

1924: Patriotic Art

an Editorial:] Mr. James A. Brady has a bee in his bonnet it is the notion that American singers should predominate in grand opera as presented in New York. But pure Americanism; in any domain of art, is

itan. Any American tenor who: sings as well as Caruso or Jean de Reské will be enthusiastically received. The inefficient will not, however, be wanted under any possible cloak of pa-

1949: Artists Purged 2 MOSCOW -Soviet writers,

artists and musicians continued to cleanse their ranks of "bours geois nationalists" and "homeless cosmopolitans." Under are tack was M. Model, theater critic, who committed two basis errors by praising V. Meyerhold, former director of the Moscow Experimental Theater; as "the greatest master of the Soviet Theater," and by favor ing production in the lewish-theater of "immical plays by Abraham Goldfaden." Ukrani an writers unmasked a group of "bourgeois nationalist" ers and critics and "ended their subversive activities."

INTERNATIONAL

Limited Choice On a President Could Doom Australia Vote

By Michael Richardson International Herald Tribune

MELBOURNE — If public opinion is any guide, a majority of Australians will vote later this year for their nation to become a republic by severing their last constitutional links with Britain, the former colonial ruler.

But disagreements among Australian republicans over how to chose a new head of state to replace Britain's monarch, Queen Elizabeth, and deep distrust of politicians among Australian voters makes it increasingly likely that the ref-erendum in November on the republic

The latest poll on the issue shows that 51 percent of people are in favor of a republic, compared with 33 percent against. Public support has slipped from 54 percent in September 1997 but has still shown fairly consistent majority

backing.

But as a result of a compromise made at a constitutional convention last year, the November referendum will only give voters the alternative of retaining a head of state appointed by the British queen as her representative on the advice of the Australian government, or having a president chosen by Parliament in Can-

In the same recent poll, 55 percent were against Australia becoming a republic with a president being chosen by Parliament. Thirty-three percent supported the proposal, and 12 percent were undecided. Republicans are split on how to select a president. Some want the ance. person to be chosen by Parliament, Others, reflecting the tide of public opinion. want a popularly elected head of state as in the United States, France and many other countries. A large number of them say that they will vote no in any referendum that fails to give them this

"Unless there is a dramatic shift in the republican debate between now and November, the referendum on becoming a republic with a president appointed by Parliament will be defeated easily," said Dennis Shanahan, political editor of The Australian newspaper.

Australia is an independent nation, but its constitution is the result of an act KOSOVO: of the British Parliament almost a century ago. The government has promised that Australia will have its own president by 2001 if it chooses to become a re-

> Under the republican model being considered in the November referendum, a president would be chosen by the prime minister and the opposition leader from public nominations, and appointed for a five-year term if approved by a majority of members of Parliament.

Prime Minister John Howard is a stamch monarchist, as are most members of the two parties in the governing deal, officials say, then the Serbs will be coalition. Of those government mem-confronted with a clear NATO ultimatbers who are republicans, very few sup-port a directly elected president, arguing that it would upset Australia's Westminster-style parliamentary system of democracy.

Analysts said that this unusual bipartisanship had raised public suspicion that a deal had been struck among politicians in Parliament to protect their power. The Australian said that the outcome of the recent poll on the republican issue "may well be tied into the disillusionment many people have with politicians of all colors because, in the main, they support the parliamentary selection process as it does not threaten

their own importance."
Michael Warby, editor of the IPA Review, a quarterly magazine on public policy, said that those pushing for a directly elected president as a manifestation of the sovereignty of the people have a vision that is attractive to many Australians.

"If one wants a constitutional system that expresses a new vision of Australia, then an elected president is the way to go," he said. "That is what the people of Australia clearly believe, and this is how they are going to vote."



GETTING BACK THEIR LAND — Bushmen walking on the dunes in Kalahari Gemsbok Park in South Africa to visit an ancestral burial site. Though much of the country's land redistribution process has been slow, a slice of land is scheduled to be handed back to the tribe next week.

KOREA: Endless Horrors of North Korea Are Pushing the U.S. Toward a Policy Shift

Continued from Page 1

ternational law. Sources close to Mr. move radically toward either fringe. Rather, he is expected to lay out a broad plan of further economic inducements perhaps even an offer to lift some economic sanctions — as well as stem warnings of harsh consequences for broken promises or continued threatening behavior.
Mr. Perry's deliberations have been

complicated by a simple problem: He is trying to prescribe a cure without being able to examine the patient. Mystery continues to be North Korea's most potent weapon abroad. By maintaining a tomblike silence within the country and by refusing to meet most foreigners and any Americans — Kim Jong II has kept Washington and its allies off bal-

"The world may be in the midst of an information explosion," but North Korea is a "statistical blackout," said Nicholas Eberstadt, one of the leading American scholars on North Korea. "We have no idea precisely how bad it is inside North Korea. It is somewhere between terrible and catastrophic."

Critical questions remain un-answered: How close is North Korea to possessing a nuclear bomb? How exfreme is the humanitarian crisis? Would Kim Jong II start another Korean war?

But in some ways, information from smuggling drugs. Last year alone, North which is survival of the regime, said inside North Korea flows more freely Korean diplomats were arrested in Rus-Katsumi Sato, head of the Modern Korea than it did even two or three years ago. Perry say his recommendations will not More foreign business leaders, aid workers and politicians have been allowed restricted visits. A widening stream of refugees and defectors has also described what the government keeps hid-den. Ever more sophisticated surveillance systems record radio and telephone conversations from behind the mine fields and barbed wire. Satellites and U-2 spy planes can tell how many North Koreans it takes to change a flat tire on an

army truck, and what tools they use. The portrait that emerges from these sources is partial, a collection of anecdotes, snapshots and intelligence reports. But its elements reveal the dire conditions inside North Korea and the dilemma faced by the Clinton admin-istration and its allies in designing a new approach at a critical moment.

As North Korea grows poorer, it is increasingly becoming a criminal state, selling anything to make a buck: co-caine, heroin, methamphetamine, counterfeit \$100 bills, bootlegged cigarettes and liquor, illegal ivory and rhino horns. Mr. Perry must now consider how Congress feels about sending millions of dollars in aid to a country that appears to act like an organized crime family.

A recent report by the Congressional Research Service documented at least 30

sia, Germany, Egypt and Japan on drug- Institute, a Tokyo research organization. smuggling charges. Japan has seen a sharp increase in North Korean drugsmuggling, last year seizing more than 500 pounds (225 kilograms) of meth-amphetamine from North Korean

North Korea uses state-run poppy farms to produce heroin. One U.S. official said that when international observers visited the Yongbyon nuclear reactor in 1994, there was a 3-acre (1.2hectare) poppy field growing "not 10 feet from the front door."

The North Koreans are notorious for the excellent quality of their counterfeit U.S. \$100 bills, known as "super notes," which were part of the reason Washington switched to the new, harder-to-copy \$100 bills now in circulation.

North Korea has stopped paying most diplomats abroad, and that has led to their using their diplomatic privileges to pursue the lucrative illegal trade. North Korean diplomats in Africa have reported being forced to fish for food and to smuggle elephant ivory and rhino horns to raise money. In India, where killing cows is illegal, North Koreans have slaughtered cows in the embassy basement to sell black-market beef.

"The scariest part about North Korea instances of North Korean diplomats is that any means justifies the end,"

International aid groups estimate that famine has killed 2 million to 3 million North Koreans since 1995. Intelligence officials and defectors say thousands of North Koreans are now migrating from

one part of the country to another, looking for food. Armed soldiers keep them from leaving North Korea altogether.

Refugees who manage to cross the border into China tell horrific stories of starvation. They also describe food dis-tribution determined by political and military connections — raising ques-tions in Congress about whether U.S. aid

is reaching those who need it most. Millions of people live with little elec-tricity or food. Satellite photos taken at night show a land with virtually no electricity outside the capital. Hospitals have almost no food, water or medicine -surgery is sometimes performed without anesthesia in unheated rooms, say foreign officials who have seen the procedures.

An Indian economist, Amartya Sen, in an interview during a recent visit to Seoul, said that despite fears that emergency food aid may be diverted to the military or the elite, cutting it will only

hurt the hungry.

"You might as well send food — it does some good for the poor people who are suffering," said Mr. Sen, who won a 1998 Nobel Prize for his analysis of famine. "Any idea that stopping it will weaken the regime is not true. Dictatorial regimes are not strengthened by sending food or weakened by not sending it. They can take a lot of beating of their pop-

ulation. They are quite willing to make sacrifices — just not their own."

That kind of thinking has guided U.S. policy on emergency food aid to North Korea: U.S. contributions rose from \$2 million in 1995 to more than \$170 million last year. But as Mr. Perry weighs how to proceed, critics abound. "The Clinton policy has been a disaster," Mr. Sato said. "It's disastrous not just because the U.S. has given millions in food and oil and gotten nothing back but because the U.S. has given money and support to a country that is killing its own people and is developing weapons of mass destruction to kill even more people."

General Michael Hayden, deputy chief of staff of U.S. forces in South Korea, said the poor state of the economy had probably eroded the overall readiness of North Korea's military. But the general said North Korea was still capable of a quick, massive strike against South Korea that would almost surely involve chemical weapons and 1 million or more casualties.

U.S. officials also say North Korea probably is developing biological weapons. It is believed to have hidden enough plutonium to make one or two nuclear bombs - but whether such bombs exist is an open question. Suspicion about Pyongyang's nuclear ambitions has grown recently with satellite photographs showing thousands of workers swarming around an under-ground facility that U.S. officials suspect is nuclear-related.

That suspicion is a key reason Conress has demanded a policy overhand. If Pyongyang does not agree to outside inspections of the site, Congress is unlikely to continue financing the 1994 agreement that underpins current U.S. policy toward North Korea.

Ethiopia Denies It Launched Attack

control of the area.

BRIEFLY

Angolans Fleeing

HUAMBO, Angola -- Civilians jostled for tickets to board weekend flights leaving the besieged city of Kuito in central Angola as tension grew in the face of a mounting rebel

assault, aid workers said Sunday. The government-held town lies just 100 kilometers (60 miles) south

of the headquarters of the rebel Na-tional Union for the Total Inde-

pendence of Angola at Andulo, and in recent days the city has come under increasing attack by rebel

Aid workers were asked to leave

Friday by the deputy governor of the area when it became clear government forces were in danger of losing

A Řebel Assault

ADDIS ABABA, Ethiopia — Ethiopia denied Sunday that it had opened a major offensive along its border with Eritrea.

'There was the usual shelling on Saturday and skirmishing along the Tsorona sector on Sunday, but no large-scale fighting," an Ethiopian spokesman said.

Eritrea had charged that Ethiopian infantry, tanks, artillery and aircraft were being used in a large-scale at-tack against its forces. (Reuters)

Guatemalan Rebels Apologize for War

GUATEMALA CITY - Former guerrilla leaders have added to a recent stream of regrets from all sides of Guatemala's bloody 36year civil war, formally apologizing for their excesses and "mistakes."

"With deep sorrow and humble-ness we ask for forgiveness from the memory of the victims, their relatives and the communities that suffered irreparable losses, injustices or offenses," said Jorge Soto, secretary-general of the Guatemalan National Revolutionary Unit, a group of former guerrillas that has registered as a political party.

A truth commission reported Feb. 25th that the group was responsible for 3 percent of the atrocities that were committed during the war, which ended in 1996.

Last week, President Bill Clinton apologized for the U.S. role in backing successive military regimes during the conflict. And President Alvaro Arzu apologized in December for the government's role in the war and called for "national forgive-

Ecuador's Congress Takes On Economy

QUITO, Ecuador — Congress was scheduled to meet in an extraordinary session Monday to consider 10 bills that President Jamil Mahuad had drawn up to tackle the nation's economic crisis.

Juan Jose Pons, the parliamentary president who called the session. said lawmakers had 30 days to approve government proposals to privatize state industries in the telecommunications, electricity and oil

Mr. Mahuad's shock treatment includes proposals to increase fuel and food prices and to raise the valueadded tax by up to 15 percent.

Ecuador's banks were to reopen Monday for the first time in 10 days following a huge run on deposits this month. (AFP)

For the Record

Prince Charles of Britain flew to the Falklands over the weekend for a visit to the islands that spacked war with Argentina in 1982. (Reuters)

Hard Mood for Talks

Continued from Page 1

Other ethnic Albanian delegates have

said the answer will be "yes."

But even as the delegates arrived in Paris, the conflict was again escalating. New fighting was reported on Sunday, after a series of bomb attacks Saturday killed seven people and wounded dozens of others.

If the ethnic Albanians do sign the um: Accept the plan within two or three days — and 26,000 allied peacekeepers to enforce it -- or risk an allied bombing campaign that could wipe out much of Serbia's air defenses and other sensitive targets within a week.

But on Sunday, the eve of the start of the talks, the ethnic Albanians had still not signed, and the Yugoslav president, Slobodan Milosevic, had not budged from his rejection of numerous appeals by European, American and Russian of-"We want to focus all the pressure we

can on Milosevic, and that is handicapped without a clear Albanian 'yes,' a senior NATO diplomat said. The British foreign secretary, Robin

Cook, a co-leader of the talks, reiterated Sunday that NATO remained poised to strike militarily if an agreement could not be reached, The Associated Press [Mr. Cook warned Mr. Milosevic that

the Yugoslav government "may have to ment. take the consequences" if it rejects a



A boy freeing one of thousands of white doves released in Belgrade on ficials that he agree to take the peace- Sunday as Serbs left for Paris to resume talks with ethnic Albanians.

> is the dominant component, agreed to provisions restoring that autonomy to ers, William Walker, told allied officials Kosovo that were worked out in the Saturday in Brussels that they could be negotiations last month in Rambonillet, evacuated in 8 to 12 hours, but only if near Paris.

The talks were recessed Feb. 23. Mr. Milosevic has insisted that 2,000 unarmed civilian observers who have been monitoring an unsuccessful ceasefire in Kosovo since last October would e enough to supervise a new agree- ans.

"But if we don't go with air strikes,
These observers would have to be then NATO loses its credibility," he be enough to supervise a new agree-

deal.]

Negotiators from the two republics paign could be started, allied military making up Yugoslavia, of which Serbia commanders say.

NATO: Russia Unsure How to React to Alliance's 50th Birthday

Continued from Page 1

Council on Foreign and Defense Policy, a group of opinion makers with close ties to the Russian government and military "We want to have NATO as weak as

possible because we are not part of it."

Certainly, the NATO-Russian relationship is troubled. NATO officials and Russian officials meet regularly in Brussels over security policy, and the two sets over security poncy, and the two
sides conduct joint peacekeeping patrols
in Bosnia. But they have yet to establish
a genuine partnership—and the future of
the relationship looks anything but rosy.
Russia is not only trying to blunt any
military advantage that the alliance derives from having admitted Poland, the
Crech Republic and Hungary Its Czech Republic and Hungary. Its longer-term strategy is to discourage the alliance from trying to include the Baltic states, Estoma, Latvia and Lithuania, or other former Soviet-bloc nations by mak-

ing the process as diplomatically painful as possible - an approach Western officials call the "root-canal" strategy.
Russian anxiety over NATO, by and large, is a preoccupation of its political elite. Virtually nobody in Russia is happy about the alliance's decision to

accept new members. But the issue ranks relatively low on the average citizen's long littery of worries, a list dominated by domestic concerns like soaring prices, crime and un-

paid wages.

The relatively modulated response of nuclear weapons there.

the public is important because that makes it unlikely a rabid nationalist that a binding, legal commitment. many critics of expansion by the Western

alliance had said they expected.

Public opinion polls also show that concern over NATO's expansion reflects generational differences. Younger Russtill, sian are far less worried than the older Russians who lived through the Cold War - and thus it may fade in time.

But if NATO expansion has not loss of superpower status and over U.S. changed the face of Russian domestic willingness to use its power in Iraq and politics, it has contributed to the sourness of the West's diplomatic relations with Russia, already under stress from disputes over leaq, the former Yugoslavia and arms control.

critic of NATO expansion.

Much of the West's diplomacy over

the last few years has been aimed at preventing the bitterness among Russian politicians from boiling over.

Seeking to ease Russian womes, NATO negotiated a 1997 accord with Russia, called the Founding Act, which set the terms of alliance expansion. As part of that accord, the West indicated it had no plan, need or intention to permanently station a substantial number of NATO combat forces on the territory of new members or to keep

But the West stopped short of making Western alliance touted as a sign Mos-

cow was adjusting itself, however painfully, to the realities of an expanded Still, the accord signaled little more than a temporary truce. That is hardly surprising, for the debate also reflects Moscow's deeper resentments over its

Yugoslavia in the face of Russia op-position. "The real issue is not Poland, the Czech Republic or Hungary," said Toby Gati, a former assistant secretary of state in the Clinton administration. "The real issue is American power. What the Russiant Secretary of the Russiant Secretary of the Russian Secr slavia and arms control.

"Foreign policy is always a preoccupation of the clies," said Aleksei issue is American power. What the Rusarbatov, a member of Parliament from a do not like that there is one country which has the capability to act by the country which has the capability to act by the country which has the capability to act by the cap itself and direct an alliance. NATO expansion is not the defining issue, though it has left the Russians with a bad taste."

The alliance's decision to expand, for example, is not the principal reason the Russian Parliament has yet to approve the START-2 strategic arms treaty.

The failure to ratify the accord has more to do with the U.S. decision to bomb Iraq in December - an attack that took place just days before the accord was to be taken up by the Parliament and President Bill Clinton's surprise move to press ahead with the testing and development of anti-missile systems.

The official in charge of the observ-Serbian forces did not try to prevent them from leaving. "If there's no resolution," an allied

official in Brussels said, "and we go in with air strikes, I'm afraid this will end NATO's relationship with the Russi-

Whether Mr. Milosevic, who as Serbia's leader a decade ago abolished autonomy for Kosovo, would back down after an initial salvo or brave a complete phased campaign against his air defense system is unclear. Allied officials, starting with Secre-

tary of State Madeleine Albright, were surprised by the reluctance of the armed could rise to power on a surge of The agreement also established a new rebels to settle for an agreement that anti-NATO resentment, the calamity that NATO-Russian council, a panel that the would require them to disband but would ensure an armed international presence for at least three years to keep Serbian security forces mostly out of the province.

Mrs. Albright's personal involvement in the Rambouillet talks is now regarded by American and European officials as a risky gamble that backfired.

Javier Solana Madariaga, the alli-ance's top civilian leader, was given authority at the end of January to launch a two-phase bombing campaign against the Scrbs, but only if they were the main obstacle to ending a year of fighting that has killed an estimated 2,000 people and driven 200,000 others from their homes in the province.

If the ethnic Albanians come to the table Monday but do not sign, officials say, Mr. Solana is unlikely to see that as sufficient to order air attacks.

More Albanians Die in Kosovo

Peter Finn of The Washington Post reported from Pristina, Yugoslavia: As Serbian and ethnic Albanian delegates gathered in France to prepare for the peace talks, Kosovo continued its spiral into violence, fear and mourning. The death toll on Saturday rose to seven after one man died overnight.

All seven dead were ethnic Albanian. officials said today, and most of the 58 injured were also ethnic Albanian.

Taleban and Opposition Agree To Share Power in Afghanistan

warring factions in Afghanistan agreed Sunday after three days of UN-mediated talks to share power and try to forge a

permanent cease-fire.

Representatives of the governing Islamic Taleban militia and the opposition coalition based in northern Afghanistan said at a news briefing in Ashgabat, the capital of Turkmenistan, that they would meet again in Afghanistan in about two weeks to work out the details.

"In order to join both the groups, we have agreed to have a shared executive, a shared legislation and a shared judi-ciary," said Wakil Ahmed Muttawakil, the leader of the three-man Taleban delegation. The agreement also called for the exchange of 20 prisoners each.

Despite the broad nature of a statement released, both sides were optimistic.
"I am optimistic and hopeful that at the next round of talks we will be able to announce a permanent cease-fire in Afghanistan," said Mohammed Younus Qanouni, head of the opposition's four-Qanouni, head of the opposition's rounman negotiating group. He added that
the autosphere of trust established at the
negotiations had led him to believe that a

UN military adviser.

The United States contends Mr. bin

automatically follow any establishment ASHGABAT, Turkmenistan - The of a shared power structure. "When we agree on the details and personnel of the government, then we can agree to have a cease-fire," he said. The delegations added that any shared

power structure would represent different ethnic groups. The issue of how the govermment would be divided between them had yet to be finalized, they added. Mr. Qanouni said autonomy for some

ethnic groups within Afghanistan was not currently on the agenda. "Our definition of a broad-based government means a strong central government where everybody is represented," he said.

Meanwhile, a senior UN official arrived in Kabul to discuss security ar-

rangements for the return of international staff to the war-torn nation. "The UN international personnel are back to Afghanistan from today," Mi-

chael Sacket, a director of the UN World Food Program for Afghanistan, said Sunday at the airport in Kabul. About 40 UN staff members were evacuated from Af-

ing were within reach.

Mr. Muttawakil also was upbeat, saying that a permanent cease-fire would labeled more than 200 people.

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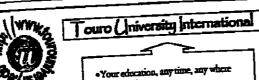
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MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1999

Japan Gives Consumers Free Money

But Economists Doubt Plan Will Spur Spending

By Sheryl WuDunn New York Times Service

TOKYO -- With all the strength of her 90 years, Chizuko Miyata clutched her crisp, cream-colored coupons and began dreaming of what she would buy

"I'm not so interested in fashion these days," said Mrs. Miyata, a twinkle in her eye. "So I'm going to use them to buy the things I need in

everyday life."

"The aim of these coupons is to boost buying," added Mrs. Miyata, who had just picked up the new coupons that the government is handing out to spur consumption and revive the economy. "I understand that aim. So I'm going to spend more."

If all Impanese citizens were that loyal, Prime Minister Keizo Obuchi would have nothing to worry about. But nobody knows whether the scheme one of the oddest ideas ever tried to mally must use their coupons in their revive a major economy - will suc-

ceed in getting people to spend. Japan's economy is stuck in its worst recession since the end of World War II, even if there are some signs of progress, and one of the problems has been that ordinary citizens are so anxious about the future that they are saving rather than spending their yen. The government has tried tax cuts, but people tend to save that money as well.

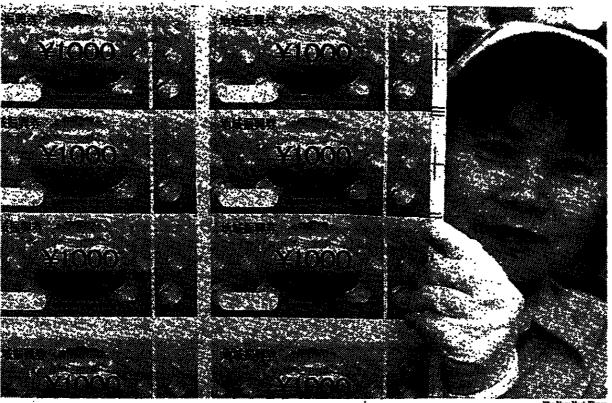
So Mr. Obuchi and his cabinet are guidelines. So some handing out something that cannot be coupons can be saved: nearly \$6 billion worth of shop-spent at nightclubs

ping coupons that expire in August.

"This is a very big experiment," can be used only said Katsuyuki Hikasa, a senior official places like sho in the Komei Party, which proposed the idea to the governing Liberal Demo-cratic Party. "This is the first such economic experiment done anywhere in the world."

Still, economists have attacked the will be very successful. For starters, consumers may spend the coupons and save an equivalent amount of cash.

In addition, the plan has been a logistical nightmare, and if is proving expensive to administer.



Shizuko Nagasawa, a printing company employee, displaying some of the shopping vouchers that are being given to consumers as a way to stimulate Japan's economy. Nearly \$6 billion in coupons is being distributed.

The government has attached strings Emiko Kawamura. Mrs. Kawamura, own neighborhoods.

To help local business, the government had each town and municipality find its own printers, dye specialists and paper makers to mint their form of local currency. So some coupons are pink, some are blue, some are white, some are cream.

can also set their own rules, within or casinos. Others can be used only at places like shops

The localities

In some areas. the authorities have tried to belp small to ensure that at least one half is spent at has plans to squeeze in a short vacation

to the coupons so that residents nor- 41, sees the coupons as a form of financial relief that allows her to expand her rainy day nest egg. With three children, including a 16-year-old who does not qualify for the coupons, Mrs. Kawamura is pinching pennies.

"I'm not going to buy anything ex-pensive or big," Mrs. Kawamura said.
"With the coupons to spend, I have extra money. So I

The plan, one of the oddest ideas ever tried to this time. revive a major economy, ine, a homemaker has been a logistical with two boys, is more like the kind nightmare and is of person the govexpensive to administer.

emment is hoping for. Mrs. Komine plans to plank her \$340 businesses by forcing residents to wait worth in coupons down for a new book-40 days before they can use their shelf for her six-year-old son who is coupons at big department stores, while about to start first grade. Her children plan on many fronts, and few believe it others have color-coded their coupons recently learned how to ski, so she also

> on the slopes. The key question is whether the "I'm not thinking of saving because coupons, will encourage nectually for the have to buy a lot of things this seasoned more. And the risk is man there soon, said wirs. Komine. "I'm hoping to are plenty of people out there likes spend the extra money on skiing."

The biggest complaint comes from the large swath of people who do not qualify. In general, the coupons go to families with children under 15 or senior citizens over 65, and the amount handed out varies with the number of people in each category.

Fumiko Okazawa, 72, expressed puzzlement that she can receive the coupons but her husband, 80, cannot.

For elderly recipients, the governdon't have to take ment screens out people who earn too so much out from much money, and her husband, she my bank account said, was a bit envious and a bit contemptuous. "He just tells me that I can Keiko Kom- receive these coupons because my income is so low," she said.

"I think there should be other ways of doing this," said Chie Takeguchi, a 36-year-old mother who tagged her baby girl along as she picked up her \$165 worth of \$8 coupons.

"There are some people who get the coupons and others who do not get them. Originally, the idea was that everyone would get something. But they changed that, and I have some reservations."

Mrs. Takeguchi's parents are young-er than the 65-year-old age limit to re-ceive the coupons, and she said. "They have expressed the idea that they do not think the program is entirely fair."

France Scripts an End To Tale of Bank Woe

Government Authorizes Credit Lyonnais Sale

PARIS - The French government on Sunday began what it hopes is the final chapter in the riches-to-rags saga of Credit Lyonnais, even as a new quest for reatness galvanizes the nation's banking industry.

The government published an official decree authorizing the long-awaited selloff of Credit Lyonnais. It promised more details by the end of the month, after France's privatization watchdog gives its approval. The government pledged to sell Credit Lyonnais in return for European Commission approval of hefty state bail-outs for the bank, brought to its knees by a reckless expansion drive in the 1980s.

The government "wants to turn the page on Credit Lyonnais" past to allow it to move ahead and grow," said Nina Mitz, a spokeswoman for Finance Minister Dominique Strauss-Kahn.

The sale announcement capped a dramatic week, the likes of which have never before been seen in French banking, after Banque Nationale de Paris SA bid \$38 billion for its rivals Societe Generale and Paribas, which themselves were already planning their own merger.

BNP's double bid was prompted in part by the government's refusal to modify the sale terms for Credit Lyonnais to make BNP its main alliance

In fact, in publishing the decree, the government now says no large investors would be able to buy more than 10 percent of Credit Lyonnais when its sale starts as soon as next month.

That quashed speculation that Credit Agricole, France's biggest mutually owned bank, would snatch the lion's share of Credit Lyonnais, France's fourth-largest bank.

Together, so-called core investors will own less than a third of the bank after the sale, a Finance Ministry official said. The government plans to sell an additional 50 percent in an initial public offering by June. Employees will also be able to buy 3 percent to 5 percent, and the state will keep a 10 percent stake.

Credit Agricole had been publicly courted by the chief executive of Credit Lyonnais, Jean Peyrelevade. Analysts and investors had expected Credit Agricole to try to buy as much as 35 percent of Credit Lyonnais; they still expect Credit Agricole to be among the largest core investors.

The state may favor Credit Agricole for its 50 billion francs (\$8.3 billion) in

cash, its mutually owned status that means shareholders would not be clam-oring for job cuts and a branch network that is predominately rural and therefore complements Credit Lyonnais' urbanbased business, analysts said.

Axa SA, the world's biggest insurance company by sales, and Allianz AG, its German rival, are also predicted to get stakes. Allianz has an "informal agreement" with the French govern-ment for a stake of at least 5 percent, according to an article to be published in the Monday edition of German weekly

Der Spiegel.
The Finance Ministry outlined three steps that will lead to the bank's sale in the coming four months. First, it said, a privatization commission must approve the blueprint for the sale at the end of

Once the blueprint is cleared, banks and other financial institutions looking to be among the core shareholders must submit their bids, which the government will review. They will pay more than the price offered to individual shareholders, according to the ministry. Each will be allowed to hold from 1 percent to 10 percent of the bank's capital, and together they must own less than 33.3 percent. They must promise to keep their shares for an unspecified length of

When the core shareholders have been chosen, "the rest of the bank will be sold on the market and allow all investors, especially individual ones, to take part in Credit Lyonnais' development," the ministry said. "That sale will take place at the end of the first

The European Commission demanded that France sell 90 percent of the bank by October in exchange for approval of an estimated \$27 billion bailout. The sale of the stake in Credit Lyonnais, once one of Europe's top banks, caps years of state aid and asset sales after free-wheeling lending in the 1980s and early 1990s saddled the bank with a mountain of bad debts.

Billions of francs of taxpayers' money have been poured into rescuing the bank, making its sale highly sen-sitive, particularly if a significant stake were to fall into public hands.

In the 1980s, Credit Lyonnais tried to fulfill then-President François Mitterrand's dream that it become Europe's biggest bank. But a collapse in property prices, and reckless lending, notably for the acquisition of Hollywood studio MGM, ended that.

At its height at the start of the decade, Lyonnais was Europe's biggest bank in asset terms. But by the end of 1997 it had shrunk drastically, trailing several of its French rivals.

Lyonnais crawled back to profit in 1995 and posted net profit of 357 million francs in 1997, up from 202 million francs the year before. Results for 1998 are due to be released Thursday.

Mr. Peyrelevade estimated the value of Credit Lyonnais in November at between 35 billion and 40 billion francs, of which the state could make 25 billion to 30 billion francs with the privatization.

By setting up a few core shareholders, the government aims to give the bank a few years' breathing room to continue its recovery and then choose an alliance partner from a position of strength.

(Reuters, Bloomberg, AFP)

Nissan Chiefs Go to Paris as Deal With Renault Appears Imminent enables its holder to exercise a veto over debt burden — the highest in the industry

weekend amid expectations that a deal between the troubled Japanese automaker and Renault SA of France was

An amouncement of an agreement under which Renault would buy a third of Nissan could come as early as Tuesday,

the Nihon Keizai newspaper reported.

But analysts warned that the talks could still unravel, particularly because Renault is wary about Nissan's heavy

Renault confirmed that it was dis-

it had not made any offer. "We have not further details.
reached a decision to make or not make Mr. Hanawa and the Renault chair-TOKYO — Top executives of Nissan reached a decision to make or not make Motor Co. traveled to Paris over the an offer to Nissan," a Renault spokesman said.

Sources close to the negotiations said the talks were close to a conclusion and that Renault had tried to enlist the support of the French government and fi-nancial institutions for the deal.

Yoshikazu Hanawa, the president of Nissan, the second-largest automaker in Japan, left Tokyo for Paris on Saturday for final negotiations with the French company, the Jiji Press news agency and Asahi newspaper said.

cussing an alliance with Nissan but said he had left Japan but declined to provide the stake reportedly being discussed — technology. Yet analysts said Nissan's

man, Louis Schweitzer, were expected to hold talks in Paris to discuss the size of the French company's stake, which is

expected to be at least one-third.

reports said

important matters, including changes in the company's charter, at its general shareholder meetings, Jiji noted. Renault moved to the forefront when

DaimlerChrysler AG broke off 10- analyst with HSBC Securities in Paris. The French carmaker has told Nissan month-long talks with Nissan last week, it is ready to pay up to 500 billion yen saying it was no longer interested in (\$4.17 billion) on its investment, the buying a slice of the Japanese company. Renault is interested in Nissan because

A key point in the talks is the issue of it is looking to expand in the United management control. Nissan hopes to States and Asia and to cut costs as rivals retain management independence as one such as DaimlerChrysler grow through of the conditions for the tie-up, Jiji said. acquisitions. A stake in Nissan would A Nissan spokesman confirmed that company of more than one third—like has little presence and to world-class president of Nissan, the paper added.

- would be a concern for Renault. "The DaimlerChrysler-Nissan collapse will no doubt cause Renault to tread carefully," said Remy Dumoulin, an

Following the breakdown of those talks, the U.S. ratings agency Moody's Investors Service Inc. cut Nissan's senior debt rating to junk bond "Bal" status because of its heavy debt. In the talks in Paris, Renault is asking

for three seats on Nissan's board, the Nihon Keizai said. Renault also will ask dent of Nissan, the paper added. (AFP, Reuters, Bloomberg)

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Buffett Says He Cut Citigroup Stake in a Rough '98 Bloomberg News Dec. 31. Mr. Buffett's letter, to keep some of those filings were considered unusual for McDonald's Corp. reOMAHA. Nebraska— released over the weekend, secret for at least 12 months. him because Mr. Buffett made turned 62 percent last year. It was not clear how much of a The billionaire investor War- also showed that he bought

ren Buffett has reduced his stake in the giant financialservices company Citigroup, according to his annual letter to shareholders of Berkshire Hathaway Inc.

The influential investor also says he made some bad decisions in 1998 and failed to match the overall stock market's performance. Mr. Buffett previously

owned a stake in Citigroup valued at \$1.56 billion, but Hathaway stock holdings in the insurance and investment since changed course. Mr. lion of zero-coupon bonds and the insurance and investment since changed course. Mr. lion of zero-coupon bonds and concern's holdings valued at Buffett takes advantage of contracts on 14 million barrels movies during market analyst Alice Schroeder of S750 million or more as of rules that allow the company of oil. Those investments hours."

shares of American Express Co. in 1998 and sold some of his shares in Walt Disney Co., Wells Fargo & Co. and U.S. Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. Investors follow closely Mr.

Buffett's views on individual stocks and the financial markets because of his success.

However, his reported po-sitions may be misleading. Berkshire said in a 1997 letter to the U.S. Securities and Ex-Citigroup was absent from change Commission that by the list of large Berkshire the time the world learns about Berkshire's holdings,

his most recent letter what he had done with his investments in silver, oil and bonds. Berkshire said in February 1998 that the company had bought 129.7 million ounces of silver, valued at \$650 million, on a bet that demand would outpace production, as

it had for years, and send prices higher. Since then, silver has fallen about 15 percent. Mr. Buffett's investment represented about a quarter of the world's

At the end of 1997, Mr.

Overall, 1998 was a tough year for his stock picks, Mr. Buffett said. "Several of the public

companies in which we have major investments experienced significant operating shortfalls that neither they nor I anticipated early in the

year," Mr. Buffett wrote.
"Consequently, our equity
portfolio did not perform
nearly as well as did the S&P
500." He added: "In partic-

ular, my decision to sell Mc-Donald's was a very big mistake. Overall, you would have

Lira Nets Part Spain 1257-2 24877 5.484 5.9945 1.798 9.7991.770.06 20146 182.28 132.10 20.5439 60.2328 18778 9.7943 2.9243 1.1762.091.09 1.2765 299.34 206.43 9.60 2.0732 22.21 26.13 67.57 167.46 6.82 59.92 0.66 0.7756 2 - 34.7109 23.40 20977 7.0355 17.402 2.7107 4.3442 4.8456 8.7707 2.8314 - 47647 4.1498 20.8355 51.2211 2.0834 18.3854 20.1315 34.3448 8.0371 14.7897 - 8.9064 3.04 75.965 8.3971 2.698 2.9467 2.5725 8.0407 14.7897 - 1.0924 - 1.3399 8.3389 2.7368 2.9764 2.2719 3.9444 8.0457 14.8484 8.3289 2.3282 - 2.6834 0.100 8.0875 0.9734 1.7755 8.0872 1.8292 0.1225 8.12 0.0877 - 0.0407 0.2574 8.3938 8.4733 14.0774.79939 23.546 29.118 99.0072.48255 - 27844 8.2571 8.2571 14.8494 8.2582 8.2582 8.2582 8.2582 14.0744 90.9744 - 1.0972 1.2545 14.3896 48.698 31.7187 30.5613 102.51 22.512 12.983 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9717 41.244 77.964 25.365 8.50718 211.27 8.5931 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9717 41.244 77.964 25.365 8.50718 211.27 8.5931 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9717 41.244 77.964 25.365 8.50718 211.27 8.5931 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9717 41.244 77.964 25.365 8.50718 211.27 8.5931 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9717 41.244 77.964 25.365 8.50718 211.27 8.5931 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9717 41.244 77.964 25.365 8.50718 211.27 8.5931 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9717 41.244 77.964 25.365 8.50718 211.27 8.5931 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9717 41.244 77.964 25.365 8.50718 211.27 8.5931 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9717 41.244 77.964 25.365 8.50718 211.27 8.5931 75.5817 82.973 - 12.687 12.9718 1

"Nightline" program that valuations remain "high by historic standards." Mr. Buffett said in the letter,

time our search for large

CURRENCY RATES

March 12 Other Dollar Values

Cross Rates 1.634 — 23873 194.77 2.4894 11.0993 479.95 13.2469 — 1.63250 1.466 118.70 1.524 6.8178 294.18 8.128 119.80 195.88 82.36 — 1.856 17.7 N.Q. 14.83 1.525 2.4839 1.0401 1.282 — 0.2235 0.5171 0.1877 1.4611 2.3882 — 1.2249 0.9595 21.4994 0.4978 0.18 7.0932 0.6686 1.5975 130.80 1.6658 7.4327 321.55 8.8615 1.3619 0.8389 1.5967 162.79 2.0735 9.2852 401.87 11.0827 European Cross Rates into-EMU rates are personently for

u: To buy one power; b: To buy one dollar. R: Special drawing rights of the IMF. Sources: Bank of Tokyo-Missobiati (Tokyo-Missobiati (Tokyo-Missobiati Mark (SDR). Other data from



Mr. Buffett's letter contained no comments on the stock market in general. He said this month on ABC's

McDonald's stake Berkshire

ings, American Express re-

turned 16 percent, his \$13.4

billion chunk of Coca-Cola

Co. returned 1.3 percent, and

not hurt the performance of

Berkshire's own shares, which returned 52 percent last year, compared with 29

percent for the S&P 500.

Berkshire shares have lagged

the benchmark index in only

four years since 1965, when

Mr. Buffett's decisions did

Gillette Co. lost 3.9 percent.

Of Buffett's largest hold-

retained.

as he has in past letters, that he and Charles Munger, the vice chairman of the company, are having a hard time finding stocks to invest in. He is one of the best-known "value" investors, those who seek to buy stocks when they are temporarily out of favor or selling at low price/earnings ratios.
"Charlie and I will con-

equity investments or, better yet, a really major business acquisition that would absorb our liquid assets," he wrote. "Currently, however, we see nothing on the horizon."

PAGE 14 | Application | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 | 1460 |

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INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1999

CAPITAL MARKETS ON MONDAY

Fidelity Magellan Closing In on \$90 Billion

BOSTON — Fidelity Investments' 1997, mostly because of market apprevious manager, Jeff Vinik, Mr. preciation, as opposed to new cash Kobren said. The fund's returns beat investments. Fidelity closed the fund to those of the Standard & Poor's 500flagship Magellan Fund is approaching \$90 billion of assets under manageunent, more than was invested in all most new investors in September 1997, stock index in 1998 and are running a move that has limited the amount of ahead of the S&P so far this year as Fidelity Magellan, America's biggest manual fund, had about \$86 billion of assets at the end of February, the control of the end of February, the end of February the e the company said recently. Analysis estimate that the figure, even without

holds are depending on Magellan to provide for a comfortable retirement."

One of those was the Vanguard inhas improved since the day Stansky provide for a comfortable retirement."

said Eric Kohven executive and the Vanguard fund attracted done a great job." said Eric Kobren, executive editor of about \$1.6 billion of net new invest-Fidelity Insight, a newsletter that ments in January, and its assets were tracks the funds managed by the about \$78 billion at the end of Febbiggest U.S. fund company. "It's a truly amazing number."

Robert Stansky, the manager of Figure 1.

Fidelity Magellan has gained about delity Magellan, has run the fund defily

billion now, based on the fund's strong performance so far in March.

"Four million American houseTour million and the strong during the month.

That's a claim just 15 percent of Still, Magellan attracted almost America's fund managers can make, the company said recently. Analysts s240 million of net new investments in and it is especially impressive given any new cash inflows, is closer to \$89

Boston-based Financial Research Dougherty, head of Kanon Block billion now based on the final cash of the final Carre, a Boston-based research firm. "Magellan's relative performance

> done a great job."
> Fidelity Magellan gained 33.6 percent in 1998. It ranks 135th among 569 "growth" stock funds tracked by Bloomberg Fund Performance over the past three years, rising at an annual rate

Euro Eats Into Foreign Portfolios

For U.S. Investors, Weak Currency Cancels Out European Stock Gains

By Jonathan Fuerbringer New York Times Service

TEW YORK - In January, with the arrival of the single European currency and fore-casts that the American economy would slow in 1999, European stock markets seemed as though they would be a pretty good choice for American investors.

But that has not been the case so far this year. Although Europe's major markets other than Germany have done nearly as well as the United States for local investors, the returns for American-based investors in those markets are smaller or even negative.

This disappointing performance is the fault of the new currency, the euro. Most forecasters, especially those in Europe, Street's performance. predicted that the euro would rise smartly against the dollar and other cur-European stocks when they are translated into dollars.

For American investors, the euro's performance is a stark reminder that role in the value of an international port-

investing in Europe less complicated. Currency can really make a differinforced" by a rally in the new cur-

In France, the CAC index of 40 stocks has risen 5.9 percent in euro terms since in dollars.

January. But with the 7 percent fall in the Mr. Roo gain reverses to a 1 percent decline. The 3.8 percent increase in Italy's

INVESTING

percent decline in dollars. Only in Finland, where the main stock index has soared 14.8 percent, is the dollar return - 7.3 percent - a match for Wall

rencies after its debut. Instead, it has stock market. The DAX index of 30 evaporated Friday. slumped since its first week of trading. stocks shot up 5.1 percent Friday on This decline erodes the year's gains on news of the resignation of Oskar Lafontaine, the German finance minister, the euro, said she still did not think it

currency moves can still play a major cent for the year in euros, back in the plus terest-rate cut to spur European growth column after a sharp decline from its was likely, weakening the curo. And she folio, despite assurances that the euro, by January high. But dollar-based investors is betting that the stronger American combining 11 currencies, would make are still in the red in Germany, by 6.1

ence," lamented Joe Rooney, global Americans investing elsewhere, al- same level in 12 months as it is now.

strategist for Lehman Brothers in London. "What really caught us was the euro," he said. "We thought the good local stock returns would have been reformances of the Japanese stock market: The Nikkei index of 225 stocks is up 11.9 percent in yen terms but 7.1 percent

Mr. Rooney said he believed the euro value of the euro against the dollar, that would rebound this year, wiping out the gain reverses to a 1 percent decline. that investors receive from the stock mar-Milan index of 30 stocks becomes a 3 ket. By the end of the year, Mr. Rooney is forecasting about a 10 percent rise from the euro's current level, to \$1.20.

At that level, the 1 percent decline in the French stock market in dollars so far this year, for example, would become an attractive 8.9 percent gain.

The euro rose last week to \$1.0915 from \$1.0833 a week earlier. But its The cure has even undermined a remarkable turnsround in the German the German finance minister resigned.

Karen Parker, a currency strategist at Chase Securities who predicted a fall in who had alienated business leaders in would rally this year, although she said part by calling for tax increases. Mr. Lafontaine's resignation may stem
That surge left the DAX up 0.5 perits near-term decline. She said an in-Mr. Lafontaine's resignation may stem economy will keep investors more interested in holding dollars than euros, The revival of the dollar has also hurt leaving the new currency at about the

Most Active International Bonds

| 1 | The 250 most ac brough the Euroc | dear: | avetern és | w the | | Rok Kome | Cpa | Materity | Price | CHYE | Ruk | Hame | Cpn | Makerity | Price | CrtYt |
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| A schedule of this | regals's economic and financial events, compiled for the | e International Herald Tribune by Bicomberg News. | · |
|-----------------------|---|--|---|
| r | Asia-Pacific | Europe | Americas |
| Expected This Week | Hong Kong: Hong Kong International Jewelry Show, Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Center, Monday to Friday. | Bern: Swiss Bankers Association holds a seminar for reporters with non-Swiss media. Wednesday and Thursday. Bellevue Palace Hotel. | Boca Raton, Florida: Futures Industry Association holds its 24th annual international futures conference. Speakers include Alan Greenspan, U.S. Federal Reserve Board chairman. Wednesday to Saturday. |
| <u>.</u> | Hong Kong: Unemployment | • | |
| Monday March 15 | statistics for December 1998 to February 1999. Tokyo: Current account balance for January. | Ludwigshafen, Germany: BASF AG releases earnings for 1998. | Buenos Aires: Deadline for Argentine companies whose financial quarters ended Jan. 31 to report earnings to the Buenos Aires Stock Exchange. Ottawa: New motor vehicle sales for January. |
| Tuesday March 16 | Tokyo: Money supply for February. Brisbane: BIS Shrapnel holds biannual business forecasting conference. | Frankfurt: Hoechst AG supervisory board meets to vote on final merger plan with Rhone-Poulenc SA. Lisbon: Bank of Portugal issues its monthly economic overview. | Washington: American Petroleum Institute issues its weekly report on U.S. petroleum stocks, production, imports. Washington: Housing starts, industrial production and capacity utilization for February. |

Melbourne: Melbourne înstitute

in January.

releases March consume

Wellington: Retail sales for

Sydney: Westpac Banking Corp.

Melbourne: Securities Institute

holds seminar on Australia and the

London: Monthly and yearly retail sales figures for February. Madrid: industrial production for expectations survey. Wellington: Final report on the number of building consents issued

Ottawa: Trade figures for January. Washington: Consumer price index for February; trade balance for

Mexico City: Industrial production

Santiago: Estimate of economic

on February's trade balance.

growth in January and information

for January.

Bonn: Bundesrat begins debate on bill to overhaut the tax system. euro. Victoria University Convention Bonn: Manufacturing orders for London: Revised business investment figures.

London: Monthly unemployment

other labor market statistics for

November to January.

rate and change for February and

Buenos Aires: Steel production figures for February. Mexico City: Unemployment rate for February. Ottawa: Consumer price index for February.

Hot Economy Keeps Many Cool to Bonds

inflation helped bond investors regain ably not this month. some lost ground last week, but the in the meantime, that means contin-strength of the U.S. economy has ued pressure on bond prices as investors clouded the outlook for further gains in

producer prices fell 0.4 percent last price gains last week, 30-year Treasury month — the biggest drop in more than a year — and the bond market responded date performance in three years, losing with a rally. The yield on the benchmark more than 5 percent when price changes 30-year bond fell to 5.52 percent as bond prices rose. That was down from 5.59

percent a week earlier. But the Treasury market's reaction was muted because people have become account. used to a climate of subdued inflation. Consumer prices have risen at less than a 2 percent annual rate since November 1997. While investors appland low inflation because it means bonds will hold more value, they want evidence that U.S. economic growth is slowing before

jumping in to buy.

"Every piece of data for the rest of March and April will be placed under the microscope for any signs of slowing,"

In the meantime, that means contin- are plenty of jobs. continue to worry about the strength of Treasury prices. the economy and its potential for bring-ing inflation back to life. Even after their bonds are turning in their worst year-to-

U.S. CREDIT MARKETS

and interest payments are taken into

The bonds have suffered as reports on showed the world's largest economy still going strong after expanding at a 6.1 percent annual pace in the final three months of 1998. Some investors fret that balanced, in the view of Edward Boehne. too much growth will eventually spur raise interest rates.

"The days of consistently lower and Mr. Boehne said in a speech last week. lower inflation are over," said Bryce As a voting member of the Federa said Ned Riley, chief investment officer Doty, who oversees \$750 million of Open Market Committee, which sets at BankBoston Corp., which oversees bonds at Sit Investment Associates Inc. U.S. interest-rate policy, Mr. Boehne about \$30 billion. Barring such evi- in Minneapolis. "I think that's kind of said he has "no predilection as to which

extremely disappointed." He predicts ment said retail sales rose for a seventh NEW YORK - Good news about the slowdown will come, though prob- straight month, and unemployment claims held at a level that indicates there

> "There is nothing wrong with such strong growth, provided it does not spark inflationary pressure," said Ian Shep-herdson, chief U.S. economist at High Frequency Economics in Valhalia, New York. "So far so good, but the risk of a turn for the worse is rising."

A 20 percent rise in crude cil prices this year -- to a five-month high -- adds to worries that the best news on inflation

may be past, analysts said. Repatriation of capital by Japanese investors before their fiscal year ends March 31 also is likely to keep a lid on jobs, manufacturing and consumption gains in the bond market, and a heavy calendar of corporate debt sales may draw demand away from Treasury bonds.

But the risks to the U.S. economy are

president of the Federal Reserve Bank of inflation and lead the Federal Reserve to Philadelphia. "I don't see more upside raise interest rates.

Philadelphia. "I don't see more upside risk than downside risk at this point."

As a voting member of the Federal dence, he said, "the bond market will be unnerving." On Thursday, the govern- way the next move will be."

New International Bond Issues

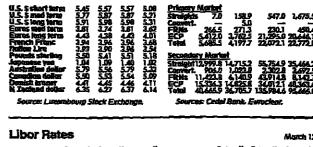
| Compiled by Charlotte | Sector | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-------|------------|--------|----------------------|---|
| Issuer | Amoust (millions) | Mat. | Coup. % | Price | Price end week | Terrus |
| Floating Rate Notes | | • • • | | | | |
| SNS Bank | \$350 | 2004 | 0.15 | 99.733 | | Over 3-month Libor, Noncollable, Fees 0.175%, Denomin |

| SNS Bank | \$350 | 2004 | 0.15 | 99.733 | - | Over 3-month Libor, Noncolloble, Fees 0.175%, Denominations \$10,000, (Barclaye Capital Group.) |
|--|-----------|------|-------------|----------|--------|--|
| Canadian Imperial Bank | EUR100 | 2000 | eurlbo | 99.995 | - | interest is 3-month Euribor. Noncollable. Fees 0.075%. (TML) |
| Alliance & Leicester | €150 | 2003 | У 16 | 99.96 | - | Over 3-month Libor. Noncollable. Fees 0.15%. (HSBC Markets.) |
| Nortic Investment Bank | HK\$1,000 | 2002 | 0,10 | 100.00 | - | Over 3-month Hilbor. Noncollable. Fees not available. (HSSC Manuels.) |
| Fixed | | | | | | · |
| Buenos Aires | \$150 | 2002 | 121/2 | 100 | - | Semiannually. Noncalable. Fees 1%. (Salomon Smith Borney.) |
| Credit Local | \$100 | 2003 | 5.30 | 99.98 | - | Semiannually, Noncollable, Fees not available. (Nomura Securifies.) |
| European Investment Bank | \$100 | 2009 | В | 1011/2 | • | Interest is a fixed 8% until 2000, when issue is callable at par, thereafter 6%. Fees 1 4%, (Morgan Stanley Dean Willer.) |
| Freddle Moc | \$3,000 | 2009 | 5% | 99.518 | • | Noncollable, Fees 0.15%. (Credit Suisse First Roston.) |
| Heller Financial | \$600 | 2004 | - 6 | 99.655 | 99.80 | Noncollable. Fees 0.35%. (J.P. Morgan Infl.) |
| Lucent Technologies | \$1,360 | 2029 | 6.45 | 99.461 | 99.43 | Semionruotily, Noncollable, Fees 0.875%. (Bear Steams.) |
| Shell Finance | \$250 | 2002 | 51/2 | 101.2175 | 100.15 | Reaffered at 100.03. Noncollable. Fees 1466. (Worburg Dillan Read.) |
| Aligemeine Hypothekenbank | EUR250 | 2004 | 314 | 99.86 | • | Reoffered of 99.69. Fongible with outstanding issue, relating total amount to 1 billion earcs, Honorisable. (ABN-AMRCI Houre Govett.) |
| BGB Finance Ireland | EUR300 | 2009 | 44 | 101.455 | - | Reoffered at 99,805, Noncettable, Fees 2%, (CDC Marches.) |
| Burmah Castrol | EUR400 | 2009 | 47/5 | 99.572 | 99.85 | Noncollable. Fees 0.49%. Denominations 10.000 euros. (Destsche Bank.) |
| Class KGAA | EUR100 | 2006 | 41/2 | 99.471 | • | Noncellable. Fees 0.45%. (Dresdiner Bank.) |
| DGZ Deko Bank | EUR1,000 | 2002 | 3 | 99.3225 | - | Reoffered of 99.185. Nankatioble, Fees 0.1875%. (DGZ.) |
| Ford Motor Credit Co. | EUR1,000 | 2004 | 334 | 98.965 | 99.20 | Noncullable, Fees 0.30%. (Credit Suisse First Boston.) |
| Halifax | EUR500 | 2009 | 4% | 99.727 | 100.10 | Noncellable, Fees 0.40%. (Lehman Brothers Inft.) |
| Modrid | EUR300.5 | 2009 | 4,39 | 100.00 | | Reoffered at 99%. Noncollable. Fees 0.375%. Denominations 10.000 euros. (Coja Modrid.) |
| Oesterreichische Investitionskredit | EUR100 | 2004 | 8.05 | 102.15 | | Redestration amount of maturity may be linked to the performance of the AEX index. Noncolitable, Fees 2%, (Generale de Bonque.) |
| Parmalat Finance | EUR250 | 2009 | 51/2 | 99.81 | 98.65 | Reoffered of 98.31, Noncollable, Fees 2%, (Merrill Lynch.) |
| Philippines | EUR50 | 2004 | 8 | 100% | | Noncollable, Fungible with orbstanding laste, relaing total amount to 350 million euros. Fees 0.55%, (J.P. Morgan tota) |
| Portugal | EUR1,500 | 2004 | 354 | 100.02 | 100.08 | Nancallable. Fees 0.15%. (Colua General Depositos.) |
| Royal Bank of Scotland | EUR300 | 2009 | 4% | 99.55 | 99.60 | Nancallable, Fees 0.40%, (Warburg Office Read.) |
| Tokyo Electric Power | EUR750 | 2004 | 4 | 101.567 | 100.45 | Reoffiered of 99.867. Noncollable. Fees 2%. (International Bank of Japan.) |
| Depfq Bank Europe | £100 | 2000 | 5.35 | 100.00 | • | Noncaliable. Fees not available. (Westdeutsche Landesbank.) |
| European Investment Bank | £100 | 2009 | 51/2 | 103.169 | | Noncollable. Fungible with outstanding issue, rubing total amount to 450 million sterling. Fees 0.325%. (Dresdner Kleinworf Barul.) |
| Hutchinson Ports | £325 | 2015 | 674 | 99.09 | | Noncollable, Fees 0,625%. (Goldman Sachs Infl.) |
| Reuters Group | £200 | 2004 | <i>5</i> % | 99.88 | • | Noncofiable, Fees 0.275%, (J.P. Morgan Inst.) |
| | | | | 4 | | The second secon |

Euromarts

| Diock Rud | EXC5 | | MOIRA USIES | | | | Lidia | | | • |
|---|---|----------------|---|--|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|----|
| United States | Mar 12 Mar 1 | % Orge | United States | March 12 | | | Mar12 Mar5 | Year | Year | |
| DJ IMUS. DJ VIII. | 9,876.35 9,736.00 304.51 301.51 3,267.51 3,312.75 | + 1.44 | Discount rate Prime rate | 4½ 7% | 4 <u>2</u> | U.S. 5 short term | 5.45 5.57 | 5,57 | 5.08 | g |
| DJ Trees. S & P 198 | 3267.51 3,312.75 648.27 638.95 | 1.145 | Federal funds rate | 41/4 | 446 | U.S. 5 med term U.S. 5 long term | 5.27 5.87 5.91 5.98 | 5.87 5.98 | 5 <i>2</i> 1 531 | ş |
| 5 & P 196 5 & P 596 5 & P 10d NYSE CD | 1,594.99 1,575.4 | +1,50 | Japan Discount | 0.50 | 0.50 | Euros med term Euros king term | 3.81 3.74 4.43 4.38 | 3.61 | 367 | Ě |
| NYSE CO Nasday Co | 1,549,16 1,527,91 611,54 603,14 2,387,55 2,338,2 | + 139 + 136 | Coli money 3-ayonth interbook | 0.50 0.05 0.65 0.67 | 0.50 0.63 0.65 0.67 | French Frenc Hulles Lire | 545 557 557 558 557 436 436 436 436 150 436 150 550 100 579 556 445 445 | 557 558 558 449 559 554 554 554 637 | 525 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 | Ť |
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| France CAC# | | | Euro 2006 | 3.00 | 3,00 | Source: Lucert | bourg Stock E | xchong | 10, | |
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| World Index | hora Morgan Stanle | y Capitol Int | f Perspective. | | | Source: Reules | 5 | | | |

Eurobond Yields



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| ### Funds. ################################### | SE ASIG 1 200+21 (GF Funds: 8.51+0.4 Infill 1 22.11-112 McCAA P 5.88 Sig 1 200+21 GF Funds: 8.58+0.6 Infill 2.44-1.14 McCAA P 10.13 Infill 1 2.44-1.14 McCAA P 10.13 Infill 1 2.44-1.14 McCAA P 11.31 | | CONSERP 6.74 GRESTONO R. 26.21 + 17 Growth A p. 16.75 + AB CONSERP 22.19 - AB Gresson R. 26.27 + AF Worklish p. 16.27 + AF CONSERP 19.70 + 29 HWYGBO on 12.20 + 25 Templeton Gents C. DWESQAD 1488 + 32 Incuses n. 13.13 + 39 DWING AN 17.27 + AB Incuses n. 13.13 + 39 DWING AN 17.27 + AB Incuses n. 13.13 + 39 DWING AN 17.27 + AB Incuses n. 13.13 + 39 GWING 10.38 + 39 DWING AN 17.27 + AB Incuses n. 13.13 + 39 GWING 10.38 + 39 GWING 1. 14.55 + 47 GWING 1. 14.55 + 4 | npivanea 12.58 - 06 Skins 22.57 - 32 Value 18.15 - 14 Value 18.15 - 14 Value 17.51 - 04 Roborce 17.51 - 04 Roborce 16.18 + 115 |
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Berlin's Connections? By Air, Virtually None

By Roger Cohen
New York Times Service

BERLIN - Early this year, Mayor Eberhard Diepgen of Berlin slipped off to Chicago to try to resolve an increasingly desperate problem: the city presenting itself as "the new capital of Europe" does not have a direct flight to or from the United States.

Berlin has history, intense and tormented It has bracing air. It has a certain raw beauty that has something to do with the fascination of fracture. It is about to become home, once again, to the German govern-

But can the new capital of Europe's most powerful state be taken seriously when its only direct intercontinental flights are weekly services to Ulaan Baatar, Mongolia, and to Havana?

The situation has become extremely embarrassing for the image of Berlin," said Volker Hassemer, the chief executive of Berlin Partner, a company trying to promote business in this city. But these days the German airline, Lufthansa, only thinks in terms of profit."

Communist in its eastern half for more than 40 years and almost completely subsidized in its island-like western half, Berlin remains a city where the whiff of money-making is scarcely overpowering.

Lufthansa is unconvinced that it can turn a profit flying to New York Delta is not interested in moneyfrom Berlin

Hence Mr. Diepgen's mission to Chicago, where he met in January with Rono Dutta, the senior vice president for planning at United Air-

The mayor's question was: Would United fly to the new German capital from Chicago or New York, or anywhere in the United States?

Mr. Diepgen, a Christian Democrat, came away convinced he had put Berlin on the map. In a statement from his office, he said the question was not whether United would start direct flights to Berlin but when.

Michael-Andreas Butz, the mayor's spokesman, said, "With all the diplomats and federal government

furt. Munich and Dusseldorf, appears to have taken a rather different view, Berlin, said Andrew Plews, a limbo. spokesman, remains "a maybe, and a rather long-term maybe.

brought the city down around him, and before Yalta isolated it in a divided Europe, many of the biggest German industries were here. But the major insurance companies and big banks and industrial groups such as Siemens AG all moved to Munich, Hamburg, Dusseldorf and elsewhere - and very few of them

show signs of coming back. It is a paradox of the transfer of the German capital from Bonn to Berlin that business is thriving in Bonn office space vacancy is running at just 1.5 percent — while it is still largely stagnant in the relatively isolated city of Berlin, where 18 percent of office space is vacant.

"Berlin was a kept person for 50 years," said Bernhard Schlink, the novelist, who is a longtime resident. "The people who came here were those who wanted to avoid the draft or the laws of economic competition. And now we find it is hard to live on our own again."

Where there is not a lot of business, there are not a lot of business class passengers. That is why Delta Air Lines made the apparently curious decision to close down the one nonstop flight from Berlin to New York last year

"It just did not make financial said Horst Zsifkovits, the manager of the Delta office in Ber-lin. "The problem is not the quantity of travelers; it's the fact that your business-class cabin is often empty. losing propositions.

Nor, it seems, is Lufthansa, which started a nonstop service from New York to Berlin with great fanfare in 1990 but quickly shut it down when it realized "that the city really had gone to sleep in economic terms over those many years with the Wall," said Wolfgang Weber, a spokesman.

Lufthansa appears to have little would maintain credit lines totaling interest in draining passengers from its important hubs in Frankfurt and repayments and trade finance. Munich. Moreover, because Berlin was long divided, it has three airports - Tegel, Tempelhof and Schoenefeld - which would make it difficult to have a hub for connecting flights

to Central and Eastern Europe. Mr. Butz, the mayor's spokes-But airlines are skeptical, so Berlin seems set to continue in its odd

But then, the city's strangeness is



BIG GUNS — Visitors passing a South African-made missile Sunday at the International Defense Exhibition in Abu Dhabi, where the world's top arms makers displayed their wares.

OUTLOOK: Bankers See Short Latin America Recession

Continued from Page 1

the trend this year, thanks to two factors: its proximity to the still buoyant U.S. economy and Pres-ident Ernesto Zedillo's policy of slashing the budget each time the price of oil has dropped significantly — something that has happened four times over the past year.

At the development bank meetigs, to be opened Monday by Mr. Iglesias in the presence of President Jacques Chirac of France and Michel Camdessus, the IMF managing director, Topic A will be Brazil.

Ahead of the Paris meetings, Brazil got a lift from creditor banks in the United States and Europe, as they pledged late last week that they

"The banks have expressed sup-port for Brazil," William Rhodes, vice chairman of Citigroup Inc. and coordinator for bank creditors, said after a meeting in New York last week with Arminio Fraga, who recently was named president of the

Jeffrey Schott, a senior fellow at the Institute for International Economics in Washington, said that settle on a new IMF plan. Brazil, despite the prospect of deep

said that, unlike much of Asia, the risk of political and financial Brazil and other Latin American jitters should President Carlos Me-But Mexico looks like it can buck countries had already undergone years of financial reform and had stronger banking systems.

There are some important differences between Brazil and the most troubled Asian economies," Mr. lglesias said. The development bank chief stressed that "Brazil's banking system is largely O.K., and private sector debt, in a relative sense, is lower than in Asia." That, he said, means that Brazilian interest rates, while cripplingly high, could have less impact on the overall economy.

The World Bank also is forecasting a fairly rapid return to growth for Brazil and the rest of Latin America. Guillermo Perry, head of the World Bank's Latin American department, said he expected the region to return to solid growth by 2000.

He predicted that Latin America's economy would shrink by 1 percent in 1999 but rebound to 3 percent annual growth next year.

Nearly all analysts say Latin America has suffered because of the time it took Brazil to produce credible austerity policies after the con-tagion of crisis in Asia and Russia and parliamentary people about to come to Berlin, United is looking at a start-up in the spring of 2000."

But United Airlines, which already has direct services to Frank-first Marieh and Diversidation are already has direct services to spend foreign currency loans is essential in that hat the direct services to tagion of crisis in Asia and Russia foreign currency loans is essential in this last autumn. The botched devaluation of the real in January of its currency, the real, and cut until just a few days ago that Brazil has a few day was able to overcome the political and financial hurdles needed to

In Argentina, markets are followperhaps part of its appeal. It is not, recession this year, "is still in better ing two key issues: the govern-

nem try to get the constitution changed or interpreted by courts in order to allow him to run for an unprecedented third term in office in elections set for pext October.

In an interview Sunday, Finance Minister Roque Fernandez of Argentina said be had discussed the idea of "dollarizing" Argentina's economy with Lawrence Summers, the U.S. deputy Treasury secretary, and said Buenos Aires hoped to continue talks in Washington "in the next couple of months.

Mr. Summers said that adopting the U.S. currency might help stabilize Argentina's economy, but he also warned that any country adopting the dollar must pay the price of inflexibility in managing its economy. He said the United States would not change its own policies to accommodate another country.

"It would not be appropriate for the U.S. authorities to consider adjusting banking supervisory responsibilites, access to the Federal Reserve discount window, or the procedures and orientation of U.S. nonetary policy," he told Reuters.

Mexico, meanwhile, is being talked about here not only because it has shown the best fiscal discipline in Latin America but also because the IMF is said to be considering a multibillion-dollar credit line for it that would be the first of its planned new brand of preventive medicine. The idea is to offer credit to conn-Berlin's problem is its history. after all every European capital that shape than a lot of Asian economent's proposal to substitute the Before Hitler started the war that offers nonstop service to Mongolia. The and other economists of the contraction of the co

GERMANY: New Direction

Continued from Page 1

street, "The reason for my resignation is the poor team-work." Brushing aside the view that he alone was responsible for a succession of olicy retreats by Mr. Schroeder's government, he said, "The mistakes that were made were made by all of policie us." In a thinly veiled jab at traded on the stock exchange, but it has a place. It beats

The Frankfurt stock market rallied more than 5 percent Friday after Mr. Lafontaine resigned, but German unions expressed dismay at losing their champion in Bonn.

tightrope in his ideologically and thus jobs." Lafontaine as party chair-

The party's assertive labor within the SPD and would undermine the government's for companies," he said. abilities over the long run," The vacuum left by Mr. Detley von Larcher, a mem-

am Sonntag. nomic pragmatists
Although Mr. Schroeder Social Democrats. now holds more power then before, sources in his own party said he was also more

The chancellor, who recently posed for two hours wearing high-priced outfits in thi must now forgo his hands-off tax burdens."

management style and actively govern both his shaky redg coalition and his own

divided party. Explaining Schroeder's new go-slow approach to a Greens-led abandonment of nuclear energy. Mr. Hombach said it was necessary to redefine energy

"Our policies must be not his longtime rival Mr. only ecological but also eco-Schroeder, Mr. Lafontaine nomical, Mr. Hombach told said: "The heart is not yet Focus. "We should redirect negotiations with the industry away from a debate over abandonment and toward a pragmatic debate on switch-

ing to other sources."
In a direct break with Mr. Lafontaine's philosophy, Mr. Hombach told the newsmagazine Der Spiegel that tax policy "must create a new dynamic in the industrial sec-Attempts by the government to redefine policy come dynamic in the industrial secas Mr. Schroeder walks a tor and unleash investment

split party, which nominated Mr. Mueller said he be-him Friday to succeed Mr. lieved that it was possible to cut German corporate taxes, among the highest in the world, to well below the level wing warned him against radical departures from Mr. Lafontaine. "We will have to cut the corporate tax rate to would lead to a major conflict about 25 percent if we want to within the SPD and would diminish the complete burden

Lafontaine's departure ember of the left wing, told Welt boldened the so-called economic pragmatists among the

"We have to make im-provements," said Wolfgang lement, premier of the heav ily industrial state of North Rhine-Westphalia and a close ally of Mr. Schroeder. "I nk it will be clear that we a glossy magazine spread, will have a significant cut in

MARUSAN ASIA GROWTH FUND Fonds commun de Placement

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DISSOLUTION AGREEMENT

in accordance with Article 17 of the Management Regulations of Marusan Asia Growth Fund, HSBC Asia Investment Services
Luxembourg SA (the "Management Company") and Banque
internationale à Luxembourg SA (the "Custodian") have, by mutual
agreement decided the dissolution of the Fund with effect on 25 June

Dated 15 March 1999

HSBC ASIA INVESTMENT SERVICES LUXEMBOURG SA

BANQUE INTERNATIONALE A

INDONESIA: Jakarta Moves to Clean Up Its Debt-Ridden Banks

Continued from Page 1

strations that were triggered in part by the economic crisis.

shutdown of several banks in November least 4 percent of the bank's risk-ad-1997, causing a run on most local institutions. Corruption and weak bankruptcy laws mired the country further in crisis, prompting the IMF and the World Bank to recommend financial reforms through a bond issue before organizing a \$46 billion bailout.

Public panic followed Indonesia's mit plans to increase held capital to at financial sector. justed assets. According to the plan, bank owners will provide at least 20 to be provided by the government

Though the IMF and the World Bank rates may remain high.

Indonesia intends to spend \$34 billion praised the bank program, some outside to cradicate bad debt and inject fresh capital into its some banks.

economists were more skeptical, saying the plan was a good first step but would Eligible banks were required to sub- not by itself turn around the troubled

"It is necessary, but not sufficient," Muhammad Chatib Basri of the University of Indonesia told Reuters. "It percent of the new capital, with the rest will not have much impact on the economy in the next six months as banks will not be able to resume lending as interest

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

THE oldest "rule" in the l game is more than a century old, but experts sometimes forget to use it. It is the Rule of 11, which was devised independently about 1890 by a Scot, Robert Foster, and an Englishman, E.M.F. Benecke. After a fourth-best lead, the number of higher cards in the other three hands can be determined by subtracting the size of the spot card led from 11.

On the diagramed deal, for example, East can calculate from the opening lead that South has no club higher than a low club, and South happily East had remembered to use

the six. If he does not wish to that West must have the mond. king-jack-nine, the only missing cards above the six.

But on the diagramed deal East did not stop to work this out. When he played the ace and East played the seven, he on the first trick instead of the finessed the eight. West 10, the defense became dif-

hearts after an opening bid of mond ace as an entry. two spades on his right. He ruffed East's club ace and led was in difficulty after winning with the ace. He chose to lead

the queen from the Rule of 11 and play the played use the rule, East can work out dummy, throwing a dia- club 10 on the first trick.

The declarer knew the spade position from the bidding, so when he now led the spade six from the dummy ruffed, but South was able to take another spade finesse to The declarer landed in four make his game, using the dia-

eral times. West should have the heart king, which West held up his ace twice, not allowed to win. The heart once, and should have led a queen came next, and West diamond, not a club, at the fourth trick. But the defense would have been quite easy if

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CROSSWORD

50 Justice Ruth

51 Stoshed

54 Socialite's

St Walked (on) St Baby's first word 67 Prevaricate

59 Vehicle with

saiding doors 60 40 winks

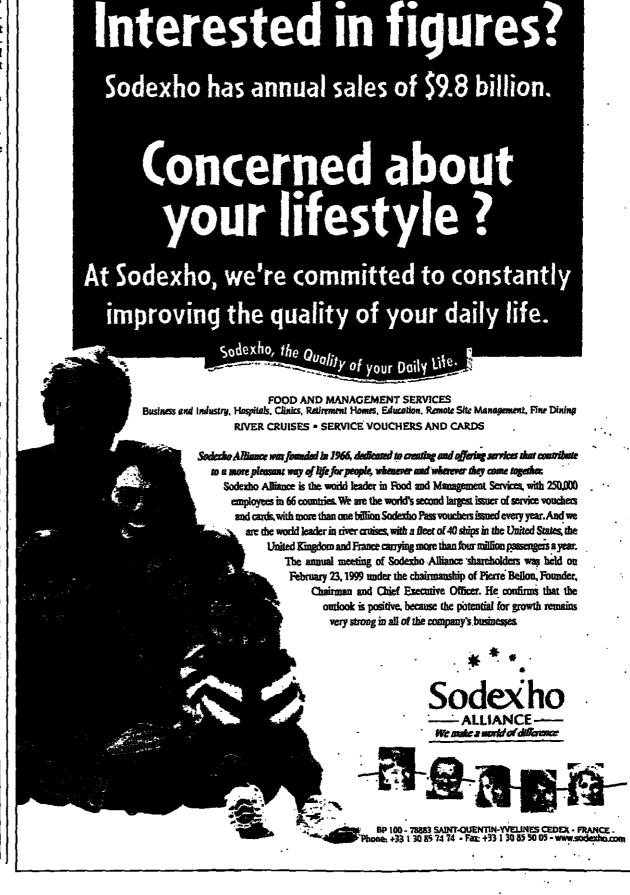
56 Speaker's spot 57 Offside setback 27 Country ries. 30 Shock ACROSS 32 Duracel 29 Robert Morse 1 Cuba's Castro Tony winning role se Sounds of relief 10 Fishhook's end 64 Not straight an Amtrak posting 14 Positive pole Not ---- eye in 40 Mel's Dine 15 70'S-80'S TV 24 TV hookup 16 Theater award 36 Spanish custard 17 Place in the 36 Blows it 2 Fill the lungs 39 lris's place slow, in music a Boats with 50 Air condition 40 Neighbor of Ga. 22 Dank in a muri 43 Clothed, informally 23 Heien of --s Light-Horse Harry, for one 52 Scot's refusal 24 Shady retreat 53 Marsh plant 44 Oli of ---s Kind of acid 46 Not digital 7 Like stuff in the Solution to Puzzle of March. 12 47 ---- ď fridge, maybe 46 Emphatic

18 Getting hitched 19 Number on a 23 Sign of weeping 25 Torero's foe

10 "10" music

O New York Times/Edited by Will Shortz

FOR INVESTMENT INFORMATION Read THE MONEY REPORT every Saturday in the IHT.



Victoria Privatizes Gas Company

accelerated the privatization of its natural gas works, which distributes gas to about 420,000 utilities over the weekend with the sale of customers in northern and southern Mel-Stratus-Energy 21, a gas retailer and dis-bourne suburbs.

Stratus-Energy 21 for 1.67 billion Australian Alan Stockdale, said in a statement. dollars (\$1.1 billion).

With the sale, Victoria has raised 28.1 its electricity and gas utilities to private ergy industry. companies. The money is being used to re-

Melbourne. Envestra, a gas distributor in two MELBOURNE - The state of Victoria other Australian states, will own Stratus Net-

ributor.

Selling the gas utilities will move Victoria

Boral Ltd., an Australian building materials

towards a fully competitive gas market and natural gas company, and an associated where increased competition will deliver betcompany. Envestra Ltd., agreed to buy ter prices and services," the state treasurer,

Owners of Melbourne's previously privatized electricity retailing businesses have been billion dollars from its five-year program of bidding fiercely for the natural gas businesses selling government-owned agencies such as to prepare for deregulation of the state's en-

Utilities with electricity and natural gas businesses will likely gain a competitive ad-Borni will own the gas retailer Energy 21, vantage over rivals by offering customers which has about 501,000 customers in eastern combined packages.

The Democratic Republic of Congo Ministry of Finance and Budget

TENDER FOR THE SELECTION OF A PRE-SHIPMENT INSPECTION COMPANY

The Government of the Democratic Republic of Congo invites sealed proposals from international reputable companies for the provision of PSI services covering imports.

Interested companies will be required to submit their bid in one original and five copies to the Conseil des Adjudications du Gouvernment c/o Direction des Marches Publics; avenue de l'Ouganda no. 4204, Gombe, Kinshasa in two separate sealed envelopes:

•Envelope "A" will contain technical data to be used for pre-qualification ·Envelope "B" will contain price proposals,

Tenders must be received at the above address before 5 May 1999 at 10:00 am, when public opening will take place.

Proposals should remain valid up to 5 July 1999. They must contain a Bid bond worth US Dollars \$50,000 or its equivalent in convertible currency, established in the name of the Ministry of Finance and Budget. The Bid bond is liable to forfeiture, should the Bidder chose to withdraw his/her bid between the time of the public bids opening and the expiry of the validity period, or fail to accept and sign the contract established in terms with his/her proposal by the Ministry of Finance and Budget.

Interested Companies can obtain a copy of the Request for Proposals, through a formal request on Company stationary signed by an authorized

Conseil des Adjudications du Gouvernement de Direction des Marches Publics at the above address, upon payment of a non-refundable amount in Congolese Francs equivalent to US Dollars \$10,000, payable into the account of the Accountant, avenue des Huileries no. 4404, (Cabinet du Ministre des Postes, Telephones et Telecommunications), Gombe, Kinshasa,

For further information please contact the Office Congolais de Controle, 98 Av. du Port Kinshasa/Gombe, Fax:243-1221974.

Volkswagen Steers Bentley In a Sporty New Direction

VW's chairman

began pushing for

a sexy new design

after VW acquired

last September

Rolls-Royce.

By Edmund L. Andrews New York Times Service

GENEVA - Few things in business are more delicate than the mystique of a luxury automobile brand. So one might have expected Volkswagen AG and its chairman, Ferdinand Piech, to handle last year's takeover of Rolls-Royce Motor Cars with

Volkswagen, after all, remains most fa-mous for the homely but inexpensive 'people's car'' now known as the Beetle, while Rolls-Royce is revered for regal limousines once driven by the Beatles.

But if evidence at the Geneva Motor Show

glimpse of what may lie ahead, Mr. Piech proudly introduced a concept car for Rolls's Bentley line that looks as if it came from a different planet.

Whereas the Bentley of today is a sober and somewhat boxy sedan that amounts to a sportier ver-sion of a Rolls-Royce, the "supercar" that was shown is a sleek and low-slung muscle car with a nearby, with little new to offer, remained a

623-horsepower engine lodged right behind the back seat. The car is only a prototype. But it signals

an aggressive new direction for what had been Britain's most prestigious carmaker. Bentley executives say Mr. Piech per-sonally began pushing for a sexy new design last September, shortly after VW acquired Rolls-Royce from Vickers PLC.

Mr. Piech reviewed a collection of ideas from Bentley's sketchbooks and immediately seized on the idea of a futuristic highperformance sports car that in some ways would hark back to Bentley's roots as the builder of some of the sleekest racing cars of the 1920s. Volkswagen engineers rushed to turn the drawings into a working prototype.

Under orders from Mr. Piech, Volkswagen also designed an entirely new 16cylinder engine to be mounted in the middle of the car, a departure from anything Bent-

All this is in sharp contrast to the deferential, hands-off approach that Ford Motor Co. took when it bought Jaguar in 1989, or that BMW followed when it bought Rover Group in 1990. Both took pains to preserve their acquisitions' Britishness and

gave them great autonomy.

In BMW's case at least, the kid-glove strategy backfired. BMW invested more than \$4 billion in Rover, but the company kept losing hundreds of millions of dollars a year, prompting the ouster last month of BMW's chief executive, Bernd Pischetsrieder. New BMW management is tight-

and Bentley are different and in some ways Crawford, a spokesman for Bentley.

more perplexing. Among the thorniest is what to do with the Rolls-Royce brand. VW will own the name only until 2003, when it must be surrendered to BMW.

Volkswagen won a bidding war with BMW for the Rolls-Royce company, which produces both the Rolls and Bentley lines, but the rights to the Rolls brand name and the coveted double-R logo remained in a legal quagmire. Rolls Royce PLC, a separate company that makes aircraft engines. had veto power over transferring the name to a foreign company, and it sided with BMW, with which it has a joint venture to produce jet engines.

After extensive wrangling, Mr. Piec. is any guide, the gloves are off. In a startling agreed to settle the fight by giving up the glimpse of what may lie ______ Rolls-Royce name after

five years. At the Geneva Motor Show, the results were a striking contrast between the two brands' exhibits. The Bentley concept car, which the company calls the Hunandieres Project, for a stretch on the Le Mans race circuit, attracted great attention. The Rolls exhibit

lonely outpost.

Mr. Piech seems intent on injecting new electricity into the venerable brand he gets to keep, but he doesn't want to alienate traditional customers with designs that are too modern, too trendy or perhaps simply

In a sign of how seriously he takes that problem, Mr. Piech has arranged to fly a half-dozen members of Britain's Bentley Drivers' Club to VW headquarters in Wolfsburg, Germany, for a two-day peek at his latest projects and to have their cars

shipped there for the festivities.
What Dr. Piech wants to know from us is what we perceive to be the historical values of Bentley motor cars," said Mi-chael Sanders, a businessman who is also chairman of the Bentley Club. He said a radical new look might be a good idea.

"There has been a move in the past 10 ears to move Bentley into more of a sporting vein." Mr. Sanders said. "If you ask a school child what kind of car he'd like when he grows up, it will always be a Porsche or a BMW or a Ferrari — they never say Bentley. If you are going to be successful, you have to capture that kind of excitement."

Some in the industry say Mr. Piech's real aim is to develop a less expensive line of cars

— Baby Bentleys — and to bolster volume to 8,000 cars a year from fewer than 2,000 now. But until those new cars are ready, Mr. Piech appears to be testing the waters for guidance on what will or will not sell with a

trademark Bentley mesh grill on the front. ening its grip on Rover.

"What we're doing is offering up an idea
Mr. Piech's challenges with Rolls-Royce of the directions we could go in," said John

SHORT COVER

No Quick End for Malaysia's Tax

KUALA LUMPUR (Bloomberg) - Malaysia is nolikely to abolish its exit tax on foreign investment soon and may sell government bonds and stakes in banks and other companies if necessary to raise funds, Prime Minister Mahathir bin Mo-

hamad said Sunday. Last month, Malaysia replaced its ban on foreign portfolio investors taking money out of the country with a graduated

An estimated \$18 billion was trapped in Malaysia when the country first blocked repatriation of profits from sales of stocks and bonds. Since introduction of the exit tax, Malaysia's key stock index has tumbled more than 9 percent. Foreign investors remain wary of putting fresh money into the country.

Consumer Gripes Mount in China

BHUING (AP) - Chinese consumers are increasingly complaining about everything from fake seeds to the high prices for phone service, a newspaper reported Sunday.

More than one-quarter of the 667,000 complaints last year

to the China Consumers Association were about the state-run telecommunications service, the Business Weekly said. In a series of reports for International Consumers' Day on Monday, the Business Weekly said consumer complaints were still mainly about shoddy household appliances and garments, but that complaints over telecommunications and

Kuwait to Reduce Oil Production

medical services were growing rapidly.

KUWAIT (Bloomberg) - Kuwait's oil minister said his country would cut its oil output by about 144,000 barrels a day from next mouth as part of a new initiative by the world's oil

Sheikh Saud Nasser al Sabah, addressing the Kuwaiti Parliament, said the agreement "was not final yet." It would not be ratified until the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries meets in Vienna on March 23, he said. Kuwait, which produced 1.99 million barrels a day in February, made two oil output cuts totaling 225,000 barrels per day in 1998. under agreements that failed to increase prices, which fell to 12-year lows in December.

Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil producer, and a dozen other countries, including non-OPEC producers Norway, Mexico and Oman, are set to cut output a further 2.7 percent.

Investigation at Lloyd's of London

LONDON (AP) - Britain and the United States are investigating whether the Lloyd's of London insurance market is being used by "American gangsters" as a cover for scams that could cost hundreds of millions of dollars in lost

claims, The Sunday Times reported.

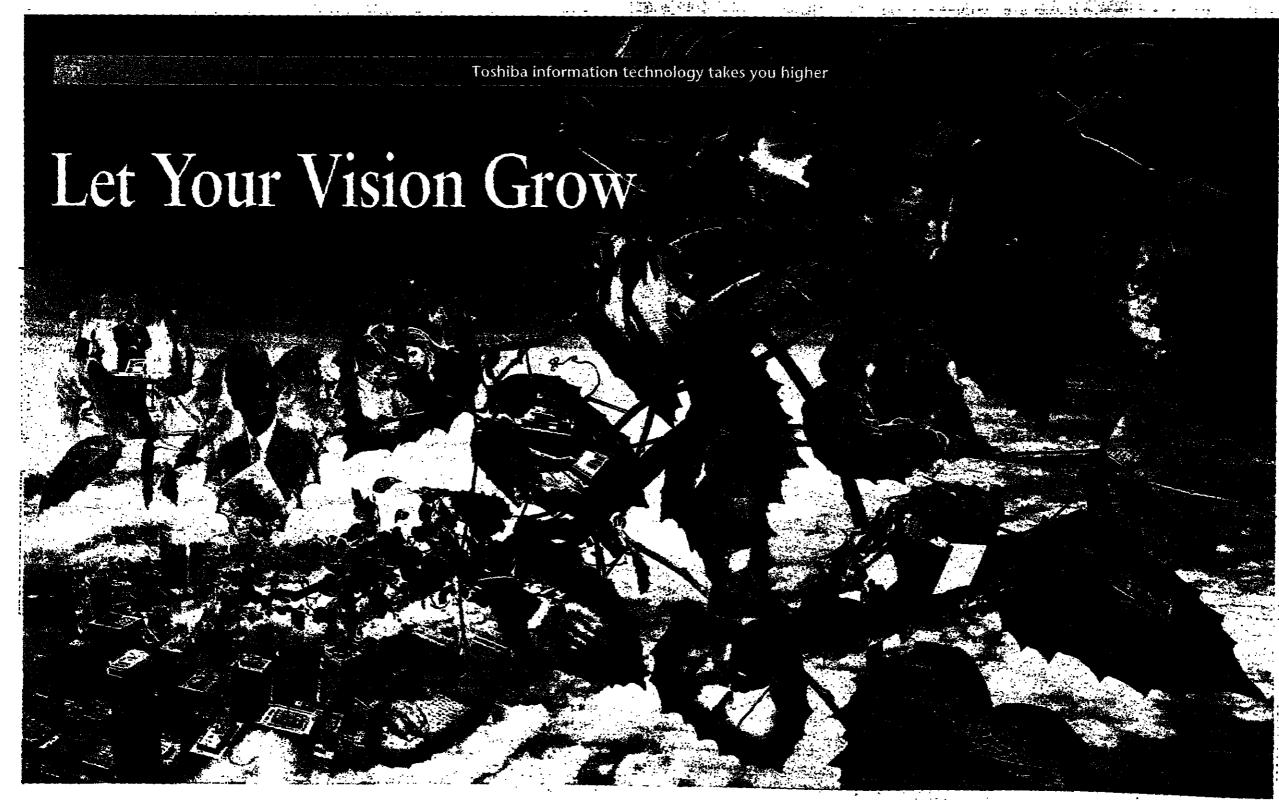
Several British firms have been raided during the fourmonth investigation, code-named Operation Chain, said Nick

Doak, a spokesman for Lloyd's. The Sunday Times said the fraud is thought to involve bogus insurance companies set up by "American crime syndicates" - registered offshore in the Caribbean - which offer to cover aviation and shipping companies and Third World governments against losses due to natural disasters, air

Crucial Day for Philippine Airlines

MANILA (AFP) - Philippine Airlines Inc.'s frantic attempt to keep its planes flying will take a crucial turn Monday when creditors and regulators decide whether Asia's first carrier should vanish from the skies.

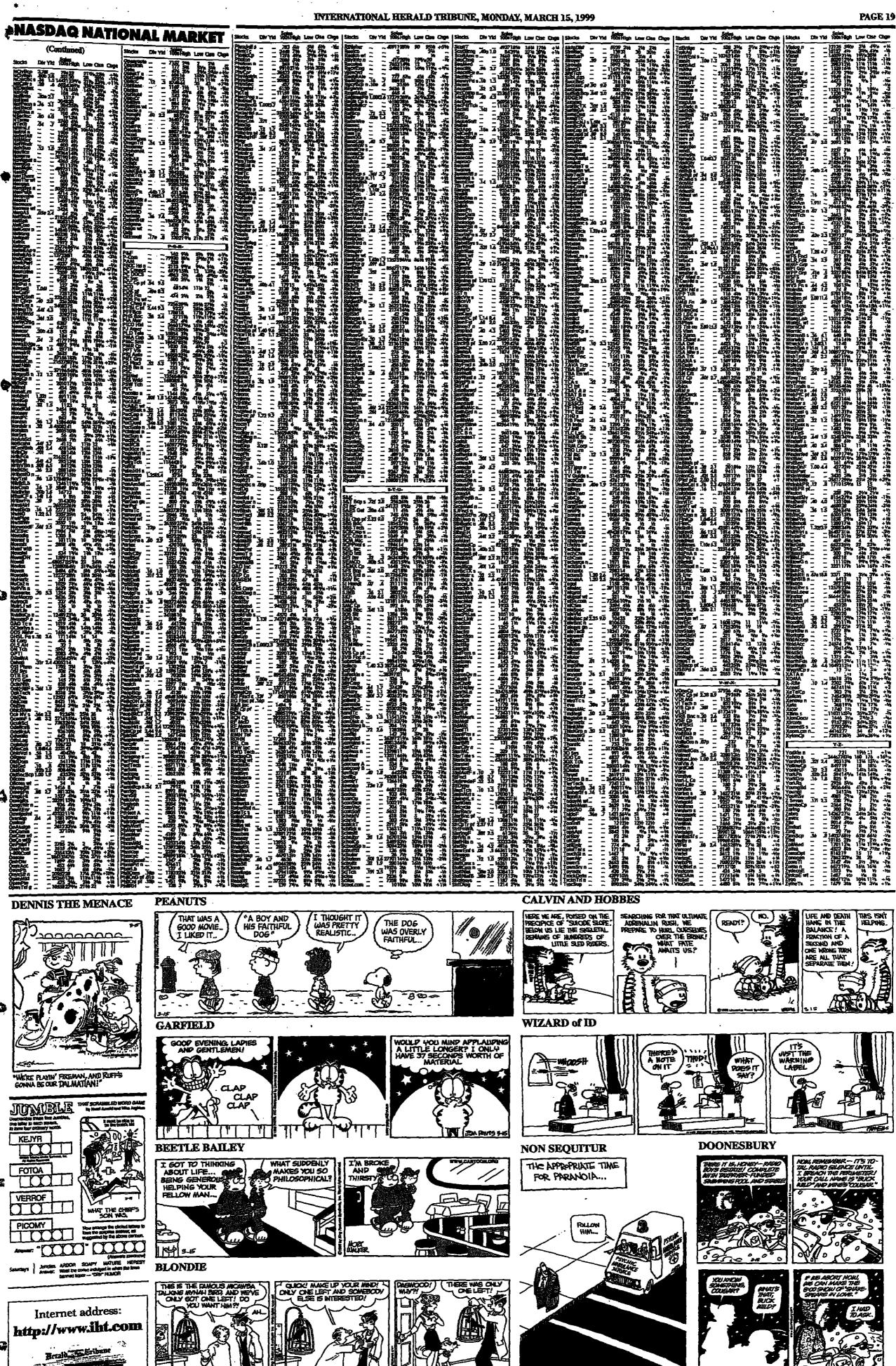
The airline must persuade the two parties that it has a viable plan to steer itself back into profit and repay a mountain of debt. If creditors decide the plan does not fly and capital market regulators find their objections valid, "we will not hesitate to deny the rehabilitation plan and then order the closure of PAL." the Securities and Exchange Commission chief, Perfecto Yasay, has warned.



It's not how tomorrow will turn out. It's what you'll create out of tomorrow. To change the future requires a vision of that future. Where would Europe be today without the vision of cooperation that has brought forth the EC and now the Euro? In business, a growing vision can expand opportunities, hone the competitive edge and unleash corporate creativity. In everything from data storage to multi-media ready networks, Toshiba offers ways to help your vision succeed - by exceeding assumed limits. Come see Toshiba's latest IT product line at CeBIT '99. Where you'll meet your visions.



In Touch with Tomorrow DSHIBA



Pohlman Lifts Auburn Over Oklahoma State

By Barry Jacobs New York Times Service

INDIANAPOLIS - Auburn, the best team in the Southeastern Conference during the regular season, is noted for its overall athleticism, its 20 offensive rebounds per game and its trapping defensive pressure.

But when the top-seeded team in the South Regional was unable to shake doubts, at least for now. Oklahoma State on Saturday, it turned to the most massuming of Tigers, the slender sophomore guard, Scott Pohl-man. His career-best 28 points proved the difference as Auburn defeated the ninth-seeded Cowboys, 81-74.

'It was like a boxing match," said Cliff Ellis, the Auburn coach. "They just wouldn't wilt. They wouldn't go away. We gave them the one-two-three

The victory advanced Auburn (29-3) to the regional semifinal Thursday in Knoxville, Tennessee. The Tigers, seeded No. I in the region, will face fourth-seeded Ohio State, which beat 12th-seeded Detroit.

Oklahoma State (23-11) twice pulled within two points in the final 1 minute and 21 seconds but could not catch the

Leading the way for Auburn was Pohlman, a 160-pound (73 kilogram) guard from the Atlanta suburbs who has floppy, light brown hair and is nicknamed Opic, after the character from the old Andy Griffith television show of the

Auburn held a 37-33 lead at halftime and pushed its lead to 10 points with 6:08 remaining on a jumper by Pohlman, who was 11 of 17 from the floor in the game. But behind the inside scoring of the forward Desmond Mason and the perimeter shooting of the guard Adrian Peterson, Oklahoma State pulled within four, 73-69, with 1:52 to go in the con-

Peterson (27 points) made a 3-pointer and a long jumper during the burst. Mason (26 points and 9 rebounds) added three inside baskets and a free throw as he outplayed the forward Chris Porter, the Southeastern Conference player of

the year.
With the Cowboys closing in, Porter was fouled and made one of two free throws to push the lead back to 5. Joe Adkins responded with a long 3-pointer for Oklahoma State, and with 1:21 left, the Auburn lead was down to 74-72.

On the Tigers' next possession, Pohlman leaned into Brian Montonati. the 220-pound Cowboys forward, sending him sprawling. With a clear view of the basket, Pohlman sank a jumper in the lane and Auburn led by four with 51.9

seconds remaining.
"I don't know what it was," Pohlman said of his scoring. "I was just getting good looks at it. I can't explain it."

Porter's inadvertent tip-in of an errant 3-pointer by the Cowboys cut the lead to 76-74 with 34.2 seconds left, but Auburn made five of six free throws in the final 29 seconds to preserve its victory.

Oklahoma State was able to hold its own on the boards in the first half, fighting to a 21-21 draw against a Tigers squad that enjoyed the nation's fourthbest rebound margin. For the game, Auburn held a 35-29 rebounding edge. But Oklahoma State could not contain

Pohlman. "He's one of those guys who doesn't look like he's going to sit there and bite you, but he does," Ellis said.

Pohlman scored 11 unanswered

half minutes in the first half, the last on a lay-up off an inbounds pass, to put Auburn into the lead for good, 30-21.

Auburn, making its first NCAA ap-pearance since 1988, has not been in many close games this season, giving rise to doubts about its toughness. The Tigers — only the ninth team to become the No. 1 seed a year after failing to reach the tournament - answered those

Of the previous eight, three reached the Final Four, most recently Minnesota

In other South Regional games, The Associated Press reported: Ohio State 75, Detroit 44 Ohio State

held Detroit scoreless for the opening 10 minutes and went on to rout the Titans.

Michael Redd and Scoonie Penn scored 15 points apiece for the Buckeyes, who raced to a 12-0 lead as Detroit missed its first 13 shots.

St. John's 86, Indiana 61 In Orlando, Florida, Bootsy Thornton scored 17 points and Lavor Postell had 16 point and 10 rebounds as St. John's handed Indiana its worst NCAA tournament loss

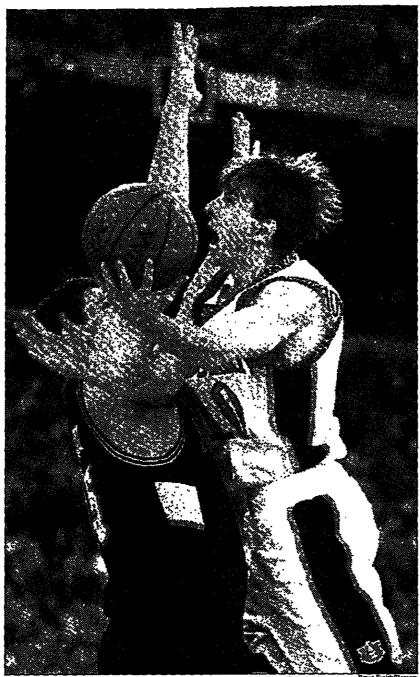
The Red Storm routed the Hoosiers just two days after Indiana scored 108

points in a first-round victory over George Washington. St. John's advanced to the round of 16 for the first time since 1991.

Maryland 75, Croighton 63 Steve Francis had 18 points and 13 rebounds, and Terence Morris added 20 points as Maryland set a school record for vic-

The Terrapins (28-5) broke away from Creighton with a 14-0 burst late in the first half. Creighton managed to cut a 21-point deficit to 10 with five minutes left, but then missed three shots and never got closer.

Ben Walker scored 15 points for Creighton, and Rodney Buford added 13 points to become the school's career scoring leader.



Scott Pohlman of Auburn, right, driving to the basket past Oklahoma State's Alex Webber. Auburn won the South Regional game, 81-74.

Gonzaga Triumphs Over Stanford, 82-74

Upset in West Eliminates Last Pac-10 Team

By Anthony Gimino Washington Past Service

SEATTLE - If West Coast basketball is to be represented well in the 1999 NCAA tournament, it won't be Pacific-10 Conference teams doing it. Gonzaga, the West Coast Conference

champion, eliminated the Pac-10's last remaining team Saturday, upsetting second-seeded Stanford, 82-74, in a West Region second-round game. The 10th-seeded Buildogs led for nearly the entire game, outrebound-ing their bigger opponent, 47-33, and holding steady when Stanford tied the game with just over 11 minutes left.

Gonzaga got key 3-pointers from its guards, Matt Santangelo and Quentin Hall. Hall's shot made it 66-57 with 3 minutes and 20 seconds left, shutting the door on Stanford (26-7), which had advanced to the Final Four last season, returned all of its starters and won its first outright conference championship

Just to be sure, the Bulldogs, who never had won an NCAA tournament game, made 13 of 16 free throws in the final two minutes. "The longest two minutes of my basketball life" said Dan

Monson, the Gonzaga coach.

The victory made 10th-seeded Gonzaga, a school of 4,500 students in Spokane, Washington, one of the 16 finalists for the college championship, heady territory for a school that was known mainly in basketball circles only as the school that produced the Utah Jazz star, John Stockton, in the mid-1980s.

The Bulldogs' regional semifinal op-ponent Thursday night in Phoenix will be sixth-seeded Florida. The Gators were taken to overtime by 14th-seeded

least a splash in the tournament, stunning third-seeded North Carolina in the first round behind 36 points from Ar-

Weber State was in position to advance further Saturday when one of its guards. Noel Jackson, was fouled while



seconds left in regulation. But Jackson made only the first and third of his three free throws, leaving the game tied at 68. So Gonzaga left the arena carrying the flag for Western basketball.

Perhaps the man most responsible for felling Stanford was Santangelo, a player the Cardinal's coaches once coveted.

They offered him a scholarship when he was a junior in high school in Portland, Oregon, but they wanted a quick answer. Santangelo held off the impatient Cardinal, saying he needed time to look at other schools. "It was never a questionable de-cision," Santangelo said. "I knew before this game

that it was a good decision." He outplayed Stanford's more heralded point guard, Arthur Lee. Santangelo scored 22 points — making all three of his 3-point tries — and had six rebounds and six assists. Lee scored 24 of Lee. "I looked at it as an oppor-

The Zags gave the fans even more reason to cheer when they hit five 3-pointers while building a 23-10 lead. However, the Cardinal clawed back to

within 34-30 by halftime with the tower :... ing center Tim Young and the ruggeds power forward Mark Madsen leading the way. The Cardinal kept close, finally drawing even at 49 with 11:18 to play in the game.

If there was a time for Gonzaga tofold, this might have been it. Instead: Stanford went without a field goal for the next four minutes, and the Zags grabbed! the lead, this time for good.

Florida 82, Weber State 74 Webert State's Arceneaux put on another en-

Weber State on Saturday, but they survived 32 points from Harold Arceneaux to usher out another team from the West.

Unlike teams from the Pac-10, Weber State of the Big Sky Conference made at least of the second half, although it couldn't pull-away despite taking a 58-53 lead with: just under nine minutes left. In overtime; Billy Donovan, the Florida coach, wentto a zone defense, and Arceneaux scored two points in the extra period.

"Arceneaux might be the best playerthat I've seen this season," Donovan said. "I can see why they call him 'The_ Show.' He's flat-out ridiculous."

In other Western Regional games, in Denver, The Associated Press reported: Connecticut 78, New Mexico 56 Connecticut, the top seed in the West, scored the first 17 points of the game and cruised into the round of 16.

Biorn: 12

Richard Hamilton and Khalid El-Amin each scored 21 points for UConn, which held the Lobos scoreless for the first 7:12. After that, the Huskies seemed content to trade baskets with a New Mexico team that has lost four straight second-round games in the NCAA tournament.

lowa 82, Arkansas 72 Kent McCausland hit five 3-pointers in the second half, and Iowa closed the game with a 23-6 run.

McCausland and Dean Oliver eachscored 17 points for the Hawkeves, who overcame a 13-point deficit to advance to the round of 16 for the third time underreacting to a refereeing decision. their departing coach, Tom Davis.

points in a span of less than three and a

Miami Routs

Nets to Spoil

Marbury Debut

Alonzo Mourning had 25 points and 11 rebounds as the Miami Heat won their 10th straight home game and spoiled Stephon Marbury's debut for New Jersey by beating the Nets, 102-76, on Sunday.

Marbury, acquired from Minnesota on Friday in a three-team deal, led the Nets with 21 points and five assists and

NBA ROUNDUP

played Miami's Tim Hardaway to a virtual standstill. But New Jersey could not match Mourning's inside presence and lost its seventh straight game and 13th in

Mourning came within a rebound of a double-double in the first quarter alone, collecting 12 points and nine rebounds as the Heat took a 25-20 lead.

The New Jersey centers Jayson Williams and Jim McIlvaine were in foul trouble from the start, as Williams picked up two personals in the opening 2:09. By the 4:06 mark of the third quarter, Williams had four fouls and McIlvaine five. Both wound up fouling out.

Pacers 99, Celtics 96 Rik Smits had 14 of his season-high 28 points in the fourth quarter and combined with Reggie Miller to bring Indiana back from a 10point deficit in the final seven minutes as the Pacers defeated visiting Boston.

Indiana trailed, 88-78, before Smits ignited the rally with a basket with 6:36 to go. Miller, who had 19 points, followed with a jumper and a 3-pointer.

Indiana kept the pressure on, but Boston had an answer to nearly every challenge until Travis Best hit a 3-pointer, tying the score 94-94 with 2:44 remain-Smits connected from 14 feet with 26.1 seconds remaining.

In games played Saturday:



The Mavericks' A.C. Green, at his 1,000th game, grabbing the ball ahead of teammate Shawn Bradley.

down nine rebounds as the Jazz trounced the visiting Timberwolves. John Stockton dished out 10 assists.

Hawks 86, Raptors 75 In Atlanta, Alan Henderson scored a season-high 24 points and Steve Smith added 17 as the Hawks beat Toronto.

Mavericke 91, Grizzlies 74 In Dailas, Hubert Davis hit four three-pointers in the fourth quarter to lead the Mavericks, who celebrated forward A.C. Green's extension of his NBA record playing streak to 1,000 consecutive games.

Rockets 100, Cavaliers 89 Hakeem Olajuwon continued his resurgence with 24 points, and Scottie Pippen scored 15 of his 16 points in the second half as Houston beat visiting Cleveland.

Spurs 92, Nuggets 61 In San Antonio, Tim Duncan scored 27 points to lead San Antonio to its seventh straight victory. The 61 points by Denver set a franchise low for points in a game and was

the lowest point total ever scored against San Antonio. Magic 87, Warriors 74 Reserve Darrell Armstrong had 16 points as Orlando ing. The score was tied again at 96 before overcame poor shooting by its starting backcourt to break a three-game losing

streak by winning in Oakland. Trus Blazers 106, Clippers 96 Brian Jazz 99, Timberwolves 72 Karl Grant scored eight points in overtime as Malone scored 25 points and pulled Portland won in Los Angeles.

Duke Takes No Tulsa Prisoners, 97-56 Langdon's 3-pointer four minutes A&M by 41 in its tournament opener later gave Duke a 29-point lead. The

CHARLOTTE, North Carolina -Duke, equipped with the most intimidating offense in America, reminded Tulsa and the rest of the NCAA tournament field Sunday that it hasn't been neglecting its defense.

The top-seeded Blue Devils (34-1), seemingly contesting every dribble, pass and shot, limited the Golden Hurricane to 28 percent first-half shooting en route to a 97-56 rout in the second round of the East Regional of the Natournament.

Duke won its 29th straight game to advance to the round of 16 for the 10th time under Coach Mike Krzyzewski. The team's 34th victory also tied the 1992 national title team for second most in school history as William Avery had 19 points, Elton Brand had 17 and Shane Battier had 14.

Greg Harrington led Tulsa, which turned the ball over 20 times, with 15

Krzyzewski said he wanted to pick up the pace with the return of Dukes' 3point ace, Trajan Langdon, who missed As usual, Duke followed his orders. Duke beat 16th-seeded Florida

Friday and had beaten its last 10 opponents by an average of 31 points a game. Tulsa (23-10), the ninth seed. found out rather quickly it would become the latest victim.

Duke led, 9-8, heading into the first television time-out, but emerged with a 14-0 run after Krzyzewski challenged his crew. Battier, Duke's defensive ace, sank a pair of 3-pointers and added a tip-in to fuel the spurt.

Tulsa, attempting to make the round 16 for the third time in the '90s, then began to show its frustration with the Duke wrecking machine.

By late in the half, the Golden Hurricane big men, Michael Ruffin and Brandon Kurtz, had picked up three fouls each trying to stop Brand and a host of other Blue Devils from getting Duke's initial 14-0 run was part of a

Hurricane down, 39-13, with 6:33 left Coach Bill Self of Tulsa called a pair of 20-second time-outs during the spurt in an attempt to break Duke's mothe last three games with a foot injury. mentum, but he just prolonged the agony as Avery, Brand and Battier combined to

score 34 of Duke's first 36 points.

larger 30-5 run that left the Golden

back in 10 days. Duke settled for a 53-23 halftime lead the 24th time this season the Blue Devils have cracked the 50-point barrier

senior scored 12 points in his first game

by the half. Langdon's 18-footer with 11:52 left gave Duke a 40-point lead. Ruffin. Tulsa's leading scorer, was shut out, going 0-for-3 from the field in 33 minutes.

■ Duke Women's Team Wins

Duke outrebounded Holy Cross, 46-18, and got 18 points from Michele VanGorp in a 79-51 victory in an East Regional NCAA tournament game, The Associated Press reported from Durham, North Carolina

Duke (25-7) generated 21 secondchance points from 15 offensive rebounds while Holy Cross managed only four second-chance points off two offensive rebounds. Georgia Schweitzer added 14 points for Duke, while Hilary Howard contributed nine points and five assists.

The Blue Devils also frustrated Holy Cross star Amy O'Brien, who was 10th nationally in scoring with a 22.5 av-

Dan Monson, the Gonzaga coach,

Flames' 2d Comeback Helps Them Beat Capitals, 5-4

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — The Washington Capitals allowed the Calgary Flames to overcome two separate two-goal deficits - including one that held until 90 seconds remained in regulation - and

claw out an overtime victory.

The Flames won, 5-4, Saturday, to move into a tie with Edmonton for the

NHL ROUNDUP

final playoff berth in the Western Conference, while the Capitals remained nine points behind the Boston Bruins for the final postseason spot in the East Valeri Bure scored the game-winner 3

minutes and 31 seconds into overtime to finish a comeback be started with 90 seconds remaining in regulation. At that point, the Capitals looked in control of the game with a 4-2 lead, but Bure was able to score on his own rebound to put the Flames back in the game.

The Capitals looked uneasy immediately, and center Jeff Shantz gave them

good reason less than a minute later when his goal tied the game at 4-4. It was the second time the teams had done the same dance: Craig Berube and James Black scored in the game's first eight minutes to give Washington a 2-0 lead, an advantage Calgary erased with second-period goals from Hnat Domenichelli and Rene Corbet.

Those goals led Ron Wilson, the Capitals coach, to pull the starting goal-tender, Olaf Kolzig.

But his replacement, Rick Tabaracci. was not able to hold off the Flames any hetter late in the game.

"Everyone in the building thought we were in good shape at 4-2," Brian Bellows of the Capitals said. "All of a sudden it was 4-3, and you could feel things tighten up a little bit. The fourth goal was like a pinball, hitting six guys before it trickled over the line. In overtime it seemed that we regrouped a little bit, but then the next thing you know we've lost the game.

"This one certainly hurt."

reported:

In other games, The Associated Press

Montreal, Sergei Zholtok scored the goahead goal in the second period and Jeff Hackett made 27 saves as the Canadiens beat Toronto. Benoit Brunet, who missed the last four games with a back injury, also scored for the Canadiens. Penguins 4, Flyers 0 Jaromir Jagr scored a goal for his 100th point of the

season and assisted on three others as Pittsburgh beat visiting Philadelphia, extending the Flyers' winless streak to 10 games. Blues 6, Oilers 4 In St. Louis, Craig Conroy had a goal and two assists and Grant Fuhr, the goalie, recorded his 100th victory for St. Louis as the Blues

snapped a four-game losing streak by beating Edmonton. The Blues trailed 4-3 entering the third period, but Mike Eastwood scored from in front 18 seconds into the period to tie the game. Just 3:01 later, Lubos Bartecko scored the game-winner.

twice in a three-goal first period in San Jose as the Sharks beat Ottawa. The Sharks built a 3-0 lead in the first seven. minutes on the goals by Stern and another by Andrei Zynzin, which was just enough.

to hold off a late rally by the Senators.

Kings 3, Canneks 1 lozef Stumpel recorded his third two-goal game of the
season and Donald Audette had a powerplay goal as Los Angeles beat visiting

Coyotes 1, Mighty Ducks 0 in Phoenix. Mike Stapleton scored 1:33 into the second period and Nikolai Khabibulin made 27 saves for his seventh shutout of the season as the Coyotes beat Anaheim. Sabres 3, Bruins 1 In Buffalo, Michal Grosek scored the winning goal and

Dwayne Roloson, the goalie, shut the door as the Buffalo Sabres beat Boston. Panthers 1, Lightning 0 Rob Niedermayer scored a second-period goal and Sean Burke made 24 saves as the Florida. Panthers beat visiting Tampa Bay for the fourth time in as many meetings.

Wells Is Sharp, Wood Is Flat and Garth Brooks Is Out of Tune

David Wells and Kerry Wood made belated spring debuts with very different results. Wells, sidelined by back spasms earlier in the

month, pitched one perfect inning in his first outing since Game 1 of last year of the World Series as the Toronto Blue Jays lost to the Pittsburgh Pirates, 7-5, on Saturday.

to Toronto last month for Roger Clemens. "It doesn't matter if it's preseason or postseason," he said. "The butterflies are there any time you face man to make a trip to the mound. major league hitters."

But Wood, finally recovered from an upper respiratory and gastrointestinal illness that sidelined him for the early part of spring training, couldn't find the plate Saturday as a split Chicago Cubs squad lost to the California Angels, 6-5, in Tempe, Arizona.

"It was good to be out there," he said, still

sweating from his in-game laps across the outfield. popup to short.

"It's been a while."

"You don't want to be out there all day," Wells

Wood, who was Rookie of the Year last year in the National League, allowed three runs and three hits in 11/2 innings, walking two and striking out none. He

SPRING TRAINING

"The adrenaline was pumping out there," said threw to nine batters, and 16 of his 26 pitches were Wells, who was traded from the New York Yankees balls. At one point in the second inning, Wood threw 10

consecutive balls, prompting manager Jim Riggle-"A little out of whack across the body at the end,"

Wood said of his problem. "I was trying to throw strikes. They could have hit me out of the park. I wouldn't have cared." Wells threw only 11 pitches in the sixth inning.

retiring Ivan Cruz on a grounder to second, striking

said. 'My philosophy has always been strike one, strike two and whatever happens, happens,"

Garth Brooks, the country-music singer, continues his adventures in spring training with the San Diego

His misplay contributed to the Padres' 2-1 loss to the Milwankee Brewers.

Brooks, playing left field in the ninth, stepped back, then sprinted forward and fell as a sinking drive by Milwankee's Alex Ochoa fell off his glove. Ochoa was credited with a double and scored moments later on a single to center by Todd Dunn,

giving the Brewers the victory over the split-squad "I feel like I let these gtrys down," said Brooks, hitless in two trips to the plate.

"I dropped that ball in the ninth with two out," he out Brant Brown and getting Al Martin on a weak said "It just kills me."

SPORTS



Lewis on Holyfield Draw: 'I Got Robbed'

By Timothy W. Smith New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Lennox Lewis, fighting a strategically sound fight and dispelling misconceptions about his grit and his heart, and Evander Holyfield, looking like an aging warrior who could no longer summon the spirit and the fortitude to win convincingly, somehow fought to a draw at Madison Square Garden. It wasn't Ali-Prazier I. It was more like

Brinks truck beist perpetrated in front of a stunned, seliout crowd of 21,284. Judge Jean Williams of Atlantic City scored the fight Saturday, 115-113, for Holyfield. Judge Stanley Christodoulou

of South Africa scored the bout, 116-113, for Lewis, and Judge Larry O'Connell of Britain scored it 115-115. O'Connell scored six of the last seven rounds for Holyfield and had the 10th round even. The decision was one of the worst in

As a result of the draw, Holyfield (36-3-1) keeps his World Boxing Associ-

ation titles, and Lewis (34-1-1) keeps his was my time to shine and they ripped me off." "I feel like the champ," Holyfield said. "I can't fight and score. People

around the ring are not the judges." Lewis and his camp were thoroughly disgusted by the decision. And the crowd booed derisively as the decision was read. "I got robbed," Lewis said. "I controlled the whole fight." And with that, Lewis left the ring in disgust. Lewis's promoter, Panos Eliades, said:

"Forget the rematch. It was a fix." It was the kind of decision that will hurt boxing as much as Mike Tyson biting Holyfield's ears in 1997. The buildup to this bout was tremendous, luring nonboxing fans to a spectacular event only to have them see the outcome altered by questionable scoring.
"It wasn't even close," said Emanuel

Steward, Lewis's trainer. "This is what The decision was one or use works are cent memory, particularly in light of the magnitude of the fight — for the had calmed down a bit, Lewis said he was very disappointed with the de-

"I am the undisputed heavyweight champion of the world," he said. "What you saw in there was called politics. It

It was a wholly unsatisfying outcome for all involved, except the promoter Don King, who gets to try to make it happen all over again, if the public for-gives him for this fiasco.

Roy Jones Jr., the World Boxing Association and World Boxing Council light heavyweight champion, serving as a commentator on the U.S. pay-per-view telecast, said he was "ashamed" after hearing the verdict.

"It's totally unfair," Jones said. Lennox Lewis did not lose, and it was not a draw.'

Lewis was the much busier fighter during the 12 rounds. He connected on 348 of 613 punches, while Holyfield landed just 130 of 385. Holyfield had six rounds where he landed in single digits

The fight certainly got off to a rousing start. Lewis, who was born in London to Jamaican parents but moved to Canada as a child, was trying to become the first British-born heavyweight champion since Bob Fitzsimmons held the title

Lewis, in his red trunks trimmed in

gold and green, entered the ring to the reggae music of Bob Marley, while-Holyfield entered to gospel music. For the first two minutes of Round 1,

Holyfield didn't land a punch as Lewis kept him at bay with a pawing jab.
Holyfield, who landed just 8 of 24. punches in the first two rounds, came

alive in the third — the round he had, predicted he would knock Lewis out in In the fifth round, Lewis landed a big, right hand on the top of Holyfield's head as he was spinning away, and then he pinned Holyfield on the ropes and caught him with some big uppercuts... Holyfield lay on the ropes for 45 seconds;

without throwing a punch. Near the end of the sixth round, Lewis popped three stiff jabs in Holyfield's. face. They were his snappiest jabs of the

Midway through the 12th and final round, a chant of "Lewis! Lewis!" went up from the crowd. As he clutched with, Holyfield in the waning seconds, Lewis : raised his right hand triumphantly. And the O'Jay's song "Gotta Give the People What They Want" began blaring. On. this ignominious night, no one got what they wanted, least of all Lennox Lewis.

Paris-Nice Tests Cycling's Popularity

By Samuel Abt

TICE - The usual crowd of sporting types was active on and around the Promenade des Anglais here Sunday morning, reveling in the hot sun - joggers, in-line skaters, recreational bikers, strollers, all-weather swimmers and skateboarders.

The 105 remaining riders of the 128 who started the Paris-Nice race a week ago were there, too. The sky was a pure olue except for vapor trails leading to Nice's airport, the mimosa is in flower. the hills in the backcountry are covered with lavender, and the Mediterranean

laps politely at the peobled beach. The lark's on the wing, the snail's on the thorn, all's right with the world - or

. After the first major multiday race of the season, what conclusions can be crowds," he said. "The last day is usudrawn about the popularity of professional bicycle racing after a drug scandal nearly scuttled the Tour de France last year? Are fans still turning out in big numbers, or are they staying away, disillusioned to learn that illegal performance-enhancing drugs are taken not only by marginal riders, as was long the common wisdom, but also by members of the sport's formerly top-ranked team,

"'It's a little bit calmer' would be the most positive way to put it," said Chris, especially after the findhed second Sat-

omenading, or at least weaving slowly on his bicycle, on the Promenade des Anglais. The leader of the Credit Agricole team said he did not believe there was any backlash among spectators. "I think the Festina affair's got nothing to

do with it really," he said. "Obviously, the race is missing one or two really big names," he continued.

We need the big names." Many top riders and teams shunned this 66th Paris-Nice in a continuing protest over the French police crackdown in the Tour and are competing instead in the concurrent Tirreno-Adriatico race in Italy.

Axel Merckx, a Belgian with Mapei who was in his fourth Paris-Nice, said the fan numbers were the same this year

"Usually, there aren't many big ally the biggest, maybe because it's Sunday." The start and finish areas in Nice were thronged, as they have rarely been during the week

"And look at how popular Virenque is," Merckx added. "You can't say the sport has lost any of its popularity.

Richard Virenque, the former leader of Festina and a controversial figure in France because, almost alone on the team, he has not admitted using drugs, has indeed remained the fans' darling,

Boardman, an authentic Englishman urday in the major mountain stage of the "The only name you saw painted on

all the roads was Virenque's," noted Frankie Andreu, an American with U.S. Postal Service. "I don't know about the sport itself, but you can't say he's lost any popularity.

Virenque finished the race in a surprisingly strong 14th place.

The winner, adding his name to a list that includes such recent champions as Sean Kelly, Miguel Indurain, Tony Rominger and Laurent Jalabert, was Michael Boogerd, 26, the Dutch leader of the Rabobank team. His teammate, Markus Zberg, a Swiss with Rabobank, was second and Santiago Botero, a Colombian with Kelme, was third.

Last year's winner, Frank Vandenbroucke, a Belgian who leads Cofidis, was fourth, ahead of two other Rabobank riders: Marc Waughters, a Belgian, in fifth place and Maarten den Bakker, a Dutchman, in sixth place. Vandenbroucke had the bad luck to see his rear tire puncture while nearly the entire eight-man Rabobank team was leading an attack on the second stage

By the time he replaced the tire, Vandenbroucke had lost nearly two minutes and the race. Although he won the big climb Saturday to salvage some



Michael Boogerd riding Sunday in Boogerd was the overall winner.

seconds behind the Dutchman.

Everybody gets a chance to settle accounts in the next big race, the Milan-San Remo one-day classic on Saturday. honor, he was unable to shake Boogerd Perhaps the crowds in Italy will be big-and finished overall 2 minutes and 13, ger than they were here.

Moya Takes Over as No. 1 Graf Loses a Final for First Time Since '94 pounded out 35 winners while Graf had.

By Robin Finn New York Times Service

INDIAN WELLS, California -- It took a little bit of prayer and a lot of topspin, but Carlos Moya became the first Spaniard to attain the No. 1 ranking in men's tennis.

With the desert sun serving as a natural spotlight Saturday, Moya replaced the slumping Pete Sampras at the top of the standing when he beat Gustavo Kuerten, 6-3, 1-6, 6-1, to reach the final of the Newsweek Champions Cup. 'It's good to be king," Moya said.

His history-making semifinal victory was followed by another bravura breakthrough. Serena Williams, 17, stormed to her second consecutive title, and collected \$200,000, by ousting the two-time champion Steffi Graf, 6-3, 3-6, 7-5, in the final of the Evert Cup.

"I know I can win the big ones now," said Williams, who is unbeaten in her the final stage of the Paris-Nice. last 11 matches. "That's enough to win a

Williams had bragged of possessing the best forehand on the tour, and Saturday, despite falling behind a service break after the first game of the third set, she used it, along with nine aces, to deny the 29-year-old Graf a 107th career title. Graf made it clear that Williams, who

72-65-67-73--727

68-66-67-76-277

67-67-69-70-273

just 11. deserved the title for being the. more aggressive player.

"She was just going for her shots more than I did, and that was the difference at the end," said Graf, who sut: rendered her third-set service break with. a netted backhand in the eighth game. Serving at 5-6, Graf plopped a forehand into the net to set up double match point. for Williams, then soared a forehand, long to give Williams her second title inas many finals. Graf had not lost a final. since the 1994 U.S. Open.

After his victory, Moya proclaimed himself not just the king of the world computer ranking, but the king of the world -- "at least for a week," said Moya, a self-described lazybones from Majorca who does his share of Walter Mitty fantasizing and has even dreamed his way into a Wimbledon final.

"I was the king of clay, and now I've been king of the world," said Moya, 22. Moya had been worn to a frazzle by Kuerten in their four previous meetings, all of them contested on clay, but on Saturday, with everything at stake, Moya achieved his ultimate goal on his. first attempt. "I had motivation to be the best Spanish player, and the No. 1," he said. "The world works like that. When

I have a goal, I get there."

EXHIBITION BASEBALL FRIDAY RESULTS Contens City (sa) 7, Florido (sa) 5
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NIT TOURNAMENT WOMEN

ICEHOCKEY

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N.Y. Rangers

1st Perz, B-Heinze 14 (Khristich, Timonder) 29 Perz, N.Y. Groves 22 (Leetch, Nedved) 34 Perz, N.Y. Kruble 14 (Methotro) 4, B., Allison 25 (Thombon 15, N.Y. Murcleon 24 (Methotro) 7, N.Y. MacLeon 25 (Methotro) 7, N.Y. MacLeon 25 (Schweider) 9, B-Carler 13 (Thombon McLaren) 9, B-Carler 14, Stets on goet: B-10-14-14-38, N.Y.- 14-18-12-44,

Calcage

1 2-3 Netswille

14 Perz, N. Wolfer 12 (Bostoleous, Filz-

Dellies 6 2 2—4
1st Petr None, 2d Petr D-Andeino 29 (Longenbronner, Lehlinsen) 2, D-Hriton 9 (Kenne,
GAfenshari) 3d Petr D-Nicoteanniyk 19
Clubon) 4, D-Nicoteanniyk 19
Clubon) 4, D-Nicoteanniyk 19
Clubon) 4, D-Nicoteanniyk 20 (Betk Verbook)
Shots en gent: A-10-9-8—27, D-9-14-11—34
Gordlers A-Hobert, Roussel, D-Betbur,
Detroit 8 8 8—8
Step Lene.

St. Lustin 12 3—6

yel Per: SL.—Pronger 11 (Turgeon, Young) (pp). 2 E-Hamritt 6 (Weight) 2 E-Hamritt 7 (Falioon, Bettmet) (pp). 28 Per: E-Guerfin 28 (Lindgran, Weight) 5 SL.—Bergavin 1 (Consoy) 6 SL.—Conroy 14 (Pellerin) (sti). 7, E-Bercaust 18 (Lindgran) 32 Per: SL.—Sextwood 18 (Longran) 34 Per: SL.—Sextwood 18 (Longran) 10, SL.—Hamdins 4 (Demitra, Picard) 10, SL.—Demitra 28 (Picard) Statis on goal: E-7-9-12—28 SL.—8-15-8—31.

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18 2 Assessment 8 2 8—2 1st Perz. Nome. 2d Perz. M.-Brunet 14 (Lechance, Damphousse) (pp). 2. T. Bohones 3 (Sundin, Domi) 3, Mr. Zholiok 7 (Pamphousse, Midalkhon) (pp). 3d Perz. Nome. Shots on goet: Tr-6-17-11—28. Al- 13-12.6—21 (Berling Y. Lechance)

Black ?? (Swejkovsky, Ganchar) 26 Pers Commendehall 2 (Cassels Housley) (pp).4 Corbet 11 (Housley, Shants) 34 Pers W Odies 12 (Reción) & W-Will? (Nillotistim) 7.
C-Bure 18, B. C-Shotinz 13 (Flousiey)
Overfisse 9. C-Bure 17 (Sillinger) Shots en
yout C-3-14-9-1-27, W-11-11-13-0-35.
Timapo Buy
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1st Pers Nope. 2d Pers F-Niedermayer 17
(Melloniny, Lindson) 3d Pers None, Shats on
yeat 7-3-10-11-24, F-16-6-11-33, Geoffes:
T-Schwoh, Ranford, F-Surka.

pen) 34 Pers 0, 20 Pers P-Stoppinguni o treasura-pen) 34 Pers 0, Shots on good: A-4-11-12—27. P-7-10-5—27. Goodies: A-Hebert. P-Khobibolin.

7-105—22. Games: A-Hesert. P-Riconost. Vancauser 8 8 8 1—1 Las Angeles. 1 1 1—3 1st Per: LA_Siumpel 11 (Permit, Andelto) 2d Per: LA_Audelte 14 (Boother, Blake) (pp). 3d Pers: V-Nosiumd 34 (Aucolin, Ohiund) 4. LA_Stumpel 12, Shots on gent: V-

Weekes, L.A.-Finet.
Offinite I I 6—2
Stan Jose
1st Petr.: S.J.-Stern 6 (Ricci, Sturm) 2, San
Jose, Zyuzin 3 (Nolan, Kombyat) 3, S.L.-Stern
7 (Ragnessson) 4, O-Yoshin 38 (Alf-redison,
York) (pp), 28 Petr.: O-Prospet 7 (Dolple,
Burlsnyer) 34 Petr.: None, Shots on goal: O10-13-11—36, S.J.- 17-4-5—20.

CRICKET PAKSETAN VIL SIRI LANKA

MEW ZIALAND VS. SOUTH AFRICA SECOND TEST, FOURTH DAY SUNDAY IN CHRISTCHURCH

West Indies: 106-4

CYCLING

lating parent liter.

1. Ton Steets, Belg., Marpei 4 h., 6 m., 41 5.

2. Hardit Margcher, Austrie, Soeca, s.t.

3. Genn Magnusson, Swe, US Pestali s.t.

4. Jo Planckoert, Belgium, Lotte, s.t.

is konstane Brasi, Italy, Politi, s.1.

9. Massimiliano Mari, Italy, Saeca, s.1.

10. Guide Treati, Italy, Cardino Tollo s.1.

cWMBAALLI 1. Michael Boogert, Nether-lands, Rabobank 36,04.13 sec.; 2. Marians

Deeg, Switz. Rabobank of 57 sec.; 3. San-flago Botern, Colombia, Keime 1:38; 4. Franck

Vanderbroucke, Belgism, Orbids 2:16; 5.

Mary Wander, Rabistan, Dubbatait 2:17; 4.

GOLF TOKEN CORP. CUP

meter), par-72 Kedom Golf Club course in western Jacans 72-65-69-67-273

Shigeki Maruyama Shigeki Maruyama Hirofunsi Miyase Tsuneyuki Nakajima Tadashi Ezure Taichi Tashima Selid Okuda

Masters-Open Andalucia played on 6742 yard, per 72 course in Malage, Spaks: M. Angel Jimenez, Sp. 69-66-62-67—264 yeard, par /2 course in weeks, specific M. Angel Jitnensez, Sp. 69-66-62-67-264 Steve Webstler, Eng. Rephicel Jocquelin, Fr. 71-67-66-65-268 Maric Farry, France, 69-67-66-69-271 Frederick Lindgren, Swe. 67-66-69-271 Alex Celks, Germany P-U. Johansson, Swe. 71-65-67-69-772 Therense Genela, Swe. 48-46-48-89-272

67-67-69-70—273 70-69-67-68—224 73-65-68-68—274 68-68-69-224 67-67-70-70—274 67-67-69-71—274 RUGBYUNION

SUPER 12 Chago 46. Western Statutes 14 Queensland 19, ACT 18 New South Waters 36, Waltanto 30 Wellington 37, Northern Bulls 18 Golden Cats 20, Coastal Shorks 36

WORLD CUP QUALIFYING REPLOKAGE

Netherlands 31, South Koreo 30

WORLD CUP FINALS PRIDAY MORT IN SERRA NEWADA, SPAIN WOSHEN'S SLALOM Organizars issued off second leg of due to

recest:

1. Sabine Egger, Austria. 425 points

2. Pernillia Wiberg, Sweden, 415

3. Anja Paesson, Sweden, 374

4. Trina Bakka, Norway, 335 ing Koznick U.S., 265

SATURDAY IN BERRA NEVADA, SPAIN

Thomas Stangessinger, Austrio. I initiate SLA4 seconds
 Kjeff Andre Aamodi, Norwy, 1:50,67
 Marco Cosanova, Switzerland. 1:51,69
 Didger Planchy, Switzerland. 1:51,65
 Christian Hayer, Austrio, 1:52,64
 Fabricia Tescati, Italy, 1:52,65
 Ole Cartistian Ferrasett, Norway, 1:52,67
 Martines Ebarto, Georges, Norway, 1:52,67
 Martines Ebarto, Georges, 1:50

points 2. Jure Kosler, Slovenik, 415: 3. Jagge, 386; 4. Pierrick, Bourgeat, France, 363; 5. Aansodt, 363; 6. Ansiez, 312: 7. Benjamin Roich Austria, 260; 8. Plaschy, 232; 9. Mi-chael Von Gruenigen, Switzerland, 222: 10. Tom Stiensen, Norway, 209.

SUNDAY IN SIERRA NEVADA MEN'S OLANT SLALOSI 1. Michoel Von Gruenigen, Switze Ininutes, 4.73 seconds 2. Steve Locher, Switzerland, 2:04.40

FORAL GIANT SLALON STAN (after 8 reces): 1. Von Grueniger. 483 points; 2. Eberhorter, 410; 3. Hermann Moles, Austria, 371; 4. Agmodt. 335; 5. Christian Moyer, Austria, 297; 6. Benjansin Raich, Aus-

Adayer, Austria. 297; 6. Bertjarein Ralch, Austria. 286; 7. Hores Knauss, Austria. 281; 8. Paritick Holzer, Italy. 276; 9. Buechel, 218; 10. Steve Locker, Switzerland, 217. FINAL OVIENALL STANDINGS (after 20 onesting); 1. Klys. 1,465; 2. Aemodi, 1,462; 2. Majer, 1,307; 4. Eberharter, 1,079; 5. Knauss, 912; 6. Andreas Schifferer, Austria. 600; 7. Marez, 764; 8. Van Grusenings. 716; 9.

SOCCER

Empos 0 Lozio 0
Piocenza 2 Coglieri 0
Satendhora 2 Sempdorio 0
Venezio 4 Fiorentino 1
Vicenza 3 Perugio 0
Inter Mista 2: AC Misto 2
Partea 2: Bort 1
Juventus 2: Udinese 1
AS Romo 3: Bologna 1
STOLESTINO 3: Bologna 35: Venezio 31: Bort 30: Cogliani 20: Perugia 28: Vicenzio 31: Bort 30: Cogliani 20: Perugia 28: Vicenzio 25: Vicenzio 25: Selemboro 25: Empoli *16
"Empoli deducted two polets tar attempted martich fielog.

march 1909.

Buttell Paker Division

Twente Enschede B, Rodo JC Kerland
Willen II Tabury 2 Grandschap Doeshir Heerenveen 2 RKC Wantwift 0
PSV Eindhoven 3 Cambium Leoward
Spake Rottendam 1 Villesse Arnhem 3
Ultricht 2 AZ Altmaur 2
Sexampanage - Ferengon 55

Tilburg 40; Enschede 40; Heerenveen 39; Al-kanear 38; Utrecht 30; Nijmegen 29; Fortuna Stillard 21; Maustricht 22; Leeuwarden 22; Doesinchem 22; Sporta Rotterdam 10; Breda 14; Waalwijk 12. 14: Woolwelk 12.

Med-Liste PREAMER MAGNET

Middlesbrough 3. Southemapton 0

Chalase 0, West Horn Unified

Coversity City 1, Blockborn Rovers 1

Derby County 2, Liverpool 2

Everton 0, Assand 2

Lefcaster City 1, Chariton Adhletic 1

Newcoste Unified 1, Atonchester Unified

Sheffield Wednesday 0, Leeds Unified 2

54: Chaiseo 53: Leeds 51; Aston Vito 44: Darter 44: West Hom 43: Wimbledon 40; Liv-

OSEMAN FIRST Dryktom Eighnicht Frenkfurt 1, Herten Barin 1 Werder Bremen Q. VfL. Wolfsburg 1 Scholie 04 2, VfL. Bochum 2 ich 1. VIB Str Hamburg SV 0. Bayern Munich 2 Bor. Moenchenglabbach 0, MSV Dukburg 2 Borussio Dortmund 1, Bayer Leverkusen 0 SC Freiburg 3, Hansa Zostock 0 SC. PRINTING 3, Hombit Rostock 0
ertailustries: Bayer Munich 56 points:
Kaiseralastern 42: Leverlassen 41; Dortmund
35; 1860 Munich 37; Wolfsburg 35; Herfin
Berlin 35; Stotigant 27: Freiburg 27; Duisburg
26; Bremen 25; Hombirg 25; Schalte 04 23;
Bachum 27; Franktart 19; Neremberg 19;
Rostock 17; Bor. Moenchenglotboch 14.

SCOTTSR CUP

Rangers 2, Motherwell 1 St Johnstone C, Kilmamock 1 SPANISH FIRST DIVISION ivo Coruna 2 Tenerife a

Atletics Modrid 1 Mallorca 2 Partne Sentender 1 Real Modeld 3 STANDINGON: Barcelona 47 p cia 46; Vigo 45; Mallora 45; Cor Old at Vigila (1) Sociedod 38: Zarogaza 34: Oviedo 34: Belts 34: Atletico Modrid 33: 1 Valladolid 33: Santander 32: Espanyol 32:

U.S. CEP 199

TENNIS

MEWPAWTEK CHAMPHONES COP

BY STOAM WELLS, CALF.

CLAST ERPRALE

Chris Woodroff, U.S., def. Ten Hermann (7),

Bribin, 6-1, 1-4, 7-5.

Gustavo Kaetien, Brazil, def. RichantKroßcek (6), Netherlands. 6-4, 6-4.

Corios Moya (4), Spain, def. Korol Kucaru
(12), Slovatida, 6-4, 6-4.

Marth Philippoussis, Australia, def. Todd

Marth Philippoussis, Australia, def. Todd

Marth Philippoussis, Australia, def. Todd

Martin (71), U.S., 3-6, 7-5 (6-1). Moye def. Kuerten 6-3, 1-4, 6-1.

TRANSITIONS BASEBALL

MAKEN ESOTA—Traded G Stephon Marbury, T F BIII Clarky, G Chris Contrand G Etitol Perry to

Figure 1999 1st-round draft pick and de-learns, 1999 1st-round draft pick and de-unitsclosed draft pick. New Jersey trades G-Sam Caysel and F Chris Galling and Min-nesatic sends F Paul Grant to Milhampike Bucks with G Terrell Brandon going to Min-

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Merald Tribune

A Century for Lara

CRICKET Brian Lara revived his own career and the West Indies' fortunes with a brilliant century against Australia in the second test on Sunday in Kingston, Jamaica.

After a slow start with his team struggling to avert another disastrous batting display, Lara hit an unbeaten 113 as West Indies reached 227 for four at tea on the

second day in reply to Australia's first innings 256.
At that stage, Lara and Jimmy Adams (46 not out) had shared an unbroken partnership of 171.

In an absorbing afternoon of play. Lara, the world record holder of the highest test and first-class scores, took on possibly the world's best fast bowler, Glenn McGrath, and spinner. Shane Warne - and he won. It was Lara's first test century since June 1977, against Sri

Akram Repeats Hat Trick

CRICKET Wasim Akram, the Pakistan fast bowler, took Sri Lankan wickets with three consecutive deliveries Sunday to become the first man to take hat tricks in successive tests. Akram's bowling helped cement Pakistan's grip on the Asian Test Championship final on the third day in Dhaka.

Pakistan made 594 all out in its first innings. Ijaz Ahmed hit 211, and Inzamam Haq made 200 not out. Sri Lanka made nine runs for three wickets in its second innings to close 353 runs behind. Akram achieved his first test hat trick in the preceding Asian Test Championship match, also against Sri Lanka, in Lahore.

Jimenez Retains Title

GOLF Miguel Angel Jimenez holed bunker shots on the 10th and 14th holes Sunday as he retained his Turespana Masters title in Malaga, Spain. The Spaniard hit a five-under 67 for a total of 264 to finish four strokes ahead of Steve Webster of England, who shot 66 and trailed by one stroke before Jimenez eagled the 14th. (AFP)

Rodman Takes His Leave

BASKETBALL Dennis Rodman is

taking an indefinite leave from the Los Angeles Lakers for personal reasons, the team said Sunday. Rodman missed practice Saturday and the team's flight to Sac-

ramento for a game Sunday. 'He's got nonbasketball personal issues he's attending to," said Tom Savage, a team spokesman. Savage said that Rodman had not

specified what the issues were.

Rodman, accompanied by two bodyguards, arrived at the Lakers' training site Saturday as practice was ending. He had a brief conversation with Kurt Rambis, the coach, and then drove off in his white Mercedes-Benz.

WORLD ROUNDUP Fiorentina Sinks in Venice As Recoba Strikes Twice

Lazio Draws, 0-0, at Empoli but Increases Its Lead

Alvaro Recoba curled in two free kicks before

halftime and added another late goal Sunday as Venezia upset Fiorentina, 4-1, spoiling Gabriel Batistuta's return to Serie A action.

Fiorentina slipped further behind the Italian league leader, Lazio, which also struggled on the road. It drew, 0-0, at Empoli, which is in last place

Recoba, a Uruguayan who had only three goals all season before Sunday, tallied in the 18th minute

EUROPEAN SOCCER

and again in injury time at the end of each half for host Venezia, which rose to 10th place.

Venezia controlled the pace and won for the third time in four outings. Recoba's first goal came from 20 meters, on a shot that left the Fiorentina goalkeeper, Francesco Toldo, frozen as the ball nestied into the upper corner.

After the rookie midfielder Salvatore Miceli made it 2-0 in the 42d with his first career goal, the left-footed Recobs again fooled Toldo, firing in a second free kick from a difficult angle. He wrapped up his hat trick by stealing the ball from the defender Giuliano Falcone and dribbling along the goal line before scoring. Batistuta looked rusty and was taken off after 66 minutes.

The defeat left Fiorentina five points behind Lazio and level with Parma and AC Milan, which both played Saturday. Parma beat Bari, 2-1, while Milan drew, 2-2, with its chief rival, Inter Milan.

ENGLAND Middlesbrough halted its slide toward another relegation struggle with a 3-0 victory Sun-day over next-to-last Southampton in the Premier League. The Danish striker Mikkel Beck and the Colombian forward Hamilton Ricard scored twice within a minute just before halftime, and the defender Steve Vickers added a third in the second half as Middlesbrough ended a nine-game winless streak by climbing two places to 12th in the 20-

On Saturday, Andy Cole scored twice against his former club, Newcastle, as Manchester United came from behind to win, 2-1, and maintain its lead

in the league. Arsenal, the defending champion, won, 2-0, at Everton as both teams finished with 10 men. Emmanuel Petit, an Arsenal midfielder who had just returned from injury, received a red card after two dangerous tackles on Olivier Dacourt. Chelsea, which is in third place, lost ground after it lost at home for the first time in the league this season. It was beaten, 1-0, by its London rival, West Ham.

GERMANY The Chinese striker Chen Yang

scored in the 73d minute to salvage a 1-1 draw for Eintracht Frankfurt against Hertha Berlin in a Bundesliga game Sunday. Yang hit the crossbar in the 36th minute with a header, but it was Hertha that went ahead in the 59th on a goal by Eyjolfur

On Saturday, Bayern Munich recorded its seventh successive shutout in the Bundesliga when it beat Hamburg, 2-0. But the victory could prove costly for Bayern, which plays Kaiserslautern in the second leg of a European Champions League quarterfinal on Wednesday. Giovane Elber, the Bundesliga's top scorer with

13 goals, was injured just before the half in a collision with Hans-Joerg Butt, the Hamburg goalie. The injury, which Munich officials suspect is a torn ligament, may end the season for the Brazilian.

SPAIN Rivaldo scored twice in the first half and Patrick Kluivert added an insurance goal to give Barcelona a 3-0 victory over Espanyol on Sunday to stay four points ahead of Valencia at the top of the Spanish first division.

The Brazilian's first goal came in the 16th minute on a wild, bouncing shot that hit the crossbar and dropped straight down. Rivaldo converted a penalty in the 29th after Jose Rojo was called for grabbing Kluivert. Kluivert made it 3-0 in the 52d minute by using his chest to control a pass from Luis Figo. He then slammed it home with his left foot while falling down backward.



Alvaro Recoba curling a free kick over Fiorentina's defensive wall to score for Venezia.

The victory gave Barcelona 50 points, four more consolation goal for Sparta.

an second-place Valencia, which beat Betis, 1-0, On Saturday, PSV Eindhoven continued its late. than second-place Valencia, which beat Betis, 1-0,

In other games, Turu Flores and Djalma Feitosa led Deportivo la Coruna to a 2-0 victory over Tenerife; Villarreal and Oviedo played to a scoreless tie, as did Valladolid and Real Sociedad, and Athletic Bilbao beat Salamanca, 1-0. Extremadura defeated Alaves by the same score.

NETHERLANDS Second-place Vitesse Arnhem

closed the gap on the Dutch first-division leaders. Feyenoord, to eight points by beating Sparta Rot-terdam, 3-1, on Sunday. But Feyenoord, which did not play this weekend, has two games in hand.

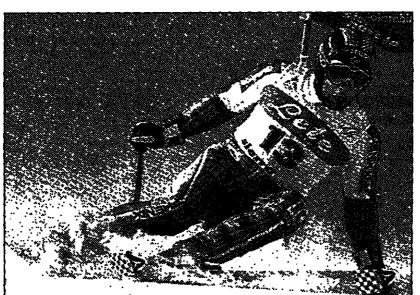
Vitesse had the match won by the 37th minute after goals by Dejan Curovic, Arco Jochemsen and Nikos Machlas. Dennis Krijgsman scored a late third-round match Saturday. (AP. Reuters, AFP)

season surge with a 3-0 victory over Cambuur. FRANCE Nantes beat Metz, 3-1, in the French Cup third round Sunday to become the only first-

division survivors in the competition. Olivier Monterrubio put Nantes in front in the 33d minute. Under pressure from the defender Jeff Strasser on the left, he lobbed a shot over the head of Metz's goalkeeper, Lionel Letizi. The midfielder Nicolas Savinand doubled the tally two minutes

after the half. Second-division Nimes won, 2-0, at fifth-division St-Georges-les-Ancizes in the day's other Cup match. Second-division Laval upset the league champion, Lens, 4-2, after a penalty shoot-out in a

Kjus Edges Childhood Friend Aamodt to Win His 2d World Cup



Lasse Kjus of Norway hitting a gate Sunday in the final giant slalom of the season in Sierra Nevada, Spain. He finished seventh in the event.

The Associated Press

SIERRA NEVADA, Spain - Lasse Kjus, edging out his childhood friend Andre Kjetil Aamodt by a scant 23 points, added his second overall World

giant slalom Sunday in a combined time 483 points to 410 for Austrian Stephan pressure in the second run because I had for two runs of 2 minutes 5.48 seconds Eberharter and 371 for defending chammade so many mistakes on the first. But and gained 36 points to bring his total for pion Maier. the World Cup season in the four Alpine disciplines to 1,465. It was enough to beat Aamodt, the overall winner in 1994. Aarnodt clocked 2:05.13 for fifth place, bringing him 45 points and a season finish of 1,442 — the closest men's

overall finish of the decade. The Norwegian's victory ended a relatively unsuccessful season for the Austrian men. After sweeping all five titles last season, they got a super-G title from Hermann Maier and a slalom title from Thomas Stangassinger, at 33 the oldest

overall and the downhill.

Sunday's giant slalom also determined Europe's southernmost ski resort. the discipline championship. Michael Von Gruenigen of Switzerland won the race and, with it, the season title.

Cup title Sunday to an unprecedented haul of five medals in the Worlds a month ago.

Kjus, a Norwegian who won the overall crown in 1996, finished seventh in the all crown in 1996, finished seventh in the state and with the season in the state of the two when Marc Girardelli edged Aamodf by runs in 2:04.33. His countryman Steve S2 points.

Locher took scoon overall the two when Marc Girardelli edged Aamodf by runs in 2:04.40, with Heinz Scholkengger of Austrian Stevenshall the season with the season of the state of the

Maier, who said be aggravated a back injury in Saturday's slalom and needed two painkiller injections to ski Sunday, went out five gates from the finish on the first leg, losing his right ski after missing

a tight gate. The women's World Cup was dominated by the Austrians, who won all five the two as children. Entering the final titles. Alexandra Meissnitzer won the overall, downhill and super-G with Renate Goetschl taking downhill and Sabine Egger the crystal globe in slalom. Meissnitzer cinched her super-G title - and skier on the circuit. Kjus won both the Egger her slalom - when those two races

were canceled by high winds and snow in

Under the present scoring system begun in the 1991-92 season, the closest men's finish before Sunday was in 1993

made so many mistakes on the first. But I risked it all because I had to Aamodt, who looked up the hill de

ectedly as Kjus was surrounded by friends and reporters, said Kjus deserved the victory. 'Lasse has been the best all these year,' Aamodt said. "I like to, fight him to the last gate. Aamodt's father, Finn, began training

race, he trailed Kjus by 32 points.

"After Lasse's poor first run, I began to believe I had a chance," Asmodt said. "But I knew after I finished my second run I would not win because my second run was not good enough."



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